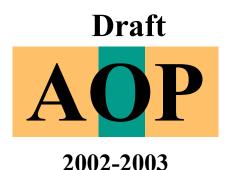


Northwestern Division Missouri River Basin Water Management Division



# Missouri River Mainstem System

# 2002-2003 Annual Operating Plan



Annual Operating Plan Process
50 Years Serving the Misssouri River Basin

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY



NORTHWESTERN DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 12565 WEST CENTER ROAD OMAHA, NEBRASKA 68144-3869

This Draft Annual Operating Plan (AOP) presents pertinent information regarding water management in the Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir System (System) for the remainder of 2002 through December 2003. The information provided in this AOP is based upon water management guidelines designed to meet the operational objectives of the existing Missouri River Master Water Control Manual. These guidelines are applied to computer simulations of System operation assuming five statistically derived inflow scenarios based on an analysis of water supply records from 1898 to 1997. This approach provides a good range of water management simulations for dry, average, and wet conditions, and eliminates the need to forecast future precipitation, which is very difficult. The AOP information provides a framework for the development of detailed monthly, weekly, and daily regulation schedules for the System's six individual dams during the upcoming year to serve its Congressionally authorized project purposes. System water management is provided by my staff at the Missouri River Basin Water Management Division, Northwestern Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers located in Omaha, Nebraska.

Two separate documents will also be available by the end of the calendar year entitled: "System Description and Operation" and "Summary of Actual 2001-2002 Operations." To receive copies of those documents you can contact the Missouri River Basin Water Management Division at 12565 West Center Road, Omaha, Nebraska 68144-3869, phone (402) 697-2676. Both reports are also available at the "Reports and Publications" link on our web site at: www.nwd.usace.army.mil/rcc.

Public meetings to discuss this Draft AOP will be held at Bismarck, North Dakota on October 15, 2002, at Omaha, Nebraska on October 16, 2002, and at Jefferson City, Missouri on October 17, 2002. The primary purpose of these meetings is to present a synopsis of the Draft AOP and to allow those in attendance to make comments in person to Corps of Engineers staff. Comments can also be provided in writing to the Missouri River Basin Water Management Division at 12565 West Center Road, Omaha, Nebraska 68144-3869. We ask that any comments be provided by November 15, 2002. The Final AOP is scheduled for publication in early January 2003. Copies of the written comments and a report on the comments received at the three public meetings will be available upon request at that time.

I thank you for your interest in the operation of the Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir System. With your help, I trust we can ensure that the System is operated for all Congressionally authorized project purposes, and meets the contemporary needs of the people who benefit from it.

David A. Fastabend

Brigadier General, Corps of Engineers

Paila Fartel

**Division Engineer** 

## MISSOURI RIVER MAINSTEM RESERVOIR SYSTEM

# Annual Operating Plan 2002-2003

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#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

AOP - annual operating plan

ac.ft. - acre-feet AF - acre-feet B - Billion

cfs - cubic feet per second COE - Corps of Engineers

CY - calendar year (January 1 to December 31)

elev - elevation ft - feet

FY - fiscal year (October 1 to September 30)

GIS - Geographic Information System

GWh - gigawatt hour KAF - 1,000 acre-feet

Kcfs - 1,000 cubic feet per second

kW - kilowatt kWh - kilowatt hour M - million

MAF - million acre-feet

MRBA - Missouri River Basin Association

MRNRC - Missouri River Natural Resources Committee

msl - mean sea level
MW - megawatt
MWh - megawatt hour
plover - piping plover
pp - powerplant

RCC - Reservoir Control Center

RM - river mile

tern - interior least tern

tw - tailwater

USGS - United States Geological Survey

yr - year

#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

Acre-foot (AF, ac-ft) is the quantity of water required to cover 1 acre to a depth of 1 foot and is equivalent to 43,560 cubic feet or 325,850 gallons.

<u>Cubic foot per second</u> (cfs) is the rate of discharge representing a volume of 1 cubic foot passing a given point during 1 second and is equivalent to approximately 7.48 gallons per second or 448.8 gallons per minute. The volume of water represented by a flow of 1 cubic foot per second for 24 hours is equivalent to 86,400 cubic feet, approximately 1.983 acre-feet, or 646,272 gallons.

<u>Discharge</u> is the volume of water (or more broadly, volume of fluid plus suspended sediment) that passes a given point within a given period of time.

<u>Drainage area</u> of a stream at a specific location is that area, measured in a horizontal plane, enclosed by a topographic divide from which direct surface runoff from precipitation normally drains by gravity into the river above the specified point. Figures of drainage area given herein include all closed basins, or noncontributing areas, within the area unless otherwise noted.

<u>Drainage basin</u> is a part of the surface of the earth that is occupied by drainage system, which consists of a surface stream or body of impounded surface water together with all tributary surface streams and bodies of impounded water.

<u>Gaging station</u> is a particular site on a stream, canal, lake, or reservoir where systematic observations of hydrologic data are obtained.

<u>Runoff in inches</u> shows the depth to which the drainage area would be covered if all the runoff for a given time period were uniformly distributed on it.

Streamflow is the discharge that occurs in a natural channel. Although the term "discharge" can be applied to the flow of a canal, the word "streamflow" uniquely describes the discharge in a surface stream course. The term "streamflow" is more general than "runoff" as streamflow may be applied to discharge whether or not it is affected by diversion or regulation.

#### MISSOURI RIVER MAINSTEM RESERVOIR SYSTEM

### Annual Operating Plan 2002 - 2003

#### I. FOREWORD

This Annual Operating Plan (AOP) presents pertinent information and tentative plans for operating the Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir System (System) for the remainder of 2002 through December 2003 under widely varying water supply conditions. It provides a framework for the development of detailed monthly, weekly, and daily regulation schedules for the System's six individual dams during the upcoming year to serve the Congressionally authorized project purposes. Regulation is directed by the Missouri River Basin Water Management Division (formerly the Reservoir Control Center), Northwestern Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps). A map of the Missouri River Basin (Basin) is shown on *Plate 1* and the summary of engineering data for the six System reservoirs is shown on *Plate 2*.

This plan may require adjustments when; substantial departures from expected runoff occur, to meet emergencies, or to meet the provisions of other applicable law, including the Endangered Species Act (ESA) and the conclusion of ongoing Corps and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) consultation under Section 7 of that Act. Results of a 5-year extension to the AOP studies (March 2004 to March 2009) will be presented in the Final AOP to serve as a guide for Western Area Power Administration's power marketing activities and those other interests that require information on reservoir conditions for long term planning.

This AOP includes only the plan for future operation. Previous AOPs have included a System description and discussion of the typical operation to meet authorized purposes and a historic summary of the previous year's operation. Although not included in this AOP, they are available as separate reports upon request. To receive a copy of either the updated version of the "System Description and Operation," dated Spring 2002, or the "Summary of Actual 2001-2002 Operations," contact the Missouri River Basin Water Management Division at 12565 West Center Road, Omaha, Nebraska 68144-3869, phone (402) 697-2676. Both reports will be available at the "Reports and Publications" link on our web site at: **www.nwd-mr.usace.army.mil/rcc** in early 2003. As the cover reflects, this year represents the 50<sup>th</sup> year that an AOP has been prepared for the operation of the System. This process has served the Corps and the Basin well as a forum for discussion of the next year's operating plan.

#### II. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Beginning in 1953, projected System operation for the year ahead was developed annually as a basis for advance coordination with the various interested Federal, state, and local agencies and private citizens. Also beginning in 1953, a coordinating committee was organized to make recommendations on each upcoming year's System operation. The Coordinating Committee on Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir Operations held meetings semiannually until 1981 and provided recommendations to the Corps. In 1982, the Committee was dissolved because it did not conform to the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act. Since 1982, to continue providing a forum for public participation, one or more open public meetings are held semiannually in the spring and fall. The fall public meeting is conducted to take public input on a draft of the AOP, which typically is published in early October each year. The spring meetings are conducted to update the public on the current hydrologic conditions and projected System operation for the remainder of the year.

The spring public meetings were held in Pierre, South Dakota on April 9, 2002, Omaha, Nebraska on April 10, 2002 and Kansas City, Missouri on April 11, 2002. The attendees were given an update regarding the outlook for 2002 runoff and projected operation for the remainder of 2002. Three fall public meetings on the Draft AOP will be held on October 15, 2002 at Bismarck, North Dakota, October 16, 2002 at Omaha, Nebraska and October 17, 2002 at Jefferson City, Missouri.

Preliminary draft AOP data was presented to the Missouri River Natural Resources Committee (MRNRC) on August 15, 2002. The MRNRC chose not to provide pre-draft comments.

#### III. MASTER MANUAL REVIEW AND UPDATE AND ESA CONSULTATIONS

In August 2001 the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers released the Revised Draft Missouri River Environmental Impact Statement (RDEIS) on the Missouri River Master Water Control Manual Review and Update. This RDEIS analyzed a range of alternatives which included changes in water releases from Gavins Point Dam recommended in a reasonable and prudent alternative (RPA) by the Service in a November 2000 Biological Opinion in which they concluded that the Corps' current operation of the Mainstem Reservoir System jeopardizes the continued existence of three protected species – the endangered interior least tern, the threatened piping plover, and the endangered pallid sturgeon. The Corps' preferred alternative and the Final EIS have not been released pending further consultations between the Corps and the Service. This EIS process with a Record of Decision (ROD) may not be completed by the time the Annual Operating Plan for 2002-2003 is finalized. As indicated below, the draft 2002-2003 AOP is based upon the guidelines in the current Missouri River Master Water Control Manual. However, this draft AOP including the Gavins Point flow releases are subject to further ongoing consultations with the Service and the Corps determination of compliance with the ESA.

#### IV. FUTURE WATER SUPPLY - AUGUST 2002 - DECEMBER 2003

Water supply (runoff) into the six System reservoirs is typically low and relatively stable during the August-to-February period. The August 1 most likely runoff scenario is used as input to the Basic reservoir regulation simulation (Simulation) in the AOP studies for the period August 2002 to February 2003. Two other runoff scenarios based on the August 1 most likely runoff scenario were developed for the same period. These are the 80 percent and 120 percent of the most likely runoff scenarios, which are input to the 80 percent and 120 percent of Basic Simulations for the August 2002 to February 2003 period.

Simulations for the March 1, 2003 to February 29, 2004 time period use five statistically derived inflow scenarios based on an analysis of water supply records from 1898 to 1997. This approach provides a good range of simulations for dry, average, and wet conditions, and eliminates the need to forecast future precipitation, which is very difficult.

The Upper Decile and Upper Quartile Simulations extend from the end of the 120 percent of Basic Simulation through February 2004. Likewise, the Median Simulation extends from the end of the Basic Simulation, and the Lower Quartile and Lower Decile Simulations extend from the end of the 80 percent of Basic Simulation through February 2004.

Upper Decile runoff (34.5 million acre-feet (MAF)) has a 1 in 10 chance of being exceeded, Upper Quartile (30.6 MAF) has a 1 in 4 chance of being exceeded, and Median (24.6 MAF) has a 1 in 2 chance of being exceeded. Lower Quartile runoff (19.5 MAF) has a 1 in 4 chance of the occurrence of less runoff, and Lower Decile (15.5 MAF) has a 1 in 10 chance of the occurrence of less runoff. There is still a 20 percent chance that a runoff condition may occur that has not been simulated; i.e., 10 percent chance runoff could be lower than Lower Decile, and a 10 percent chance runoff could be greater than Upper Decile.

The estimated natural flow 1/ at Sioux City, the corresponding post-1949 water use effects, and the net flow 2/ available above Sioux City are shown in *Table I*, where several water supply conditions are quantified for the periods August through February 2003 and the runoff year March 2003 through February 2004. The natural water supply for CY 2002 (actual January 2002 through July 2002 runoff plus the August 1 most likely runoff scenario for the August 2002 through December 2002 period) is estimated to total approximately 17.0 MAF.

TABLE I
NATURAL AND GROSS WATER SUPPLY AT SIOUX CITY

	Natural 1/	Post-1949 Depletions	<u>Net 2</u> /								
	(Volumes in 1,000 Acre-Feet)										
August through February 2003 (Most Likel	ly Runoff Scena	rio)									
Basic	6,600	+200	6,800								
120% Basic	8,000	+300	8,300								
80% Basic	5,300	+200	5,500								
Runoff Year March 2003 through February	2004 (Statistica	al Analysis of Past Records)									
Upper Decile	34,500	-2,500	32,000								
Upper Quartile	30,600	-2,400	28,200								
Median	24,600	-2,600	22,000								
Lower Quartile	19,500	-2,400	17,100								
Lower Decile	15,500	-2,200	13,300								

 $\underline{1}$ / The word "Natural" is used to designate flows adjusted to the 1949 level of basin development, except that regulation and evaporation effects of the Fort Peck Reservoir have also been eliminated during its period of operation prior to 1949.  $\underline{2}$ / The word "Net" represents the total streamflow after deduction of the post-1949 irrigation, upstream storage, and other use effects.

#### V. ANNUAL OPERATING PLAN FOR 2002-2003

A. General. The anticipated operation described in this AOP is designed to meet the operational objectives presented in the current Missouri River Master Water Control Manual (Master Manual), which was first published in the 1960's. Consideration has been given to all of the authorized project purposes, and to the needs of threatened and endangered (T&E) species, and relies on a wealth of operational experience. Operational experience available for preparation of the 2002-2003 AOP includes 13 years of operation at Fort Peck Reservoir (1940) by itself plus 49 years of System experience as Fort Randall (1953), Garrison (1955), Gavins Point (1955), Oahe (1962), and Big Bend (1964) have been brought progressively into System operation. This operational experience includes lessons learned during the 6 consecutive years of drought of the late-1980's through 1992 as well as the high runoff period that followed. Runoff during the period 1993 to 1999 was greater than Upper Quartile level during 5 of those 7 years, including the record 49.0 MAF of runoff in 1997. In addition to the long period of actual operational experience, many background operational studies for the completed System are available for reference.

This operational experience has shown that additional water conservation measures, beyond the specific technical criteria published in the current Master Manual, may be required to meet the operational objectives of the current Master Manual, if System water-in-storage (storage) is below 52 MAF on July 1 of any year. These additional conservation measures may be necessary during drought to offset increased release requirements for water supply due to degradation (lowering) of the channel bed, and to serve navigation, while meeting the Corps' obligations, in consultation with the Service, under the ESA. After each runoff year (March 1 through February 28) an analysis is performed to determine how much additional water conservation, if any, is needed to compensate for releases in excess of the specific technical criteria in that runoff year. If additional water conservation measures are called for, they are applied to the next runoff year's operation. Although July 1, 2002 System storage was only 48.8 MAF, no additional System releases were made for any project purpose above the specific technical criteria in the 2001 runoff year. Therefore, no additional conservation measures beyond the specific technical criteria presented in the Master Manual will be implemented in the 2002 runoff year.

Two sets of Simulations for the 2003 runoff year are shown in the final section of this AOP. The first set, studies 4 through 8 assume a "steady-release" from Gavins Point from mid-May through August to prevent T&E bird species from nesting at low elevations and thereby help protect them from inundation. The second set of Simulations, studies 9 through 13, assume a "flow-to-target" regulation that was used during the 2001 and 2002 T&E bird species nesting season. A flow-to-target regulation would typically result in higher System releases as the T&E nesting season progresses. This is due to reduced tributary inflows downstream as the summer heat builds and precipitation wanes. Increasing releases as the nesting season progresses can inundate nests and chicks on low-lying habitat. Because fledge ratio (numbers of chicks reared to flight stage) goals for the Missouri River are being met, the Corps is continuing to consult with the Service to determine whether under the flow-to-target scenario, low-lying T&E species' nests and chicks at risk of inundation from increasing releases would be moved to higher terrain or a captive rearing facility.

System releases during the navigation season for all Simulations are based on a service level determination in accordance with the March 15 and July 1 storage checks presented in the current Master Manual. Average releases necessary to meet full service flow targets during the navigation season are shown in *Table II*. Under the steady-release Simulation, System release would be set in mid-May to the level expected to be required to meet downstream flow targets through August. This results in releases that exceed the amount necessary to meet downstream flow targets during the early portion of the T&E bird nesting season.

# TABLE II GAVINS POINT RELEASES NEEDED TO MEET FULL SERVICE FLOW TARGETS 1950 - 1996

(Discharges in 1,000 cfs)

Runoff									
<u>Scenario</u>	<u>Apr</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>Jun</u>	<u>Jul</u>	<u>Aug</u>	<u>Sep</u>	<u>Oct</u>	Nov	<u>Average</u>
Median, Upper Quartile,									
Upper Decile	26.7	28.0	27.9	31.6	33.2	32.6	32.0	31.1	30.4
Lower Quartile,									
Lower Decile	29.8	31.3	31.2	34.3	34.0	33.5	33.1	31.2	32.3

System releases under the flow-to-target Simulation would be set at only the level necessary to meet downstream flow targets. The flow-to-target regulation would conserve more water in the System, which would keep the lake levels at the upper three System projects at relatively higher levels. A flow-to-target regulation would conserve approximately 200,000 to 800,000 AF as compared to a steady-release regulation.

The specific technical criteria for the September 1 storage check to determine winter release rates were not used in the Simulations. A minimum release of 13,000 cubic feet per second (cfs) was used for all Median and below Simulations for winter 2002-2003 and winter 2003-2004. This will allow downstream winter flows sufficient to allow the operation of downstream powerplants, as provided for in the current Master Manual, and is based on operational experience.

Application of the specific technical criteria for the September 1 storage check would result in winter releases in 2003-2004 for the Upper Decile and Upper Quartile Simulations above the 13,000 cfs level, but System winter releases will be held to 13,000 cfs as a water conservation measure during the current drought, except for the Upper Decile flow-to-target Simulation. The Upper Decile flow-to-target Simulation utilizes a 16,000 cfs winter 2003-2004 release to lower System storage to the base of the annual flood control (57.1 MAF) by March 1, 2004.

The 13,000 cfs winter release will reduce System storage an additional 536,000 AF for both the Basic and 80% Simulations for winter 2002-2003 compared to the application of the specific technical criteria. Because releases in July and August 2002 were lower in accordance with the Service's interpretation of their November 2000 Biological Opinion, than those needed to provide minimum service, 378,000 AF of storage was conserved as compared to regulation under the specific technical criteria. The reduction in storage in the 2002 runoff year, as compared to regulation under the specific technical criteria, is 158,000 AF.

Only the Median, Lower Quartile, and Lower Decile Simulations show System storage below 52 MAF on July 1, 2003. The Simulations for those three runoff scenarios also show that application of the specific technical criteria result in minimum service except for the Median flow-to-target Simulation, which is 400 cfs above minimum service based on the July 1 System storage check. Shortening of the 2003 navigation season is therefore the only available option for additional water conservation. If the Simulations verify, the 2003 navigation season would be shortened by 5 days for Median, Lower Quartile and Lower Decile runoff to compensate for the additional water released during the winter 2002-2003. The Upper Quartile and Upper Decile Simulations project System storage on July 1 above 52 MAF, and therefore would follow the specific technical criteria.

During the late 1980's-early 1990's drought years, a two-day-down, one-day-up peaking cycle was utilized. This regulation provided for lower flows for two out of three days to conserve water in the System while insuring that T&E bird species did not nest on low-lying habitat. We have not included a peaking cycle in any of the Simulations because of concerns voiced by the Service regarding negative impacts to river fish. Intrasystem releases are adjusted to best serve the multiple-purpose functions of the projects with special emphasis placed on regulation for non-listed fisheries starting in early April and for T&E bird species beginning in early May and continuing through August. System releases for all runoff conditions are at less than full service flows due to low System storage.

A reanalysis of the average monthly Gavins Point releases needed to meet service level targets requirements was completed in 1999. The study used the Daily Long Range Study (DLRS) model for the period 1950 to 1996. As part of this study, the relationship between annual runoff upstream of Sioux City and the average Gavins Point release required for the navigation season was analyzed. The study concluded that generally more water was needed downstream to support navigation during years with below normal upper basin runoff than during years with higher upper basin runoff. Therefore, regulation studies since 1999 use two levels of System release requirements: one for Median, Upper Quartile, and Upper Decile runoff scenarios, and another for Lower Quartile and Lower Decile scenarios.

The updated release requirements for full service navigation used in the development of the 2002-2003 AOP are given in *Table II*. Releases required for minimum service navigation support are 6,000 cfs less than the numbers provided in *Table II*. A final report detailing the procedures used in this study is available on our web site.

The flow-to-target Upper Decile Simulation reaches the desired 57.1 MAF level on March 1, 2004. This is due to water conservation provided by less than full service releases and the reduced 2003-2004 winter release. The steady-release Upper Decile Simulation results in System storage at 57.0 MAF on March 1, 2004. The Median and above Simulations also include releases that provide a steady to rising lake level in the three large upper reservoirs during the spring fish spawn period. Similar regulation in the past has resulted in a higher fish reproduction success. As previously stated, Gavins Point releases will not be cycled to conserve water under any of the five studied runoff scenarios.

However, it may be necessary to cycle releases for flood control operations during the T&E species nesting season.

Actual System operation from January 1 through July 31, 2002 and the operating plans for each project for the remainder of 2002 with the Basic Simulation and for CY 2003 using the five runoff scenarios described on page 3 are presented on *Plates 3 through 8*, inclusive. An exception is the omission of Big Bend, since storage at that project is relatively constant and average monthly releases are essentially the same as those at Oahe. These plates also show, on a condensed scale, actual operations during the period 1953 through 2001.

**Plate 9** illustrates for Fort Peck, Garrison, Oahe, and Gavins Point Dams the actual reservoir releases (Regulated Flow) as well as the Missouri River flows (Unregulated Flow) that would have resulted if the reservoirs were not in place during the period January 2001 through July 2002. **Plate 10** presents past and simulated gross monthly, average power generation, and gross peaking capability for the System.

**B.** Operating Plans for the Balance of the 2002 Navigation Season. Gavins Point releases were held to a rate of 25,500 cfs from July 1 through August 14 due to T&E bird species nesting below Fort Randall and Gavins Point. This nesting activity resulted in flows of up to 7,000 cfs less than minimum service being provided at Kansas City and downstream on the Missouri River. After T&E bird species nesting activity concluded, releases were increased from 25,500 cfs to 31,000 by August 15 to meet downstream minimum service flow requirements. Releases through the fall season will continue to be adjusted as needed to provide minimum service (6,000 cfs less than full service) flow support to navigation as computed by the July 1 System storage check. System storage was 48.2 MAF on July 1, 2002, substantially less than the 59.0 MAF minimum storage required to provide full service flows. The current storage is also much less than the 50.5 MAF 1 July check for greater than minimum service flows; therefore a significant System storage gain will have to occur before a service level greater than minimum service is provided. A full 8-month navigation season will be provided in 2002.

System storage declined to 49.3 MAF on December 1 at the close of the 2001 navigation season. The winter brought virtually no significant plains snowpack. The mountain snowpack peaked in the reach above Fort Peck at 91 percent of normal on May 11th, which was about 26 days later than normal. The mountain snowpack in the reach between Fort Peck and Garrison peaked at 85 percent of normal on April 22nd. The total runoff for 2002 is expected to be between Lower Decile and Lower Quartile with a great deal of variability in the way the runoff has occurred. January and February were 116 and 85 percent of normal, respectively. March fell to only 41 percent, and April was 60 percent of normal with no plains snowpack to melt. The months of May, June, and July were well below average at 52, 79, and 62 percent of normal, respectively, because of the below normal mountain snowmelt. Runoff for August is 65 percent of normal and September is only 66 percent of normal. The last three months of the year are forecast to have normal runoff; therefore, the calendar year 2002 runoff is expected to be near 17.0 MAF (67 percent of normal). The closing dates for ending the 2002 navigation season will be November 22 at Sioux City, November 24 at Omaha, November 25 at

Nebraska City, November 27 at Kansas City, and December 1 at the mouth of the Missouri River near St. Louis.

Simulations for the August 1 to December 1 period indicate that 2.8 billion kilowatt hours (kWh) of energy will be generated by the System powerplants, 0.9 billion kWh below normal.

<u>Fort Peck</u> releases will continue at 9,000 cfs through mid-September, then reduced to 5,000 cfs for the remainder of the 2002 navigation season for intrasystem regulation. The Basic Simulation indicates the level of Fort Peck Lake is expected to decline 1.4 feet from elevation 2219.8 feet above mean sea level (msl) to 2218.4 feet msl by the end of the navigation season, 15.9 feet lower than the 1967-2001 long term average.

Garrison releases will be maintained at 21,000 cfs through September 13, and then be lowered to about 17,000 cfs for the remainder of the month. October through mid-November releases will average 14,000 cfs, and then increase to 20,000 cfs by the end of November. The level of Lake Sakakawea is expected to decline steadily by 4.1 feet from elevation 1831.1 feet msl to 1827.0 feet msl by the end of the navigation season, 11.2 feet below the long-term average.

Oahe releases will be reduced from 29,000 cfs in August to 11,000 cfs in October to achieve a scheduled Fort Randall drawdown to elevation 1337.5 feet msl by the end of October, 4-weeks earlier than normal. Releases will be adjusted to serve the variable power loads. Lake Oahe will lower steadily by 4.5 feet throughout the period from elevation 1590.8 to elevation 1586.3 feet msl by the close of the navigation season, 15.5 feet lower than the long-term average.

<u>Big Bend</u> releases will generally parallel those from Oahe. Lake Sharpe will fluctuate between 1420.0 and 1421.0 feet msl for weekly cycling during high power load periods. Reservoir fluctuations of a foot are scheduled during the course of most weeks in order to follow peaking power demands. Storage lost during the week is regained during the succeeding weekend period of lower power demands.

Fort Randall releases will generally parallel those from Gavins Point. Lake Francis Case will fall steadily during the September-through-October period from the 1355.2 feet msl end-of-August elevation to 1337.5 feet msl. The drawdown will be one month earlier than normal to permit the permanent protection of a Native American gravesite located at White Swan. Project personnel requested a further lowering to elevation 1335.0 feet msl by November 11, 2002 with a gradual rise to elevation 1338.0 feet msl by November 18 to permit placement of rock below the normal annual minimum elevation. The lowering of Lake Francis Case will provide sufficient capacity to store a reasonable level of power releases from Oahe and Big Bend during the coming winter season.

Gavins Point releases will be in the range of 25,000 to 31,000 cfs by the end of the navigation season. Prior to 1992, Lewis and Clark Lake was maintained at a target elevation of 1208.0 feet msl from September to mid-February when it was lowered to elevation 1205.0 feet msl, the beginning of the runoff season. The September to mid-February target was lowered to elevation 1207.0 feet msl in

1992 to reduce shoreline erosion and displacement of riprap on the dam. The March-August elevation was raised to elevation 1206.0 feet msl to improve recreational access. After modification of the riprap and coordination with the States of South Dakota and Nebraska, a decision was made to return to the 1208.0 feet msl elevation for the late summer through winter 2001-2002 periods. The State of South Dakota experienced damage to recreation areas last winter and Water Management agreed to lower the target elevation by one-half foot to elevation 1207.5 feet msl from late summer through winter 2002-2003. Lewis and Clark Lake will rise 2.5 feet from elevation 1205.0 to near elevation 1207.5 feet msl during the remainder of the 2002 navigation season that ends December 1.

C. Operating Plan for the Winter of 2002-2003. Due to low System storage, the specific technical criteria presented in the current Master Manual for the September 1 storage check were not used to determine winter 2002-2003 and winter 2003-2004 System releases in the Simulations. At a System storage level of 58.0 MAF or above on September 1, the specific technical criteria calls for a full service release rate for the following winter, and minimum service releases if system storage is at or below 43.0 MAF. Full and minimum service winter release rates are an average Fort Randall release of 15,000 and 5,000 cfs, respectively. The storage on September 1, 2002, given the most likely runoff scenario, would be 46.9 MAF, 11.1 MAF less than the 58.0 MAF required to provide a full service release of 15,000 cfs from Fort Randall Dam. The September 1 storage check specifies a Fort Randall winter release rate of only 7,600 cfs. This corresponds to a Gavins Point winter release of 9,000 cfs, which is much too low based on operational experience with winter ize. Therefore, winter System releases in all Simulations are set to a minimum based on experience (13,000 cfs) for winter 2002-2003 and winter 2003-2004 except for the Upper Decile flow-to-target Simulation. Although the September 1 storage check for the Upper Decile and Upper Quartile Simulations specifies a System release greater than 13,000 cfs, winter releases are not anticipated to exceed 13,000 cfs as a water conservation measure. It may be necessary at times to increase System releases to provide adequate downstream flows if ice jams or blockages form which temporarily restrict flows. These events are expected to occur infrequently and be of short duration based on past experiences. It is anticipated that this year's winter release will be adequate to serve all downstream water intakes except for very short periods that may be impacted below rapidly forming ice jams.

For the winter period from the close of the 2002 navigation season on December 1, 2002 until the opening of the 2003 navigation season on April 1, 2003, operations are expected to be as follows:

Fort Peck releases are expected to average 10,000 cfs in December, 10,500 cfs in January and 10,000 cfs in February. The December release is equal to the 1967-2001 average and the January and February releases are 1,000 cfs and 2,000 cfs below average, respectively. Fort Peck Lake with the Basic Simulation is expected to lower 3.6 feet to elevation 2214.8 feet msl by the end of the winter period. Carryover multiple purpose storage in the three large upper reservoirs will be near a balanced condition on March 1, 2003. The lake is expected to rise 1.2 feet to elevation 2216.0 feet msl by March 31, 16.7 feet below normal.

<u>Garrison</u> releases will be adjusted to serve winter power loads and balance System storage. Releases will follow a more typical pattern than last year's record low 13,000 cfs winter release.

Releases will be scheduled at 20,000 cfs at the time of normal freeze-in in December and likely will have to be reduced for a short period to 18,000 cfs during the freeze-in in the Bismarck area in an attempt to not exceed the target 13-foot stage at the Bismarck gage. Flood stage is 16 feet. Garrison releases are expected to average 19,000 to 20,000 cfs at the beginning of the winter period and gradually increase to 23,000 cfs in January and 24,000 cfs in February, 1,000 to 1,500 cfs less than normal. Lake Sakakawea is expected to lower from near elevation 1827.0 feet msl to elevation 1821.7 feet msl by March 1, 15.8 feet below the base of the annual flood control storage zone. The Median Simulation indicates the lake will rise to elevation 1822.9 by March 31, which would be 12.8 feet below normal.

Oahe releases for the winter season will provide backup for the Fort Randall and Gavins Point releases plus fill the recapture space available at Fort Randall consistent with anticipated winter power loads. Monthly average releases may vary substantially with fluctuations in power loads occasioned by weather conditions but, in general, are expected to average between 15,000 and 16,000 cfs. Daily releases will vary widely to best meet power loads. Peak hourly releases, as well as daily energy generation, will be constrained to prevent urban flooding in the Pierre and Fort Pierre areas if severe ice problems develop downstream of Oahe Dam. This potential reduction has been coordinated with the Western Area Power Administration.

The Lake Oahe level is expected to gradually rise from elevation 1586.3 feet msl at the end of the 2002 navigation season to elevation 1591.2 by March 1, then rise to elevation 1593.8 feet msl by the end of March, 12.8 feet below normal.

<u>Lake Sharpe</u> at Big Bend will be maintained in the normal 1420.0 to 1421.0 feet msl range during the winter.

Fort Randall releases will average 11,000 cfs. Lake Francis Case is expected to rise from a low of about 1337.5 feet msl at the end of the 2002 navigation season to near elevation 1350.0, the seasonal base of flood control, by March 1. However, if the plains snowpack flood potential downstream of Oahe is quite low at that time, measures will be taken to raise Lake Francis Case to near elevation 1353.0 by March 1. It is likely that a Lake Francis Case level above elevation 1353.0 feet msl, to as high as 1355.2, will be reached by the end of the winter period on March 31, if runoff conditions permit. The level of Lake Francis Case above the White River delta near Chamberlain, South Dakota will likely remain at a higher elevation than the lake below the delta from mid October through December, due to the damming effect of this delta area.

Gavins Point releases will be gradually reduced beginning the last week of November to a winter level of about 13,000 cfs. These releases should be adequate to maintain water levels necessary during freeze-in for downstream water intakes; however, adjustments to the releases may be required if significant reduction in flows occurs downstream due to ice blockages. Lewis and Clark Lake will generally be near elevation 1207.5 feet msl until late February when it will be lowered to elevation 1206.0 feet msl for controlling spring floods, primarily from the Niobrara River and Ponca Creek along the Fort Randall to Gavins Point reach.

System storage for all five runoff conditions will be substantially below the base of the annual flood control zone by March 1, 2003, the beginning of next year's runoff season.

**D.** Operations During the 2003 Navigation Season. The Upper Decile, Upper Quartile, Median, Lower Quartile, and Lower Decile runoff scenarios studied for this year's AOP follow the specific technical criteria presented in the current Master Manual for navigation service flow support. The normal 8-month navigation season length is shortened for Median, Lower Quartile, and Lower Decile as shown in *Table III* to compensate for the extra water released during winter 2002-2003. Releases from Fort Peck, Garrison, and Fort Randall will follow repetitive daily patterns from early May, at the beginning of the T&E species nesting season, to the end of the nesting in late August. As previously stated, steady System releases for all five runoff scenarios are shown during the tern and plover nesting season (mid-May to the end of August) to keep birds from nesting at low elevations for the steady-release Simulations. The flow-to-target Simulations follow March 15 and July 1 System storage checks. All runoff scenarios except Lower Quartile and Lower Decile would provide rising pool levels in the spring fish spawn period.

All five runoff scenarios studied for this year's AOP are based on gradually increasing System releases to provide navigation season flow rates at the mouth of the Missouri near St. Louis by April 1, 2003, the normal navigation season opening date. The corresponding dates at upstream locations are: Sioux City, Iowa, March 23; Omaha, Nebraska, March 25; Nebraska City, Nebraska, March 26; and Kansas City, Missouri, March 28. The studies illustrated on *Plates 3 through 8* and summarized in Table III are based on providing less than full service flows, a full 8-month season for Upper Decile and Upper Quartile runoff scenarios, and a shortened season for Median, Lower Quartile, and Lower Decile runoff. Upper Decile releases are 4,800 cfs less than full service in the spring and 1,700 cfs less than full service in the summer and fall for the steady-release Simulations. July 1 System storage in the Upper Decile flow-to- target Simulation specifies 1,200 less than full service in the summer and fall. Releases for Upper Quartile runoff are 4,900 cfs below full service in the spring, increasing to near intermediate service during the summer and fall for the steady-release Simulation. Summer and fall Upper Quartile flow-to-target releases are 400 cfs above intermediate service. Minimum service flows for less than an 8-month navigation season will be provided should Median, Lower Quartile, or Lower Decile runoff occur except Median flow-to-target which is 400 cfs above minimum service based on July 1 System storage.

Navigation flow support for the 2003 season will be determined by actual System storage on March 15 and July 1. Gavins Point releases may be quite variable during the 2003 navigation season but are expected to range from 25,000 to 32,000 cfs. Release reductions necessary to minimize downstream flooding are not reflected in these monthly averages but will be instituted as conditions warrant. The Corps is continuing to consult with the Service on the lower summer flows recommended in their November 2000 Biological Opinion.

Simulated storages and releases for the System and individual reservoirs within the System are shown on *Plates 3 through 8* for the steady-release Simulations. Flow-to-target plots are not shown

because the difference cannot be seen at the scale provided except for the Median Gavins Point release shown on *Plate 4*. Ample regulatory storage space exists in the System to control flood inflows under all conditions studied. *Table III* summarizes the navigation service support projected for the 2003 navigation season for the steady-release and flow-to-target Simulations.

TABLE III
NAVIGATION SERVICE SUPPORT
FOR THE 2003 SEASON

#### STEADY-RELEASE

	Runoff	2003 System	n Storage	Flow Level	Length					
	Scenario	March 15	July 1	July 1 Below Full Service						
	(MAF)	(MAF)	(MAF)	(in	cfs)	(Months)				
				<b>Spring</b>	Summer/Fall					
U.D.	34.5	47.7	56.5	-4,800	-1,700	8				
U.Q.	30.6	47.5	54.7	-4,900	-3,100	8				
Med	24.6	45.4	50.6	-6,000	-6,000	8 - 5 days				
L.Q.	19.5	43.6	46.6	-6,000	-6,000	8 - 5 days				
L.D.	15.5	43.5	44.3	-6,000	-6,000	8 - 5 days				

#### **FLOW-TO-TARGET**

	Runoff	2003 System	n Storage	Flow Level	Above or	Length
	Scenario	March 15	July 1	Below Fu	ll Service	of Season
	(MAF)	(MAF)	(MAF)	(in	cfs)	(Months)
				<b>Spring</b>	Summer/Fall	
U.D.	34.5	47.7	57.3	-4,800	-1,200	8
U.Q.	30.6	47.5	55.3	-4,900	-2,600	8
Med	24.6	45.4	51.1	-6,000	-5,600	8 - 5 days
L.Q.	19.5	43.6	46.8	-6,000	-6,000	8 - 5 days
L.D.	15.5	43.5	44.6	-6,000	-6,000	8 - 5 days

The two modified reservoir operations shown in the previous two Annual Operating Plans cannot be accomplished in 2003 due to low System storage. When System storage recovers sufficiently, both these operations will be pursued based on recommendations presented to the Corps in the Service's November 2000 Biological Opinion regarding the operation of the System.

The first of these two modified operations are tests of flow modifications for T&E species. When Fort Peck Lake has adequate water above the spillway crest by mid to late May of any year, a T&E flow modification "mini-test" will be conducted in early June to monitor effects of higher spring releases and warmer water released from the spillway. It will also allow for an evaluation of the integrity of the spillway structure given the potential for increased frequency of use. Streambank erosion and fishing impacts will also be monitored.

During the Fort Peck "mini-test," which will last about 4 weeks, flows will vary from 8,000 to 15,000 cfs as various combinations of spillway and powerplant releases are monitored. The maximum spillway release of 11,000 cfs will combine with a minimum powerplant release of 4,000 cfs for 6 days. This operation will be timed to avoid lowering the lake during the forage fish spawn. The "mini-test" will not be conducted if sufficient flows will not pass over the spillway crest (elevation 2225 feet msl). A minimum lake elevation of about 2229 feet msl is needed during the test to avoid unstable flows over the spillway. Results of the Simulations show that this elevation will not be achieved in 2003 for any of the five runoff scenarios. A more extensive test with a combined 20,000 to 30,000 cfs release from Fort Peck is scheduled to be conducted beginning in early June in the year following the "mini-test" to determine if warm water releases will benefit the native river fishery. Peak outflows during the full test would be maintained for 2 weeks within the 4-week test period. Any permanent change to the Fort Peck operation to enhance flows for T&E species will be considered as part of the ongoing Master Manual Review and Update.

The second modified operation involves unbalancing the three large upper reservoirs to benefit reservoir fishery and the T&E species as shown on *Table IV*. AOP studies indicate the large reservoirs will be balanced on March 1, 2003. Should Upper Decile or Upper Quartile runoff occur in 2003, studies indicate Fort Peck Lake will be 4.0 feet above a balanced condition, Lake Sakakawea will be nearly 3.0 feet below a balanced condition, and Lake Oahe will be balanced on March 1, 2004. Reservoir unbalancing is computed based on the percent of the carryover multiple purpose pool that remains in Fort Peck Lake, Lake Sakakawea, and Lake Oahe. This would permit the Fort Peck T&E flow modification "mini-test" in the spring of 2004, as described in the previous paragraph. Median or lower runoff does not sufficiently refill the reservoirs in 2003 and no unbalancing would occur in spring 2004. The unbalancing would alternate at each project; high one year, float (normal operation) the next year, and low the third year as shown on *Table IV*. *Table V* shows the lake elevations proposed by the MRNRC at which the unbalancing would be terminated. *Table V* indicates that no reservoir unbalancing should occur for any of the five runoff scenarios in 2003.

### Summary of Reservoir Regulation Activities for T&E Species and Fish Propagation Enhancement

As discussed in the section above, the 2002-2003 AOP includes no provisions for unbalancing the Fort Peck, Garrison, and Oahe reservoirs for any of the runoff scenarios. The criteria for unbalancing are based on recommendations provided by the MRNRC and the Service. Under all Simulations, System storage will be below the minimum levels under which unbalancing is recommended by either the MRNRC or the Service.

Because a Record of Decision (ROD) may not be signed for the Master Manual revision by next spring, the 2002-2003 AOP will follow the guidelines of the Current Water Control Plan (CWCP) presented in the current Master Manual. System regulation under the CWCP in 2003 will most likely provide the flow-related attributes recommended by the Service in their November 2000 Biological Opinion. If the drought continues, minimum service flows will be provided from April 1 through the T&E bird species nesting season. Minimum service flows will likely result in sufficient habitat along the river reaches to meet fledge ratio goals for the T&E bird species recommended in the November 2000 Biological Opinion. Lower than normal pool levels under all runoff scenarios will continue to provide quality nesting habitat for piping plovers along the shoreline of the reservoirs. These low summer flows will continue to be a subject of the ongoing ESA consultation with the Service.

TABLE IV RESERVOIR UNBALANCING SCHEDULE

	Fort 1	Peck	Garı	rison	Oahe				
Year	March 1	Rest of Year	March 1	Rest of Year	March 1	Rest of year			
2003	Balance	High	Balance	Low	Balance	Float			
2004	High	Float	Low	Hold peak	Raise & hold during spawn	Float			
2005	Raise & hold during spawn	Float	High	Float	Low	Hold peak			
2006	Low	Hold peak	Raise & hold during spawn	Float	High	Float			

#### **Notes:**

**Unbalancing:** 2003 "Rest of Year" and 2004 unbalancing for Upper Quartile or greater runoff in 2003.

**Float year:** Normal operation, then unbalance 1 foot during low pool years or 3 feet when System storage is near 57.1 MAF on March 1.

**Low year:** Begin low, then hold peak the remainder of the year. **High year:** Begin high, raise and hold pool during spawn, then float.

# TABLE V MRNRC RECOMMENDED RESERVOIR ELEVATION GUIDELINES FOR UNBALANCING

	Fort Peck	Garrison	Oahe
Implement unbalancing if			
March 1 reservoir	2234	1837.5	1607.5
elevation is above this	feet msl	feet msl	feet msl
level.			
Implement unbalancing if			
March 1 reservoir			
elevation is in this range	2227-2234	1827-1837.5	1600-1607.5
and the pool is expected to	feet msl	feet msl	feet msl
raise more than 3 feet after			
March 1.			
	Avoid lake level decline	Schedule after spawn	Schedule after spawn
Scheduling Criteria	during spawn period	period of April 20 –	period of April 8 –
	which ranges from	May 20	May 15
	April 15 – May 30		

Under the CWCP the Corps would not implement a spring rise from Gavins Point Dam in 2003. The November 2000 Biological Opinion did not recommend implementation of a spring rise from the System during drought conditions. In addition, the Opinion recommends a spring rise on average once every three years. Implementation of the CWCP for 2003 would not preclude the Corps from meeting this recommendation if the Corps decides to implement a spring rise in future years. Potential implementation of a spring rise from Gavins Point Dam will continue to be a subject of the ongoing ESA consultation with the Service. In addition to water management, other activities are also being undertaken by the Corps to assist in the survival of the endangered species on the Missouri river. Habitat creation for terns, plovers and pallid sturgeon, pallid sturgeon hatchery propagation, and a variety of studies are examples of some of these activities. A complete discussion of these activities can be found in the report entitled "Annual Report for the Missouri River Biological Opinion for 2001" prepared by the Omaha District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

<u>Fort Peck</u> releases during the bird nesting season will range from 8,500 cfs for Upper Decile runoff to 9,500 cfs for Median and below runoff. This regulation should result in habitat conditions for nesting terms and plovers similar to what was available in 2002.

If flood flows enter the Missouri River below the project during the nesting season, hourly releases will be lowered to no less than 3,000 cfs in order to keep traditional riverine fish rearing areas continuously inundated while helping to lower river stages at downstream nesting sites. April releases should be adequate for trout spawning below the project. A rising pool in the April-to-May sport fish spawning season will be dependent upon the ever changing daily inflow pattern to the reservoir but

appears possible with all AOP Simulations. The T&E flow modification "mini-test" will not be run under any runoff scenario. Fort Peck Lake must be at elevation 2229 msl to allow releases through the spillway.

<u>Garrison</u> will have a reduction in flows during the tern and plover nesting season under all runoff scenarios. The reductions will be in the 500- to 1,000-cfs range. Hourly peaking will be limited to no more than 30,000 cfs for 6 hours if the daily average release is lower than 28,000 cfs. This will limit peak stages below the project for nesting birds.

<u>Lake Sakakawea</u> elevations will not reach levels considered necessary for optimum fish spawning during the month of May for any of the runoff scenarios. In addition to the runoff conditions, the actual timing of the rise in lake elevation will be dependent upon the pattern of inflow at that time.

Oahe releases in the spring and summer will back up those from Gavins Point. Oahe's elevation in the spring will be steady or rising given Median or higher runoff. The actual timing of the rise in lake elevation will be dependent upon the pattern of inflow at that time. Under all AOP Simulations, the Oahe pool will fall during the summer.

<u>Fort Randall</u> will be operated to provide for a pool elevation near 1355 during the fish spawn period, provided water can be supplied from other reservoirs for downstream uses, and the lake will not be drawn down below elevation 1337.5 feet msl in the fall to ensure adequate supply for water intakes. Hourly releases from Fort Randall, during the 2003 nesting season will be limited to 37,000 cfs. Daily average flows may be increased every third day to preserve the capability of increasing releases later in the summer if conditions turn dry.

Gavins Point. If the steady-release concept is adopted in 2003, Gavins Point releases will be increased in May for all runoff scenarios when terns and plovers begin to initiate nesting. The release rate will be based on an assessment of flows needed to support the service level targets in August. This will result in steady flows during the nesting season. Based on 2002 nesting season results, it is anticipated that sufficient habitat will be available above the release rates to provide for successful nesting. The resulting steady release prevents inundation of nests and chicks. Cycling releases every third day is not planned during the 2003 nesting season except during downstream food control operations. If the flow-to-target concept is adopted in 2003, releases will be set to meet the specified navigation service level with increases made as necessary during the T&E bird species nesting season.

The Gavins Point pool will be operated near 1206.0 feet msl in the spring and early summer with variations day to day due to rainfall runoff. Greater fluctuations occur in the river, increasing the risk of nest inundation in the upper end of the Gavins Point pool. Several factors contribute to the increased risk of nest inundation in the upper end of the Gavins Point pool. First, because there are greater numbers of T&E species nesting below the Gavins Point project that must be preserved, Gavins Point releases are restricted during the nesting season. Second, unexpected rainfall runoff between Fort Randall and Gavins Point can result in sudden pool rises because the Gavins Point project has a smaller storage capacity than the other System reservoirs. Third, the operation of Gavins Point for downstream

flood control may necessitate sudden release reductions to prevent downstream bird losses. And finally, high releases required in wet years make nest inundation more likely. When combined, all these factors make it difficult and sometimes impossible to prevent inundation of nests in the upper end of Lewis and Clark Lake. The pool will be increased to elevation 1207.5 feet msl following the nesting season

#### VI. SUMMARY OF RESULTS EXPECTED IN 2002-2003

With System operations in accordance with the 2002-2003 AOP outlined in the preceding pages, the following results can be expected.

**A.** <u>Flood Control.</u> All runoff scenarios studied will begin next year's runoff season on March 1, 2003, substantially below the desired 57.1 MAF base of annual flood control and multiple use zone. Therefore, the entire System flood control zone plus an additional 10.8 to 14.1 MAF of the carryover multiple use zone will be available to store runoff. The System will be available to significantly reduce peak discharges for all floods that may originate above the System.

Remaining storage in the carryover multiple use zone will be adequate to provide support for all of the other multiple purposes of the System, although recreation access may be difficult at some locations for the lower runoff scenarios.

- **B.** Water Supply and Water Quality Control. Although below normal winter releases are being provided for all five runoff scenarios, all water supply and water quality requirements on the Missouri River both below Gavins Point Dam and between System reservoirs should be met for all flow conditions studied. It is possible with the low winter releases that ice formation or ice jams may temporarily reduce river stages to levels below which some intakes can draw water. Therefore, during severe cold spells experience has shown that for brief periods it may be necessary to increase Gavins Point releases to help alleviate water supply problems.
- **C.** <u>Irrigation</u>. Scheduled releases from the System reservoirs will be ample to meet the volumes of flow required for irrigation diversions from the Missouri River. Some access problems may be experienced, however, if drought conditions persist. Tributary irrigation water usage is fully accounted for in the estimates of water supply.
- **D.** <u>Navigation</u>. Service to navigation in 2003 would be scheduled below full service flow support for all five runoff scenarios. Reductions below full service for the steady-release and flow-to-target Simulations are shown in *Table III*. Although these Simulations provide a comparison of typical flow support under varying runoff conditions that cover 80 percent of the historic runoff conditions, the actual rate of flow support for the 2003 navigation season will be based on actual System storage on March 15 and July 1, 2003.

Upper Decile and Upper Quartile Simulations show an 8-month navigation season. The Median, Lower Quartile and Lower Decile Simulations shorten the season 5 days. The anticipated service level and season length for all runoff conditions simulated are shown in *Table III*.

- **E. Power.** *Tables VI* and *VII* give the estimated monthly System load requirements and hydropower supply of the Eastern Division, Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program (P-S MBP), from August 2002 through December 2003. Estimates of monthly peak demands and energy include customer requirements for firm, short-term firm, summer firm, peaking, and various other types of power sales, System losses, and the effects of diversity. Also included in the estimated requirements are deliveries of power to the Western Division, P-S MBP, to help meet its firm power commitments.
- **F.** Recreation, Fish and Wildlife. The basic operations of the System will continue to provide recreation and fish and wildlife opportunities in the project areas and along the Missouri River as well as other benefits of a managed system. Special operational adjustments incorporating specific objectives for these purposes will be accomplished whenever possible. Conditions should be favorable for the many visitors who enjoy the camping, boating, fishing, hunting, swimming, picnicking, and other recreational activities associated with the System reservoirs and for increasing usage of the regulated reaches of the Missouri River downstream of the reservoirs.

Boat ramps that were lowered and low water ramps that were constructed during the drought of the late 1980's to early 1990's should be adequate to provide lake access next year even under the Lower Decile runoff scenario. However, boat ramps in a few areas where the ramps could not be extended may become unusable. This will affect the normal use patterns, as visitors will have to seek out areas with usable boat ramps. Boat ramp elevations for Fort Peck, Garrison, Oahe and Fort Randall were added in 2001 to our web site at: www.nwd-mr.usace.army.mil/rcc.

The effects of the simulated System operation during 2002-2003 on fish and wildlife are included in the section entitled, "Summary of Reservoir Regulation Activities for T&E Species and Fish Propagation Enhancement."

TABLE VI PEAKING CAPABILITY AND SALES (Steady Release Regulation) (1,000 kW at plant)

	Estimated																		
	Committed													Exp	ected To	otal			
	Sales*	Ex	pected	C of E C	Capabilit	у		Expected Bureau Capability**						System Capability					
2002	_		<u>120%</u>	Basic	80%				120%	<u>Basic</u>	<u>80%</u>			120%	Basic	<u>80%</u>			
Aug	2133		2141	2139	2136				190	181	180			2331	2320	2316			
Sep	1475		2136	2131	2124				191	181	178			2327	2312	2302			
Oct	1400		2100	2090	2079				194	183	180			2294	2273	2259			
Nov	1783		2096	2081	2066				194	183	176			2290	2264	2242			
Dec	1965		2074	2057	2039				190	181	170			2264	2238	2209			
2003																			
Jan	2214		2096	2076	2058				185	178	167			2281	2254	2225			
Feb	1837		2113	2090	2069				183	177	164			2296	2267	2233			
		U.D.	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med.	L.Q.	L.D.	U	.D.	U.Q.	Med.	L.Q.	L.D.	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>		
Mar	1678	2181	2174	2144	2111	2108	1	92	192	182	163	163	2373	2366	2326	2274	2271		
Apr	1480	2204	2192	2153	2111	2106	1	95	195	190	164	164	2399	2387	2343	2275	2270		
May	1385	2223	2206	2163	2113	2100	2	201	203	199	174	174	2424	2409	2362	2287	2274		
Jun	1660	2259	2238	2194	2139	2109	2	11	212	207	182	182	2470	2450	2401	2321	2291		
Jul	2276	2270	2247	2197	2136	2097	2	113	213	209	184	180	2483	2460	2406	2320	2277		
Aug	2124	2261	2238	2185	2118	2076	2	209	209	206	182	176	2470	2447	2391	2300	2252		
Sep	1475	2258	2234	2179	2108	2063	2	80	208	206	184	178	2466	2442	2385	2292	2241		
Oct	1400	2248	2222	2164	2078	2030	2	207	207	208	187	180	2455	2429	2372	2265	2210		
Nov	1769	2216	2189	2132	2050	2002	2	206	206	204	187	179	2422	2395	2336	2237	2181		
Dec	1960	2204	2175	2108	2031	1973	2	200	200	198	185	177	2404	2375	2306	2216	2150		

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated sales, including system reserves. Power in addition to hydro production needed for these load requirements wil be obtained from other power systems by interchange or purchase.

\*\* Total output of Canyon Ferry and 1/2 of the output of Yellowtail powerplant.

TABLE VI PEAKING CAPABILITY AND SALES (Flow to Target Regulation) (1,000 kW at plant)

	Estimated																	
	Committed												Exp	ected To	otal			
	Sales*	E>	pected	C of E C	Capabilit	у	Exp	Expected Bureau Capability**					System Capability					
2002	2		<u>120%</u>	<u>Basic</u>	80%			120%	Basic	<u>80%</u>			<u>120%</u>	<u>Basic</u>	<u>80%</u>			
۸۰۰۰	2422		2141	2420	2426			100	101	100			2224	2220	2216			
Aug	2133			2139	2136			190	181	180			2331	2320	2316			
Sep	1475		2136	2131	2124			191	181	178			2327	2312	2302			
Oct	1400		2100	2090	2079			194	183	180			2294	2273	2259			
Nov	1783		2096	2081	2066			194	183	176			2290	2264	2242			
Dec	1965		2074	2057	2039			190	181	170			2264	2238	2209			
2003	3																	
Jan	2214		2096	2076	2058			185	178	167			2281	2254	2225			
Feb	1837		2113	2090	2069			183	177	164			2296	2267	2233			
1 00	1001		20	2000	2000			100					2200	LLU.				
		<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med.	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med.	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>		
Mar	1678	2181	2174	2144	2111	2108	192	192	182	163	163	2373	2366	2326	2274	2271		
Apr	1480	2204	2192	2153	2111	2106	195	195	190	164	164	2399	2387	2343	2275	2270		
May	1385	2228	2210	2166	2114	2106	201	203	199	174	174	2429	2413	2365	2288	2280		
Jun	1660	2272	2248	2202	2144	2102	211	212	207	182	182	2483	2460	2409	2326	2284		
Jul	2276	2284	2257	2206	2140	2114	213	213	209	184	180	2497	2470	2415	2324	2294		
Aug	2124	2275	2248	2193	2122	2102	209	209	206	182	176	2484	2457	2399	2304	2278		
	1475	2271	2243	2187	2112	2079	208	208	206	184	178	2479	2451	2393	2296	2257		
Sep Oct	1400	2261	2230	2172	2081	2066	207	207	208	187	180	2468	2437	2380	2268	2246		
			2196	2172														
Nov	1769	2228			2053	2034	206	206	204	187	179	2434	2402	2342	2240	2213		
Dec	1960	2212	2183	2114	2035	2005	200	200	198	185	177	2412	2383	2312	2220	2182		

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated sales, including system reserves. Power in addition to hydro production needed for these load requirements wil be obtained from other power systems by interchange or purchase.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Total output of Canyon Ferry and 1/2 of the output of Yellowtail powerplant.

TABLE VII ENERGY GENERATION AND SALES (Steady Release Regulation) (Million kWh at plant)

	stimated																
	Committed Sales* Expected C of E Generation										ected To						
_	Sales*	Exp		C of E G		n	Exp		ıreau G	eneratio	<u>n **      </u>		System Generation				
2002			120%	<u>Basic</u>	<u>80%</u>			<u>120%</u>	<u>Basic</u>	<u>80%</u>			<u>120%</u>	<u>Basic</u>	<u>80%</u>		
Aug	829		867	872	877			50	44	38			917	916	915		
Sep	714		763	767	769			48	47	36			811	814	805		
Oct	722		494	520	508			54	47	35			548	567	543		
Nov	774		590	596	576			57	46	40			647	642	616		
Dec	910		547	552	550			59	48	41			606	600	591		
2003																	
Jan	896		608	581	578			58	48	37			666	629	615		
Feb	850		548	528	521			51	43	32			599	571	553		
		<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med.	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med.	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	
Mar	785	475	500	492	531	538	68	70	48	38	38	543	570	540	569	576	
Apr	737	528	549	559	632	624	77	77	44	36	36	605	626	603	668	660	
May	685	713	725	690	762	754	108	102	47	40	40	821	827	737	802	794	
Jun	745	829	820	759	790	770	118	122	53	54	54	947	942	812	844	824	
Jul	829	913	901	844	867	843	143	131	77	52	51	1056	1032	921	919	894	
Aug	835	925	912	837	858	832	99	93	73	51	50	1024	1005	910	909	882	
Sep	713	805	770	703	688	685	95	88	70	49	48	900	858	773	737	733	
Oct	720	675	626	555	569	571	93	89	69	49	48	768	715	624	618	619	
Nov	774	594	566	480	502	496	89	85	79	52	45	683	651	559	554	541	
Dec	884	600	598	570	585	544	91	91	80	<u>53</u>	<u>46</u>	691	689	650	638	590	
						<del></del>											
CY TOT	9453	8213	8123	7598	7883	7756	1090	1057	731	543	525	9303	9180	8329	8426	8281	

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated sales including system reserves and losses. Power in addition to hydro production needed for these load requirements will be obtained from other systems by interchange or purchase.

\*\* Total output Canyon Ferry and 1/2 output of Yellowtail powerplant.

TABLE VII **ENERGY GENERATION AND SALES (Flow to Target Regulation)** (Million kWh at plant)

E	Estimated																
C	Committed													ected T			
	Sales*	Exp	ected (	C of E G	eneration	n	Ex	ected Bu	ureau G	eneratio	n **		System Generation				
2002	_		120%	<u>Basic</u>	80%			<u>120%</u>	Basic	80%			<u>120%</u>	<u>Basic</u>	<u>80%</u>		
Aug	829		867	872	877			50	44	38			917	916	915		
Sep	714		763	767	769			48	47	36			811	814	805		
Oct	722		494	520	508			54	47	35			548	567	543		
Nov	774		590	596	576			57	46	40			647	642	616		
Dec	910		547	552	550			59	48	41			606	600	591		
2003																	
Jan	896		608	581	578			58	48	37			666	629	615		
Feb	850		548	528	521			51	43	32			599	571	553		
		<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med.	<u>L.Q.</u>	L.D.	U.D	. U.Q.	Med.	L.Q.	L.D.	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	Med	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	
Mar	785	475	500	492	531	538	68	3 70	48	38	38	543	570	540	569	576	
Apr	737	528	544	559	632	624	7	7 77	44	36	36	605	621	603	668	660	
May	685	623	632	625	729	716	108	3 102	47	40	40	731	734	672	769	756	
Jun	745	655	657	641	729	706	118	3 122	53	54	54	773	779	694	783	760	
Jul	829	898	870	814	872	843	143	3 131	77	52	51	1041	1001	891	924	894	
Aug	835	940	912	840	855	824	99	93	73	51	50	1039	1005	913	906	874	
Sep	713	818	780	711	683	687	9	88	70	49	48	913	868	781	732	735	
Oct	720	686	636	562	566	572	93	89	69	49	48	779	725	631	615	620	
Nov	774	611	577	486	501	497	89	85	79	52	45	700	662	565	553	542	
Dec	884	664	598	572	586	545	9		80	<u>53</u>	46	755	689	652	639	591	
	<del></del>	<u> </u>		<u></u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>								<u> </u>	
CY TOT	9453	8054	7862	7411	7783	7651	1090	1057	731	543	525	9144	8919	8142	8326	8176	

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated sales including system reserves and losses. Power in addition to hydro production needed for these load requirements will be obtained from other systems by interchange or purchase.

\*\* Total output Canyon Ferry and 1/2 output of Yellowtail powerplant.

- **G.** System Storage. If presently anticipated runoff estimates based upon normal precipitation materialize, System storage will total about 44.3 MAF by the close of CY 2002. This year-end storage would be 4.6 MAF less than the 48.9 MAF experienced on December 31, 2001, and 11.0 MAF less than the 1967 to 2001 average. Since the System first filled to normal operating levels in 1967, the lowest end-of-December storage was 40.9 MAF in 1990. The previous lowest storage prior to the 1988-1992 drought was 50.9 MAF in 1981. The end-of-year storages have ranged from a maximum of 60.9 MAF, which occurred in 1975, to the 1990 minimum of 40.9 MAF. Total System storage on December 31, 2003 is presented in *Table VIII*.
- **H.** <u>Summary of Water Use by Functions</u>. Anticipated water use in CY 2002, under the Basic Simulation, is shown in *Tables IX and X*. Actual water use data for CY 2001 are included for information and comparison.

Under the simulated operations, estimated water use in CY 2003, which will be subject to reappraisal next year, also is shown in *Table IX* for the steady-release Simulations and in *Table X* for the flow-to-target Simulations. Note that project releases are lower for the flow-to-target Simulation since no additional releases are made for T&E bird species.

#### VII. TENTATIVE PROJECTION OF OPERATIONS THROUGH MARCH 2009

(Not Completed Until Final Plan is Adopted)

## TABLE VIII ANTICIPATED DECEMBER 31, 2003 STORAGE IN SYSTEM

#### STEADY-RELEASE SIMULATIONS

		Above	Unfilled	Total		
Water Supply	Total	Minimum	Carryover	Change		
Condition	(12/31/03)	Pools 1/	Storage 2/	CY 2003		
		(Volumes in 1,000 Acre-Feet)				
Upper Decile	56,200	38,100	900	10,600		
Upper Quartile	53,700	35,600	3,400	8,000		
Median	48,000	29,900	9,100	3,700		
Lower Quartile	41,900	23,800	15,200	-1,300		
Lower Decile	38,600	20,500	18,500	-4,500		

## FLOW-TO-TARGET SIMULATIONS

		Above	Unfilled	Total
Water Supply	Total	Minimum	Carryover	Change
Condition	(12/31/03)	Pools 1/	Storage 2/	CY 2003
		(Volumes in	n 1,000 Acre-Feet)	
Upper Decile	56,700	38,600	400	11,000
Upper Quartile	54,300	36,200	2,800	8,600
Median	48,500	30,400	8,600	4,100
Lower Quartile	42,100	24,000	15,000	-1,100
Lower Decile	38,900	20,800	18,200	-4,300

<sup>1/</sup> Net usable storage above 18.1 million-acre-foot System minimum pool level established for power, recreation, irrigation diversions, and other purposes.

<sup>2/</sup> System base of flood control zone containing 57.1 million acre-feet.

TABLE IX
MISSOURI RIVER MAINSTEM SYSTEM
WATER USE FOR CALENDAR YEARS 2001, 2002, AND 2003 ABOVE SIOUX CITY, IOWA
in Million Acre-Feet (MAF)

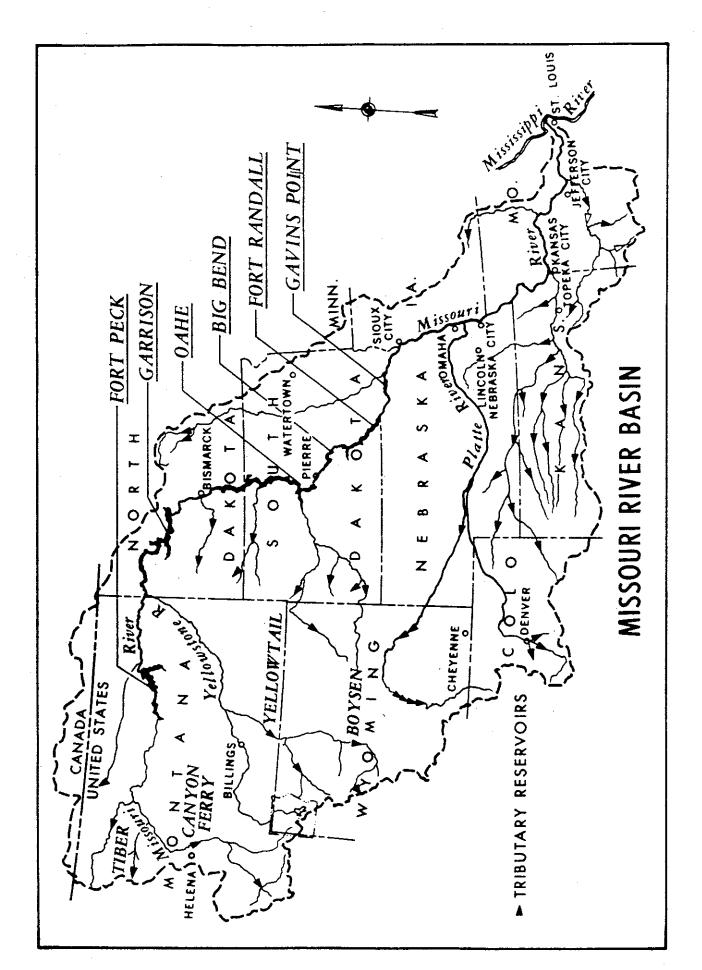
Steady-Release Simulations for CY 2001 CY 2002 Calendar Year 2003 Actual Basic Upper Upper Lower Lower Simulation Decile Quartile Median Quartile Decile **Upstream Depletions** (1) Irrigation, Tributary Reservoir 2.0 2.0 Evaporation & Other Uses Tributary Reservoir Storage Change - 0.1 - 0.4 **Total Upstream Depletions** 1.9 1.6 2.7 2.7 2.4 2.1 2.8 1.2 1.2 1.5 System Reservoir Evaporation (2) 2.7 2.1 1.5 1.7 Sioux City Flows Navigation Season Unregulated Flood Inflows Between Gavins Point & Sioux City 0.0 0.0 Navigation Service Requirement 14.6 14.7 16.3 14.9 12.4 12.8 12.8 Supplementary Releases 0.0 -0.4 0.5 0.5 0.2 0.2 **T&E Species** (4) 0.5 Flood Evacuation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 (5)0.0 Nonnavigation Season 3.8 3.5 3.4 3.6 3.5 3.4 Flows 3.3 Flood Evacuation Releases (6)0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 System Storage Change - 0.5 <u>- 4.5</u> 10.4 8.0 <u>3.8</u> <u>- 1.1</u> <u>-4.5</u> 22.5 Total 17.0 34.5 30.6 19.5 15.5 24.6 Project Releases Fort Peck 4.3 4.8 5.5 5.7 5.6 5.8 5.7 Garrison 9.6 11.7 14.8 13.7 14.1 13.5 14.6 Oahe 11.2 14.4 14.1 14.1 13.4 14.9 15.0 Big Bend 10.5 13.9 14.0 14.1 13.3 14.8 14.9 Fort Randall 12.0 14.8 15.2 15.0 14.1 14.9 15.0 **Gavins Point** 13.9 15.8 17.3 16.7 15.4 16.0 16.0

- (1) Tributary uses, above the 1949 level of development including agricultural depletions and tributary storage effects.
- (2) Net evaporation is shown for 2003.
- (3) Incremental inflows to reach which exceed those usable in support of navigation at the target level, even if Gavins Point releases were held to as low as 6,000 cfs.
- (4) Increased releases required to maintain navigation release flexibility during the T&E species nesting season. During 2002, releases fell below minimum service support flows because of T&E nesting resulting in a negative value instead of zero.
- (5) Includes flood control releases for flood control storage evacuation and releases used to extend the navigation season beyond the normal December 1 closing date at the mouth of the Missouri River.
- (6) Releases for flood control storage evacuation in excess of a 15,000 cfs Fort Randall release.

TABLE X
MISSOURI RIVER MAINSTEM SYSTEM
WATER USE FOR CALENDAR YEARS 2001, 2002, AND 2003 ABOVE SIOUX CITY, IOWA
in Million Acre-Feet (MAF)

Flow-to-Target Simulations for CY 2001 CY 2002 Calendar Year 2003 Actual Basic Upper Upper Lower Lower Simulation Decile Quartile Median Quartile Decile **Upstream Depletions** (1) Irrigation, Tributary Reservoir 2.0 2.0 Evaporation & Other Uses Tributary Reservoir Storage Change - 0.1 - 0.4 **Total Upstream Depletions** 1.9 1.6 2.7 2.7 2.4 2.1 2.8 1.2 1.2 1.5 System Reservoir Evaporation (2) 2.7 2.1 1.5 1.7 Sioux City Flows Navigation Season Unregulated Flood Inflows Between Gavins Point & Sioux City 0.0 0.0 Navigation Service Requirement 14.6 14.7 15.8 14.8 12.4 12.8 12.8 Supplementary Releases 0.0 -0.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 **T&E Species** (4) 0.0 Flood Evacuation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 (5)0.0 Non-navigation Season 3.8 3.5 3.9 3.4 3.8 3.4 Flows 3.7 Flood Evacuation Releases (6)0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 System Storage Change - 0.5 <u>- 4.5</u> 10.9 8.5 <u>4.1</u> <u>-1.1</u> <u>-4.3</u> 22.5 Total 17.0 34.5 30.6 19.5 15.5 24.6 Project Releases Fort Peck 4.3 4.8 5.4 5.4 5.7 5.6 5.6 Garrison 9.6 11.7 14.8 13.5 13.9 13.3 14.4 Oahe 11.2 14.4 13.6 13.5 13.0 14.7 14.7 Big Bend 10.5 13.9 13.5 13.5 12.9 14.5 14.6 Fort Randall 12.0 14.8 14.7 14.4 13.6 14.7 14.7 **Gavins Point** 13.9 15.8 16.8 16.1 14.9 15.8 15.8

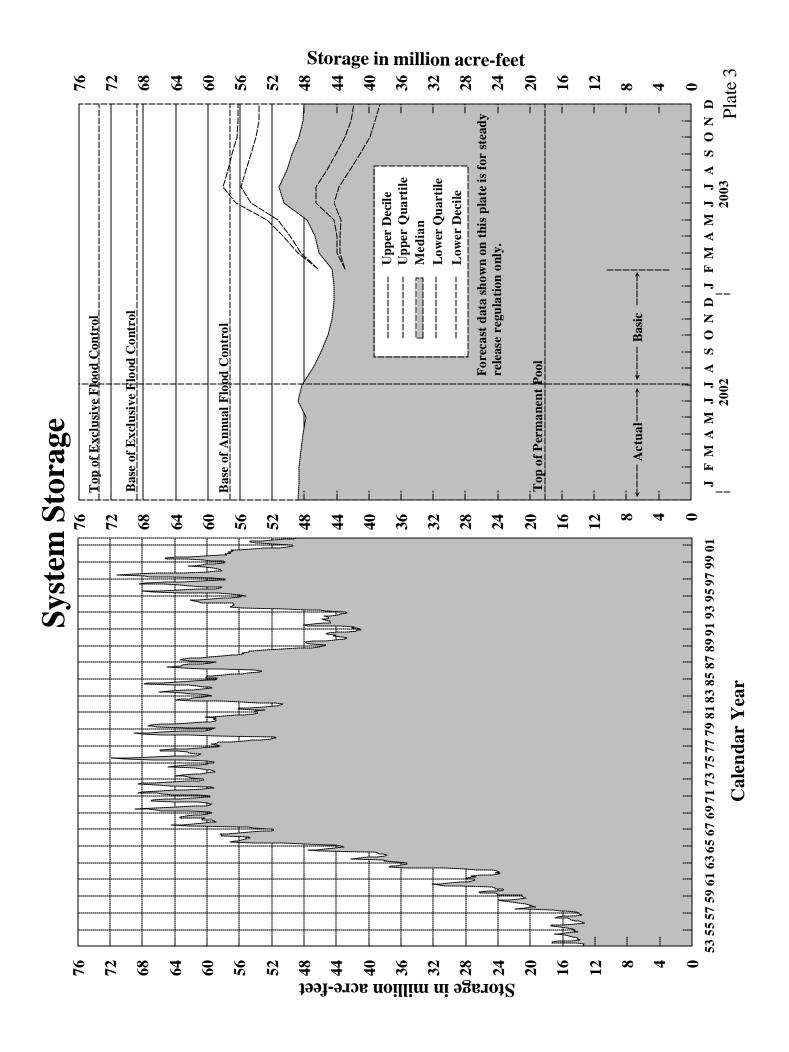
- (1) Tributary uses, above the 1949 level of development including agricultural depletions and tributary storage effects.
- (2) Net evaporation is shown for 2003.
- (3) Incremental inflows to reach which exceed those usable in support of navigation at the target level, even if Gavins Point releases were held to as low as 6,000 cfs.
- (4) Increased releases required to maintain navigation release flexibility during the T&E species nesting season. During 2002, releases fell below minimum service support flows because of T&E nesting resulting in a negative value instead of zero.
- (5) Includes flood control releases for flood control storage evacuation and releases used to extend the navigation season beyond the normal December 1 closing date at the mouth of the Missouri River.
- (6) Releases for flood control storage evacuation in excess of a 15,000 cfs Fort Randall release.

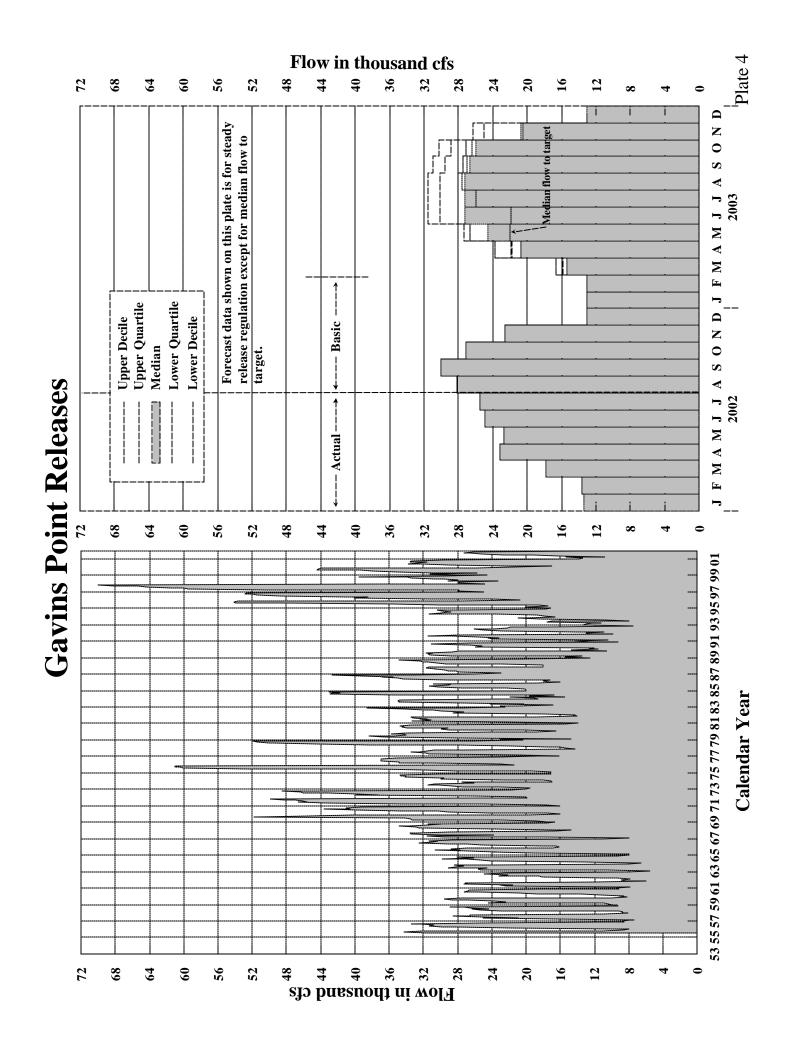


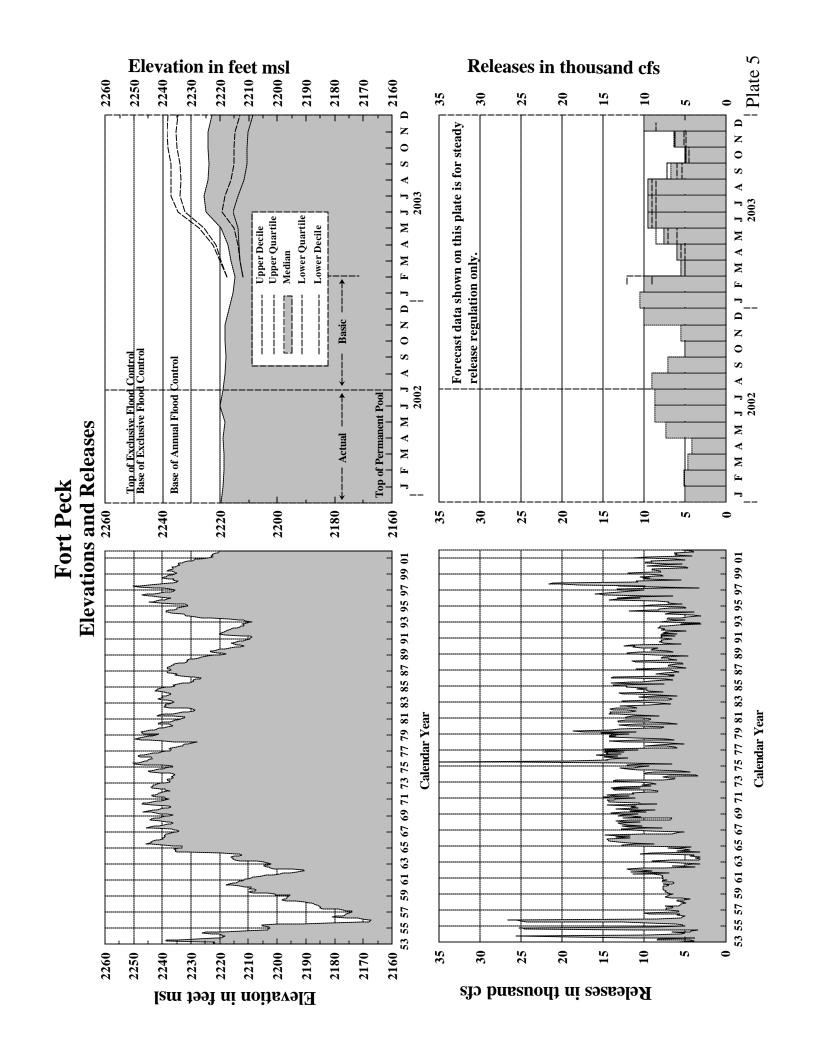
Summary of Engineering Data Missouri River Mainstem System					
Item No.	Subject	Fort Peck Lake	Garrison Dam - Lake Sakakawea	Oahe Dam - Lake Oahe	
1	Location of Dam	Near Glasgow, Montana	Near Garrison, ND	Near Pierre, SD	
2	River Mile - 1960 Mileage	Mile 1771.5	Mile 1389.9	Mile 1072.3	
3	Total & incremental drainage	57,500	181,400 (2) 123,900	243,490 (1) 62,090	
4	areas in square miles Approximate length of full	134, ending near Zortman, MT	178, ending near Trenton, ND	231, ending near Bismarck, ND	
	reservoir (in valley miles)	, ,			
5 6	Shoreline in miles (3) Average total & incremental	1520 (elevation 2234) 10,200	1340 (elevation 1837.5) 25,600 15,400	2250 (elevation 1607.5) 28,900 3,300	
7	inflow in cfs  Max. discharge of record  near damsite in cfs	137,000 (June 1953)	348,000 (April 1952)	440,000 (April 1952)	
8	Construction started - calendar yr. In operation (4) calendar yr.	1933 1940	1946 1955	1948 1962	
	Dam and Embankment				
10	Top of dam, elevation in feet msl	2280.5	1875	1660	
11	Length of dam in feet	21,026 (excluding spillway)	11,300 (including spillway)	9,300 (excluding spillway)	
12	Damming height in feet (5)	220	180	200	
13	Maximum height in feet (5)	250.5	210	245	
14	Max. base width, total & w/o	3500, 2700	3400, 2050	3500, 1500	
	berms in feet	5500, 2700	3 100, 2000	2200, 1200	
15	Abutment formations ( under dam & embankment)	Bearpaw shale and glacial fill	Fort Union clay shale	Pierre shale	
16	Type of fill	Hydraulic & rolled earth fill	Rolled earth filled	Rolled earth fill & shale berms	
17	Fill quantity, cubic yards	125,628,000	66,500,000	55,000,000 & 37,000,000	
18	Volume of concrete, cubic yards	1,200,000	1,500,000	1,045,000	
19	Date of closure	24 June 1937	15 April 1953	3 August 1958	
	Spillway Data		i .	<del>-</del>	
20	Location	Right bank - remote	Left bank - adjacent	Right bank - remote	
21	Crest elevation in feet msl	2225	1825	1596.5	
22	Width (including piers) in feet	820 gated	1336 gated	456 gated	
23	No., size and type of gates	16 - 40' x 25' vertical lift gates	28 - 40' x 29' Tainter	8 - 50' x 23.5' Tainter	
24	Design discharge capacity, cfs	275,000 at elev 2253.3	827,000 at elev 1858.5	304,000 at elev 1644.4	
25	Discharge capacity at maximum	230,000	660,000	80,000	
	operating pool in cfs				
	Reservoir Data (6)				
26	Max. operating pool elev. & area	2250 msl 246,000 acres	1854 msl 380,000 acres	1620 msl 374,000 acres	
27	Max. normal op. pool elev. & area	2246 msl 240,000 acres		1617 msl 360,000 acres	
28	Base flood control elev & area	2234 msl 212,000 acres	1837.5 msl 307,000 acres		
29	Min. operating pool elev. & area Storage allocation & capacity	2160 msl 90,000 acres	1775 msl 128,000 acres	1540 msl 117,000 acres	
30	Exclusive flood control	2250-2246 975,000 a.f.	1854-1850 1,489,000 a.f.	1620-1617 1,102,000 a.f.	
31	Flood control & multiple use	2246-2234 2,717,000 a.f.			
32	Carryover multiple use	2234-2160 10,785,000 a.f.			
33	Permanent	2160-2030 4,211,000 a.f.			
34	Gross	2250-2030 18,688,000 a.f.			
35	Reservoir filling initiated	November 1937	December 1953	August 1958	
36	Initially reached min. operating pool	27 May 1942	7 August 1955	3 April 1962	
37	Estimated annual sediment inflow		25,900 a.f. 920 yrs.		
	Outlet Works Data				
38 39	Location Number and size of conduits	Right bank 2 - 24' 8" diameter (nos. 3 & 4)	Right Bank 1 - 26' dia. and 2 - 22' dia.	Right Bank 6 - 19.75' dia. upstream, 18.25'	
		(		dia. downstream	
40	Length of conduits in feet (8)	No. 3 - 6,615, No. 4 - 7,240	1529	3496 to 3659	
41	No., size, and type of service gates	1 - 28' dia. cylindrical gate	1 - 18' x 24.5' Tainter gate per	1 - 13' x 22' per conduit, vertical	
		6 ports, 7.6' x 8.5' high (net	conduit for fine regulation	lift, 4 cable suspension and	
		opening) in each control shaft		2 hydraulic suspension (fine	
			1.50	regulation)	
42	Entrance invert elevation (msl)	2095	1672	1425	
43	Avg. discharge capacity per conduit	Elev. 2250	Elev. 1854	Elev. 1620	
	& total	22,500 cfs - 45,000 cfs	30,400 cfs - 98,000 cfs	18,500 cfs - 111,000 cfs	
44	Present tailwater elevation (ft msl)	2032-2036 5,000 - 35,000 cfs	1670-1680 15,000- 60,000 cfs	1423-1428 20,000-55,000 cfs	
45	Power Facilities and Data	104	161	174	
45	Avg. gross head available in feet (14)	194 N- 1 2418" 4:- N- 2 2214" 4:-	161	174	
46	Number and size of conduits	No. 1-24'8" dia., No. 2-22'4" dia.	5 - 29' dia., 25' penstocks	7 - 24' dia., imbedded penstocks	
47	Length of conduits in feet (8)	No. 1 - 5,653, No. 2 - 6,355	1829	From 3,280 to 4,005	
48 49	Surge tanks No., type and speed of turbines	PH#1: 3-40' dia., PH#2: 2-65' dia. 5 Francis, PH#1-2: 128.5 rpm,	65' dia 2 per penstock 5 Francis, 90 rpm	70' dia., 2 per penstock 7 Francis, 100 rpm	
50	Discharge cap. at rated head in cfs	1-164 rpm , PH#2-2: 128.6 rpm PH#1, units 1&3 170', 2-140'	150' 41,000 cfs		
		8,800 cfs, PH#2-4&5 170'-7,200 cfs			
51	Generator nameplate rating in kW	1&3: 43,500; 2: 18,250; 4&5: 40,000	3 - 109,250, 2 - 95,000	112,290	
52	Plant capacity in kW	185,250	517,750	786,030	
53	Dependable capacity in kW (9)	181,000	388,000	534,000	
54	Avg. annual energy, million kWh (12)	1,142	2,429	2,867	
55 56	Initial generation, first and last unit Estimated cost September 1999	July 1943 - June 1961	January 1956 - October 1960	April 1962 - June 1963	
50	completed project (13)	\$158,428,000	\$305,274,000	\$346,521,000	
		-			

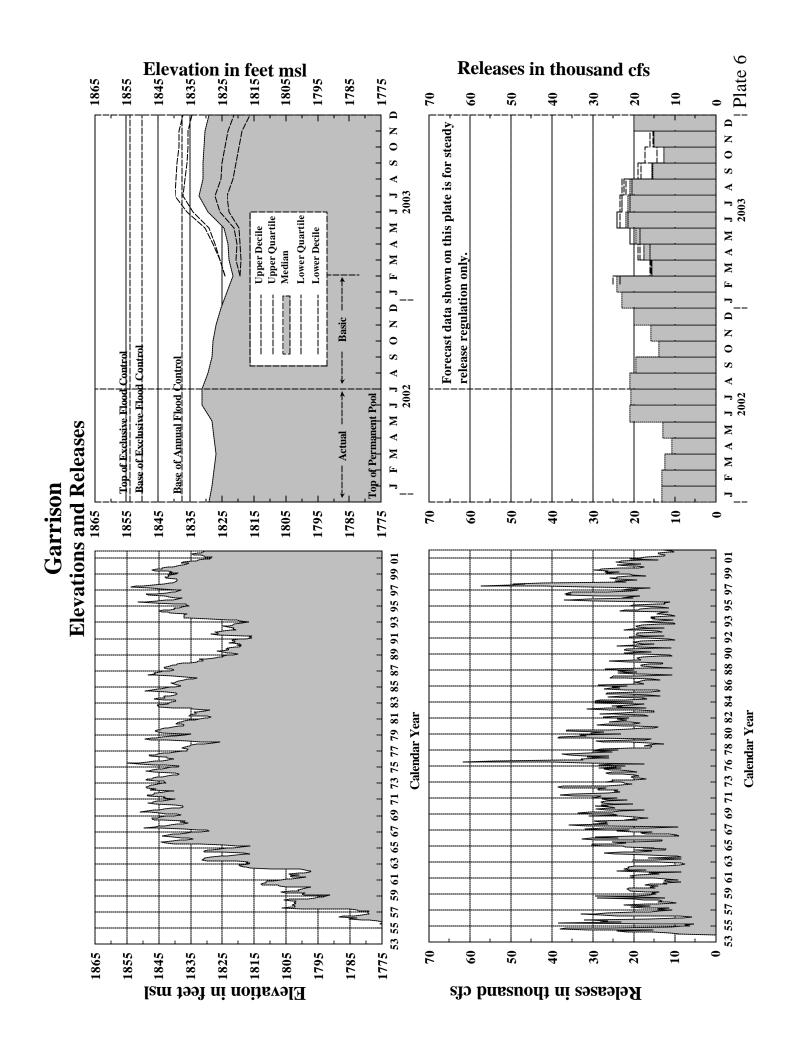
Summary of Engineering Data Missouri River Mainstem System					
Big Bend Dam - Lake Sharpe	Fort Randall Dam - Lake Francis Case	Gavins Point Dam - Lewis & Clark Lake	Total	Item No.	Remarks
21 miles upstream Chamberlain, SI Mile 987.4 249,330 (1) 5,8	Mile 880.0	Near Yankton, SD Mile 811.1 279,480 (1) 16,000		1 2 3	(1) Includes 4,280 square miles of non-contributing areas.
80, ending near Pierre, SD	107, ending at Big Bend Dam	25, ending near Niobrara, NE	755 miles	4	(2) Includes 1,350 square miles of non-contributing
200 (elevation 1420) 28,900	540 (elevation 1350) 30,000 1,100	90 (elevation 1204.5) 32,000 2,000	5,940 miles	5 6	areas.  (3) With pool at base of flood control.
440,000 (April 1952)	447,000 (April 1952)	480,000 (April 1952)		7	<ul><li>(4) Storage first available for regulation of flows.</li><li>(5) Damming height is height</li></ul>
1959 1964	1946 1953	1952 1955		8 9	from low water to maximum operating pool. Maximum
1440 10,570 (including spillway) 78 95 1200, 700	1395 10,700 (including spillway) 140 165 4300, 1250	1234 8,700 (including spillway) 45 74 850, 450	71,596 863 feet	10 11 12 13 14	height is from average streambed to top of dam.  (6) Based on latest available storage data.  (7) River regulation is attained by flows over low-crested spillway and through
Pierre shale & Niobrara chalk	Niobrara chalk	Niobrara chalk & Carlile shale		15	turbines. (8) Length from upstream face
Rolled earth, shale, chalk fill 17,000,000 540,000 24 July 1963	Rolled earth fill & chalk berms 28,000,000 & 22,000,000 961,000 20 July 1952	Rolled earth & chalk fill 7,000,000 308,000 31 July 1955	358,128,000 cu. yds 5,554,000 cu. yds.	16 17 18 19	of outlet or to spiral case.  (9) Based on 8th year (1961) of drought drawdown (From study 8-83-1985).
Left bank - adjacent 1385 376 gated 8 - 40' x 38' Tainter 390,000 at elev 1433.6 270,000	Left bank - adjacent 1346 1000 gated 21 - 40' x 29' Tainter 620,000 at elev 1379.3 508,000	Right bank - adjacent 1180 664 gated 14 - 40' x 30' Tainter 584,000 at elev 1221.4 345,000		20 21 22 23 24 25	<ul> <li>(10) Affected by level of Lake Francis case. Applicable to pool at elevation 1350.</li> <li>(11) Spillway crest.</li> <li>(12) 1967-2001 Average</li> <li>(13) Source: Annual Report on Civil Works Activities of the Corps of Engineers. Extract</li> </ul>
1422 msl 60,000 acr 1420 msl 57,000 acr	es 1375 msl 102,000 acres es 1365 msl 95,000 acres es 1350 msl 77,000 acres es 1320 msl 38,000 acres	1208 msl 28,000 acres 1204.5 msl 24,000 acres	1,147,000 acres 989,000 acres	26 27 28 29	Report Fiscal Year 1999. (14) Based on Study 8-83-1985
1422-1420 117,000 a 1420-1345 1,682,000 a	f. 1375-1365 985,000 a.f. f. 1365-1350 1,309,000 a.f. 1350-1320 1,607,000 a.f. f. 1375-1240 1,517,000 a.f. January 1953 24 November 1953 s. 18,300 a.f. 250 yrs.	1208-1204.5 90,000 a.f. 1204.5-1160 321,000 a.f. 1210-1160 470,000 a.f. August 1955 22 December 1955	11,656,000 a.f. 38,983,000 a.f. 18,084,000 a.f.	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	
None (7)	Left Bank 4 - 22' diameter	None (7)		38 39	
	1013 2 - 11' x 23' per conduit, vertical lift, cable suspension			40 41	
1385 (11)	1229 Elev 1375	1180 (11)		42 43	
1351-1355(10) 25,000-100,000 c	32,000 cfs - 128,000 cfs 5,000-60,000 cfs			44	
70 None: direct intake None 8 Fixed blade, 81.8 rpm	117 8 - 28' dia., 22' penstocks 1,074 59' dia, 2 per alternate penstock 8 Francis, 85.7 rpm	48 None: direct intake None 3 Kaplan, 75 rpm	764 feet 55,083 36 units	45 46 47 48 49	
67' 103,000 6	fs 112' 44,500 cfs	48' 36,000 cfs		50	
3 - 67,276, 5 - 58,500 494,320 497,000 1,041 October 1964 - July 1966	40,000 320,000 293,000 1,843 March 1954 - January 1956	44,100 132,300 74,000 754 September 1956 - January 1957	2,435,650 kw 1,967,000 kw 10,077 million kWh July 1943 - July 1966		Corps of Engineers, U.S. Army Compiled by Northwestern Division
\$107,498,000	\$199,066,000	\$49,617,000	\$1,166,404,000	56	Missouri River Region May 2001

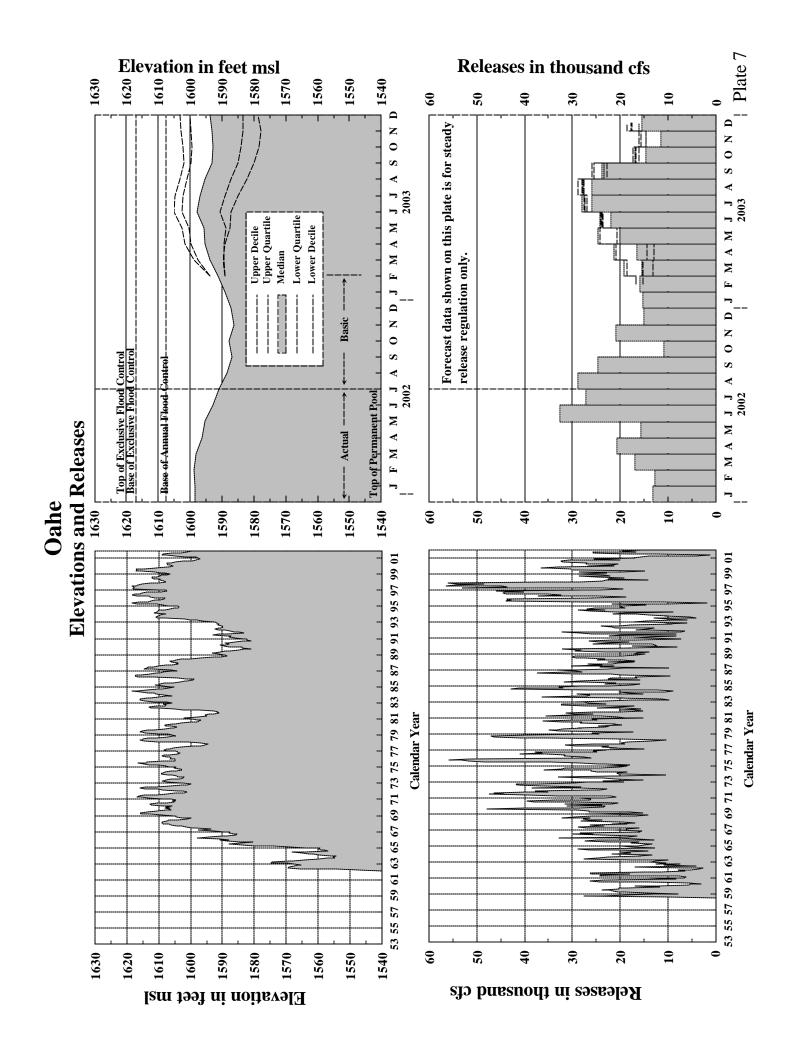
Summary of Engineering Data Missouri River Main Stem System				
Big Bend Dam - Lake Sharpe	Fort Randall Dam - Lake Francis Case	Gavins Point Dam - Lewis & Clark Lake	Total	Item Remarks No.
21 miles upstream Chamberlain, SD Mile 987.4 249,330 (1) 5,840	Near Lake Andes, SD Mile 880.0 263,480 (1) 14,150	Near Yankton, SD Mile 811.1 279,480 (1) 16,000		1 (1) Includes 4,280 square 2 miles of non-contributing 3 areas.
80, ending near Pierre, SD	107, ending at Big Bend Dam	25, ending near Niobrara, NE	755 miles	(2) Includes 1,350 square miles of non-contributing areas.
200 (elevation 1420) 28,900	540 (elevation 1350) 30,000 1,100	90 (elevation 1204.5) 32,000 2,000	5,940 miles	5 (3) With pool at base of flood control.
440,000 (April 1952)	447,000 (April 1952)	480,000 (April 1952)		<ul> <li>(4) Storage first available for regulation of flows.</li> <li>(5) Damming height is height</li> </ul>
1959 1964	1946 1953	1952 1955		from low water to maximum operating pool. Maximum
1440 10,570 (including spillway) 78 95 1200, 700	1395 10,700 (including spillway) 140 165 4300, 1250	1234 8,700 (including spillway) 45 74 850, 450	71,596 863 feet	height is from average streambed to top of dam.  11 (6) Based on latest available storage data.  13 (7) River regulation is attained by flows over low-crested spillway and through
Pierre shale & Niobrara chalk	Niobrara chalk	Niobrara chalk & Carlile shale		turbines.  (8) Length from upstream face
Rolled earth, shale, chalk fill 17,000,000 540,000 24 July 1963	Rolled earth fill & chalk berms 28,000,000 & 22,000,000 961,000 20 July 1952	Rolled earth & chalk fill 7,000,000 308,000 31 July 1955	358,128,000 cu. yds 5,554,000 cu. yds.	16 of outlet or to spiral case. 17 (9) Based on 8th year (1961) 18 of drought drawdown 19 (From study 8-83-1985).
Left bank - adjacent 1385 376 gated 8 - 40' x 38' Tainter 390,000 at elev 1433.6 270,000	Left bank - adjacent 1346 1000 gated 21 - 40' x 29' Tainter 620,000 at elev 1379.3 508,000	Right bank - adjacent 1180 664 gated 14 - 40' x 30' Tainter 584,000 at elev 1221.4 345,000		(10) Affected by level of Lake Francis case. Applicable to pool at elevation 1350. (11) Spillway crest. (12) 1967-2001 Average (13) Source: Annual Report on Civil Works Activities of th Corps of Engineers. Extrac
1423 msl 61,000 acre: 1422 msl 60,000 acre: 1420 msl 57,000 acre: 1415 msl 51,000 acre:	1365 msl 95,000 acres 1350 msl 77,000 acres	1208 msl 28,000 acres 1204.5 msl 24,000 acres	1,147,000 acres 989,000 acres	Report Fiscal Year 1999. 26 (14) Based on Study 8-83-1985 27 28 29
1422-1420 117,000 a.f 1420-1345 1,682,000 a.f 1423-1345 1,859,000 a.f November 1963 25 March 1964		1208-1204.5 90,000 a.f. 1204.5-1160 321,000 a.f.	11,656,000 a.f. 38,983,000 a.f. 18,084,000 a.f.	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
None (7)	Left Bank 4 - 22' diameter	None (7)		38 39
None (7)	1013 2 - 11' x 23' per conduit, vertical lift, cable suspension	None (7)		40 41
1385 (11)	1229 Elev 1375	1180 (11)		42 43
1351-1355(10) 25,000-100,000 cfs	32,000 cfs - 128,000 cfs 1228-1239 5,000-60,000 cfs	1155-1163 15,000-60,000 cfs		44
70 None: direct intake	117 8 - 28' dia., 22' penstocks 1,074	48 None: direct intake	764 feet 55,083	45 46 47
None 8 Fixed blade, 81.8 rpm	59' dia, 2 per alternate penstock 8 Francis, 85.7 rpm	None 3 Kaplan, 75 rpm	36 units	48 49
67' 103,000 cf	112' 44,500 cfs	48' 36,000 cfs		50
3 - 67,276, 5 - 58,500 494,320 497,000 1,041 October 1964 - July 1966	40,000 320,000 293,000 1,843 March 1954 - January 1956	44,100 132,300 74,000 754 September 1956 - January 1957	2,435,650 kw 1,967,000 kw 10,077 million kWh July 1943 - July 1966	51 52 53 Corps of Engineers, U.S. Army 54 Compiled by 55 Northwestern Division
\$107,498,000	\$199,066,000	\$49,617,000	\$1,166,404,000	56 Missouri River Region May 2001

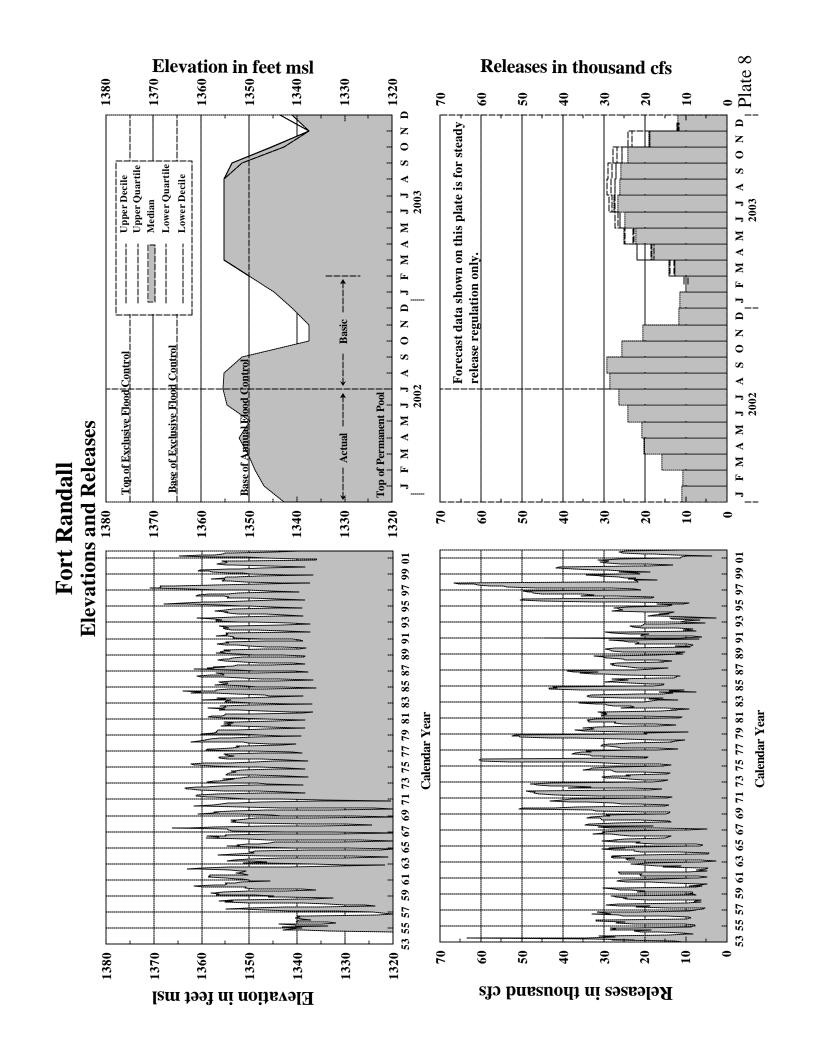




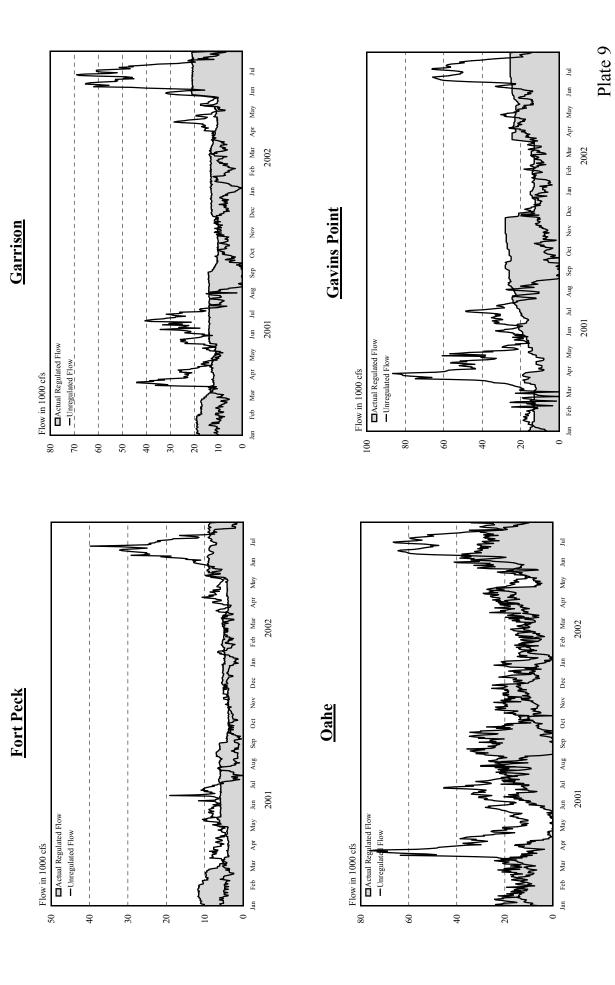


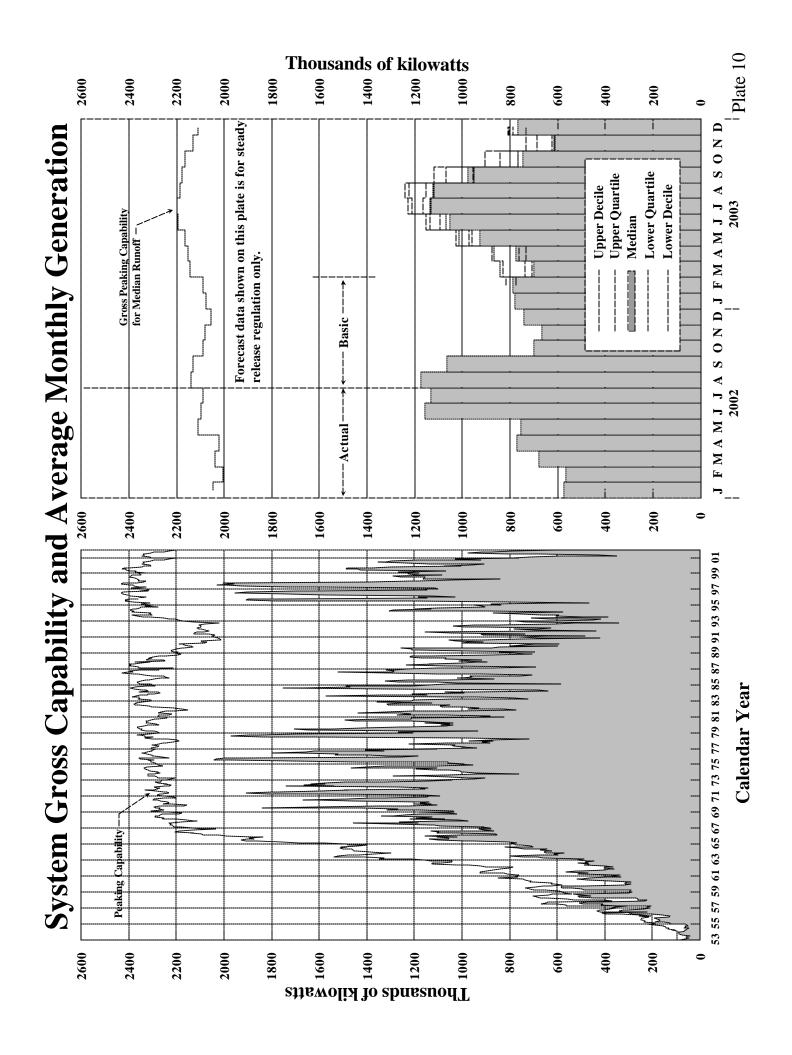






## Reservoir Release and Unregulated Flow





2003

STUDY NO 1

TIPE OF I	31001 14.20.43									
			VALUES	IN	1000	AF	EXCEPT	AS	INDICATED	
	2.1 7000 0.0	2002								

DAIL OF BIOD	1 05/10/	· ·						2002 20			
TIME OF STUD	Y 14:26:	43				1121111	C TN 10	00 812 123	XCEPT AS	TNDTC	a mra
31Л	UL02		200	2		VALUE	S IN 10	OU AF E.	KCEPT AS	2 INDICA	ATE
	INI-SUM	31AUG	30SEP	310CT	15NOV	22NOV	3 ONOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB	
PODT DECK											
NAT INFLOW	2425	300	320	400	195	91	104	335	315	365	
FORT PECK NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	-480	-37	-138	-76	-12	-6	-6	- 72	-84	-49	
EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW	355 2550	72 265	90 368	79 397	36 171	17	19 91	366	300	414	
RELEASE	3425	553	417	309	150	69	111	615	646	555	
STOR CHANGE	-875	-288	-49	88	21	10	-20	-249	-247	-141	
STORAGE	12247	11959	11910	11997	12019	12029	12009	11760	11513	11372	
DISCH KCFS	8.6	9.0	7.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	7.0	10.0	10.5	10.0	
POWER											
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	W	116	90	65	65	64	90	128	133	126	
ENERGY GWH	528.7	86.0	64.6	48.0	23.3	10.8	17.3	95.0	99.0	84.7	
GARRISON NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FIMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	2610	400	400	525	205	96	100	255	260	260	
DEPLETION	-83	32	-94	60	-51	-24	-27	-18	7	32	
CHAN STOR	-15	- 4	21	20		0	-21	-31	- 5	5	
EVAPORATION PEG INFLOW	419 5684	831	853 T08	701	364	170	205	48	902	000	
RELEASE	8224	1291	1160	857	415	222	301	1230	1414	1333	
STOR CHANGE	-2539	-461	-337	-155	-51	-52	-97	-421	-521	-444	
STORAGE FLEV FTMSI.	16236	19775	15438	15283	15232	15180	15083	14662	14141	13697	
DISCH KCFS	20.8	21.0	19.5	13.9	13.9	16.0	19.0	20.0	23.0	24.0	
POWER		250									
AVE POWER M	w	354	230 351	164	164	188	222	232	263	271	
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	1156.9	186.0	165.7	122.1	58.9	31.5	42.6	172.5	195.6	182.0	
ONTE											
NAT INFLOW	340	3.5	80	60	33	15	17		10	90	
DEPLETION	164	83	21	-6	3	1	í	13	18	30	
CHAN STOR	-16	-1	7	27	0	-10	-15	-5	-15	-5	
REG INFLOW	8020	1167	1134	869	3/ 408	209	19 284	1170	1392	1388	
RELEASE	7902	1778	1466	666	710	333	201	931	935	882	
OAHE NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER M	118	-611	-332 13247	203	-302	-123	13107	239	457	506	
ELEV FTMSL	1590.8	1588.3	1586.9	1587.7	1586.4	1585.9	1586.3	1587.3	1589.2	1591.2	
DISCH KCFS	27.2	28.9	24.6	10.8	23.9	24.0	12.7	15.1	15.2	15.9	
AVE POWER M	W	338	285	126	275	275	146	175	177	107	
PEAK POW MW	•	612	605	609	603	600	602	607	617	627	
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	1110.6	251.2	205.1	93.5	99.0	46.2	28.0	130.0	131.8	125.7	
EVAPORATION	97	20	25	22	10	5	5	11			
REG INFLOW	7805	1758	1441	645	700	328	196	919	935	882	
STORAGE	1668	1682	1682	1682	1682	1682	1682	1682	1682	1682	
ELEV FTMSL	1419.8	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	
BIG BEND EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	26.5	28.4	24.2	10.5	23.5	23.6	12.4	15.0	15.2	15.9	
AVE POWER M	W	133	115	53	118	118	62	75	75	76	
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	457 0	509	523	538	538	538	538	538	538	529	
IND IDNAMA	457.6	98.6	82./	39.5	42.4	19.9	12.0	55.8	55.7	51.2	
FORT RANDAL	LL				_	_					
DEPLETION	34	15	30	10	5	2	3	10	20	50	
EVAPORATION	104	25	3 Í	22	8	4	4	10	3	3	
REG INFLOW	7806	1734	1434	625	694	326	195	916	952	929	
STOR CHANGE	-448	-22	-308	-945	694	326	196	713	701	555	
STORAGE	3572	3550	3242	2297	2297	2297	2296	2499	2750	3124	
FORT RANDAI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FIMSL DISCH KCFS	1355.5	1355.2	1351.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1341.0	1344.8	1350.0	
POWER	26.3	28.6	29.3	25.5	23.3	23.5	12.4	11.6	11.4	10.0	
AVE POWER MV		240	242	196	169			86	87	80	
PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		355 178.8								338	
		1,0.0	1/4.4	140.0	60.7	28.5	17.3	63.9	65.0	53.6	
GAVINS POIN	NT	3.0		100					_	_	
DEPLETION	650 28	10	75 -5	100	60 5	28 2	32 3	100 10	100 1	125	
CHAN STOR	30	-4	-1	7	4	0 2		1	0	3	
EVAPORATION	36	1765	9	8	_ 4	. 2	2 244	4			
NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE	8852	1765 1734	1811 1785	1666 1666	750 750	350	744	200	900	683 722	
STOR CHANGE	18	31	26	2000	.50	230	277	800	800	-39	
STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL	18 340 1205.3	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358	
DISCH KCFS	25.5	28.2	30.0	27.1	25.2	25.2	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5 13 n	1206.0	
POWER	, ,										
POWER AVE POWER MV PEAK POW MW	4	96 115	103 117	95 117	88 117		55 117	46 78 34.4	46	46	
PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	372.5	71.2	74.0	70.6	31.8	14.9	117 10.5	34.4	78 34.4	76 30.8	
GAVINS POIN				•						23.0	
		JX CITY- 70	80	70	38	18	20	45	35	85	
DEPLETION	460 109	33	21	70 9	5	2			12	13	
REGULATED FLC KAF	W AT SIC	OUX CITY 1771 28.8									
KCFS	7403	28.8	31.0	28.1	782 26.3	365 26.3		834 13.6	823 13.4	794 14.3	
						-0.5	20.5	13.0	13.4	14.3	
TOTAL NAT INFLOW	6645	865	985	1165	535	250	285	745	740	1075	
DEPLETION	-228	136	-188	-10	-50		-26 -26	-53	740 -43	1075 29	
CHAN STOR EVAPORATION	-8 1274	- 9 286	26	- '	126	-10	1.4	-35	-19	3	
STORAGE	48254	286 46917	356 45916	305 45106	136 44775	63 44610	72 44574	157 44347	44287	44542	
SYSTEM POWER	!										
AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW		1172 2139	1065 2131	699 2090	878 2084	903	665	741	781	786	
ENERGY GWH		871.9	766.5	519.8	316.2	151.8	127.6	205/ 551.6	781 2076 581.4	2090 528.1	
DAILY GWH		28.1	25.5	16.8	21.1	21.7	16.0	17.8		18.9	
	TNT - CITM	ייינות ב	30000	2100	1 535011						

INI-SUM 31AUG 30SEP 31OCT 15NOV 22NOV 30NOV 31DEC 31JAN 28FEB

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VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED 31JUL02 2002 INI-SUM 31AUG 30SEP 31OCT 15NOV 22NOV 30NOV 31DEC 31JAN 28FEB -FORT PECK --NAT INFLOW DEPLETION 480 234 -37 14 257 109 -17 125 402 438 -105 68 421 -82 60 502 335 167 -39 54 345 -20 8 137 -127 32 497 -682 -150 -105 EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW RELEASE 242 3350 120 528 769 543 127 10 12358 3720 553 417 162 95 76 44 615 117--370 12247 -209 12038 12043 STOR CHANGE -241 -123 STORAGE ELEV FTMSL 12348 12358 12241 2220.3 2220.4 2219.7 5.5 8.0 10.0 12304 12210 12000 2218.4 2219.8 2218.6 8.6 9.0 2218.6 2219.6 2220.1 7.0 5.5 5.5 DISCH KCFS 12.5 12.0 POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW 90 194 64.7 71 196 116 70 103 160 153 196 25.4 194 119.2 196 196 193 ENERGY GWH 578.4 86.1 52.3 11.9 19.9 96.0 102.9 --GARRISON-NAT INFLOW 131 -17 -26 3132 480 630 57 246 -31 115 -14 432 80 -35 287 DEPLETION -54 21 101 -12 -21 37 12 38 CHAN STOR EVAPORATION 16 71 853 864 0 17 422 -26 -4 65 5 8 197 81 6449 8370 863 1291 890 1190 1043 1476 -433 14638 REG INFLOW 239 876 1066 RELEASE 1230 -354 15071 418 195 317 STOR CHANGE -1921 -428 -300 5507 -11 15497 4 15501 15503 -78 15425 -323 STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS 16236 15808 14315 1831.1 1829.6 1828.5 14.1 1828.5 14.1 1828.2 1828.5 1828.5 20.8 21.0 20.0 14.1 20.0 24.0 25.0 POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW 250 236 351 170.1 166 351 123.6 166 235 286 354 1185.1 186.0 351 351 350 347 342 338 ENERGY GWH 59.8 45.2 174.1 206.4 --OAHE--NAT INFLOW 39 3 0 72 21 18 108 164 -20 251 -6 29 DEPLETION 83 21 107 1 -29 13 18 30 CHAN STOR EVAPORATION 0 33 1184 -1 57 5 71 -19 -5 15 440 683 -243 13506 62 909 251 57 8343 1192 7590 1753 753 -561 14191 13630 1590.8 1588.5 27.2 28.5 REG INFLOW RELEASE 1199 1428 205 300 1451 1462 319 -114 13392 900 284 13787 912 539 563 189 STOR CHANGE -228 13402 346 13748 617 STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS 13503 14327 14944 1587.5 24.0 1587.9 1587.5 1589.0 11.9 14.6 14.8 15.2 POWER AVE POWER MW 107 616 79.5 267 611 333 278 266 PEAK POW MW 608 44.7 611 26.6 617 627 ENERGY GWH 1073.9 247.8 200.3 96.0 127.1 129.9 -- BIG BEND--66 7525 7511 1668 EVAPORATION 16 547 547 15 19 2 317 317 2 187 187 9 891 1409 1409 1682 1738 1724 REG INFLOW 679 912 912 1682 420.0 845 RELEASE 891 1682 1420.0 1 679 845 1682 STORAGE 1682 20.0 1682 120.0 1682 420.0 1682 1420.0 1682 ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS 1419.8 1420.0 26.5 28.0 1420.0 23.7 8.9 22.8 22.8 11.8 14.5 14.8 POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 131 60 73 73 523 80.9 538 538 19.2 538 11.4 509 538 538 538 529 441.2 97.5 33.5 41.2 54.1 54.3 49.0 FORT RANDALL NAT INFLOW 192 36 15 19 36 7 12 6 3 3 12 24 3 60 DEPLETION EVAPORATION 34 72 1 16 23 1415 1724 318 318 318 679 679 1726 1748 -22 REG INFLOW RELEASE 7588 534 1478 189 893 933 902 8036 189 690 203 2297 137.5 22.8 STOR CHANGE -448 -309 3241 -944 2297 250 STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS 374 3572 3550 2297 2297 2500 2750 1355.5 1355.2 1337.5 1337.5 1351.5 44.8 350.0 26.3 28.4 29.0 11.9 11.2 11.1 9.5 POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW 239 185 283 137.6 165 284 59.4 240 166 85 76 343 172.7 284 16.7 284 300 317 338 ENERGY GWH 768.4 178.0 27.8 --GAVINS POINT-NAT INFLOW DEPLETION 72 5 2 34 2 0 90 -5 36 120 38 120 150 28 31 10 2 10 3 20 1 CHAN STOR EVAPORATION -4 5 -1 7 3 24 8795 8777 18 1765 1734 31 REG INFLOW 1811 349 349 244 798 802 802 681 720 RELEASE 747 1785 1599 244 STOR CHANGE 26 397 -39 340 1205.3 25.5 STORAGE 371 397 397 397 397 397 397 358 1206.5 28.2 ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS 1207.5 1207.5 1207.5 25.1 1207.5 25.1 1207.5 207.5 207.5 206.0 30.0 26.0 15.4 13.0 POWER AVE POWER MW 96 103 46 78 46 78 46 PEAK POW MW 115 71.2 117 74.0 117 117 31.7 117 117 ENERGY GWH 369.4 14.8 10.5 34.3 --GAVINS POINT SIOUX CITY-NAT INFLOW DEPLETION 552 109 84 96 21 84 9 45 5 21 2 24 3 54 11 42 12 102 33 13 AT SIOUX CITY 9220 1785 REGULATED FLOW AT KAF KCFS 1785 29.0 1860 1674 787 841 13.7 809 27.2 26.4 26.4 16.7 13.5 14.6 --TOTAL-NAT INFLOW 1182 -115 24 269 46272 7974 1038 1398 642 -55 300 342 -29 -34 29 894 888 1290 -267 -32 943 DEPLETION 203 -102 -19 120 -19 46 -25 -104 -45 CHAN STOR EVAPORATION STORAGE -21 -9 215 0 25 4 231 45831 48254 47080 STORAGE SYSTEM POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH DAILY GWH 45687 45619 45662 45794 46300 1059 2136 762.7 871 2097 313.5 20.9 871 2094 146.3 20.9 1165 664 2100 678 736 817 815 2141 866.7 2074 547.4 17.7 2096 130.2 2096 607.6 2113 547.6 4416.4 28.0 25.4 16.3 19.6 19.6

INI-SUM 31AUG 30SEP 31OCT 15NOV 22NOV

30NOV 31DEC 31JAN 28FEB

STUDY NO 3 2003

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31.50	JL02 INI-SUM	31AUG	200 30SEP		15NOV						TIED
FORT PECK										292	
DEPLETION EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW	1940 -302 439 1803 3128 -1325	90 164	112 234	98 274	44 137	73 -12 21 64 56	24 73	268 -83 51 300	-19 271		
RELEASE STOR CHANGE	3128 -1325	553 -389	387 -153	249 26	120 16	56 8	95 -22	584 -284	584		
STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	2219.8 8.6	2217.6	2216.7 6.5	2216.9	2217.0	2217.0 4.0	2216.9 6.0	11449 2215.2 9.5	2213.4 9.5	10922 2212.1	
POWER AVE POWER MV	1	115	83	52 192		51				112	
AVE POWER MV PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	479.6	193 85.9	192 59.7	192 38.4	192 18.6	51 192 8.6	192 14.7	120 190 89.5	10,	103	
GARRISON- NAT INFLOW	2088	320	320	420	164	77	87	204	208	288	
CHAN STOR	-263 -4 523	10 -4 109	-115 26	30 25 116	-69 52	-32 0	-37 -21	-39 -36	-14	3 5	
NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE	4951 8038	750 1291 -541	713 1160	548 791	301 383	140 179 - 39	171 254	732 1230	806 1445	790 1305	
STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	-3086 16236	-541 15695	-448 15247	-243 15005	-81 14923	179 -39 14885	-83 14802	-498 14304	-639 13665	-515 13150	
								20.0	23.5	23.5	
AVE POWER MV PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	1122.6	250 353	229 348	151 346	150 345	150 345	344	230 338		262 325	
OAHE	1122.6	185.8	165.2	112.1	54.0	25.3	35.7				
OAHE NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER MW	272 164	28 83	64 21	48 -6	26 3	12 1	14 1	13	8 18	72 30	
EVAPORATION REG INFLOW	452 7679	95 1141	116 1094	101 777	45 361	21 169	-15 24 227	-20 51 1145	-17 1418	1347	
RELEASE STOR CHANGE	8121 -442	1803 -663	1504 -409	701 75	728 -367	341 -172	211 17	956 189	956 461	920 427	
ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	1590.8 27.2	13528 1588.0 29.3	1586.3	13195 1586.6 11.4	12827 1585.0 24.5	12655 1584.3 24.6	12672 1584.4	12861 1585.2	13322 1587.2	13749 1589.0	
POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW	!	342	291	132	280 595	279	151	178	179	193	
ENERGY GWH		911	502	604	595	591 46.9	592	596 132.1	607	616	
BIG BEND- EVAPORATION	121	24	. 31	27	_12	. 6	7	14			
REG INFLOW RELEASE STORAGE	7986 1668	1779 1765 1682	1473 1473 1682	674 674 1682	716 716	336 336 1682	204 204 1682	942 942	956 956	920 920	
EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	1419.8 26.5	1420.0 28.7	1420.0 24.7	1420.0 11.0	1420.0 24.1	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	
POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		134	117	55 538 41.3		121	65	77		79 529	
						20.3	12.5	57.2	56.9	53.4	
FORT RANDAL NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	128	24 15	24	8	4	2	2	8	16	40	
EVAPORATION REG INFLOW	130 7943	32 1742	39 1451	27 647	10 707	5 332	202	12 935	969	957	
RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE	8390 -448 3572	1764 -22	1759 -308	1592 -945	707 0	332 0	202	732 203	719 250	583 374	
ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	1355.5	1355.2	1351.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1341.0 11.9	1344.8 11.7	1350.0 10.5	
POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW		241 355	245 343	199	172	173	93	88	90	84	
ENERGY GWH	801.0	179.6	176.1	283 148.0				300 65.6	317 66.7	338 56.3	
GAVINS POIN NAT INFLOW DEPLETION		10	60 -5	80 2			26	80	80	100	
CHAN STOR EVAPORATION	29 44	- 5 8	-2 11	7 10	4 5	0 2	3 21 2	10 1 5	0	2	
REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE	8867 8849 18	1765 1734 31	1811 1785 26	1666 1666	750 750		243 243	798 798	799 799	685 724	
STORAGE ELEV FTMSL	340 1205.3	371 1206.5	397	397 1207.5	1207.5	397 1207.5	397 1207.5	397 1207.5	397 1207.5	-39 358 1206.0	
DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER MW	25.5	28.2 96	30.0 103	27.1 95	25.2	25.2	15.3	13.0	13.0	13.0	
PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		115	117 74.0	117 70.6	88 117 31.8	88 117 14.9	54 117 10.4	46 78 34.3	46 78 34.3	46 76 30.9	
GAVINS POIN' NAT INFLOW	368	56	64	56	30	14	16	36	28	68	
DEPLETION REGULATED FLOW KAF	109 W AT SIC 9108	33 UX CITY 1757	. 21 1828	9 1713	5 775	2 362	3 256	11 823	12 815	13 779	
KCFS TOTAL		28.6	30.7	27.9				13.4	13.3	14.0	
NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	5316 -230	692 137	788 -161	932 -16	428 -81	200 -38	228 -43	596 -85	592 1	860 55	
CHAN STOR EVAPORATION	3 1710	-10 358	31 444	58 379	2 168	0 78	-14 89	-55 193	-17	8	
STORAGE SYSTEM POWER AVE POWER MW	48254	46684 1179	45393 1069	44306 683	43874 863	43671 863	43583 626	43192 739	42952 776	42985 776	
PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	4378.9	2136 876.9	2124 769.4	2079 508.4	2071 310.6	2067 145.0	2066 120.1	2039 549.7	2058 577.5	2069 521.3	
DAILY GWH	NIT CIM	28.3	25.6	16.4	20.7	20.7	15.0	17.7	18.6	18.6	

INI-SUM 31AUG 30SEP 31OCT 15NOV 22NOV 30NOV 31DEC 31JAN 28FEB

TIME OF ST	JDY 12:13	•			CWCP, S	TEADY R		3 AOP UE	PER DEC	CILE RUN	OFF SIM	ULATION	99001	9901		AGE DY NO	1
28	SFEB03		20			VALUE	S IN 1	000 AF E						20	004	DI NO	4
FORT PEC	INI-SU	M 15MAI	R 22MA	R 31MAF	R 30APR	31MAY	30501	N 31JUL	31AUC	30SEE	310CT	15NOV	22NOV	7 30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	29FEB
NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	7 960 26	8 -31					249: 48:						98 - 9				400
EVAPORATIO MOD INFLOW	901	2 351					2002	21 2 1034	66 486	84 400	74 508	18	8 99	10	39		-122 522
RELEASE STOR CHANG STORAGE	505 E 395 1187	6 172	94	121	430	944	506 1496	5 512	-37	43	229	94	55 44	127 -14	523 -100	553 -106	489 33
ELEV FTMSI DISCH KCFS	2217.	7 2218.7	2219.2	2219.9	2222.3	2227.3	15135 2234.7 8.5	7 2237.0	2236.9	2237.0	2238.1	2238.5	16019 2238.7	2238.6	2238.2	2237.7	
POWER AVE POWER		77		65	65	79	114					4.0	4.0			9.0 124	8.5 117
PEAK POW M ENERGY GWH		194 7 27.7				203 59.0	209 82.4		210 86.8	211	211	212 19.8	212 9.3	212		211 92.1	211 81.4
GARRISC		9 515	240	309	1376	1934	3530	2647	941	F24	<b>650</b>	252					
DEPLETION CHAN STOR	121 3	3 33	16	20		268 -10	919	545	841 53		652 -3 14	260 -98 5	121 -46			348 -116	434 -83
EVAPORATIO REG INFLOW RELEASE	1773	1 724				2025	3091		74 1237	93	80 868	19 463	9 213	10 268	42 886	-5 1012	5 1011
STOR CHANG STORAGE	1483 E 289 1431	9 248	83	93	534	1291 733 16005	1428	1188	1353 -116	-147	1058 -189	458 5	214 0	286 -18	1230 -344	1476 -463	1381 -370
ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	1824.	1 1825.0	1825.3	1825.7	1827.7		17668 1836.0 24.0	1839.9			18403 1838.4 17.2	18408 1838.5 15.4	18408 1838.5 15.4	1838.4	1837.3	17583 1835.8	
POWER AVE POWER : PEAK POW M		184	185		221	248	291	287	278	240	216	194	194	18.0 226	20.0	24.0 297	24.0 294
ENERGY GWH		341 66.2	342 31.0		349 159.2	357 184.4	373 209.2		383 206.5	382 172.5	380 161.0	380 69.7	380 32.5	380 43.4	377 185.9	372 220.8	369 204.7
OAHE- NAT INFLOW	3850		261	335	474	347	881	297	123	163	102	109	51	58	22	10	50
DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION	570	7 41	10	13	45 -13	62 -8	120 -13	138 4	90 4	23 12	-7 8	2 8	1	1 -11	11 -8	15 -17	59 25
REG INFLOW RELEASE	N 327 17792 13936	2 1054	473 197	608 229	1547 765	1568 1238	2177 1415	1555 1607	69 1321	86 1197	75 1100	18 555	8 256	10 322	40 1193	1454	1415
STOR CHANG STORAGE	E 3857 14944	7 672 1 15616	276 15892	378 16270	781 17051	330 17381	762 18143	1687 -132 18012	1772 -452 17560	1544 -347 17213	1063 37 17249	511 44 17294	237 18 17312	205 117 17429	1076 117	945 509	670 745
ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	1593.8 15.2	3 1596.3 12.8	1597.4 14.2	1598.7 12.9	1601.5 12.9	1602.7 20.1	1605.2 23.8			1602.1		1602.4			17546 1603.2 17.5	18056 1605.0 15.4	18800 1607.4 11.6
AVE POWER I		155 652	173 657	158 664	160 679	253 685	301 699	349 696	365 688	326	217	216	215	163	221	195	150
ENERGY GWH	2127.4		29.1	34.2	115.4	188.1	216.9	259.9	271.5	682 235.0	682 161.8	683 77.8	684 36.1	686 31.4	688 164.5	697 145.4	710 104.4
BIG BENI EVAPORATION REG INFLOW	71 71 13865		197	229	765	1000		5	15	19	16	4	2	2	9		
RELEASE STORAGE	13865 1682	381	197 1682	229 1682	765 765 1682	1238 1238 1682	1415 1415 1682	1682 1682 1682	1758 1758 1682	1526 1526	1047 1047	507 507	235 235	203 203	1067 1067	945 945	670 670
ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	1420.0 15.2	1420.0						1420.0		1682 1420.0 25.6	1682 1420.0 17.0	1682 1420.0 17.0	1682 1420.0 17.0	1682 1420.0 12.8	1682 1420.0 17.4	1682 1420.0 15.4	1682 1420.0
POWER AVE POWER N PEAK POW MW		61 <b>51</b> 7	66 509	60 509	60 509	94 509	111	128	134	122	84	86	85	65	86	75	11.6 56
ENERGY GWH	800.1	21.9	11.1	13.0	43.4	70.1	509 80.1	509 95.3	509 99.5	517 87.5	538 62.1	538 30.8	538 14.3	538 12.4	538 63.8	538 55.7	529 38.9
FORT RANDA NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	ւեն 1501 80		89 1	114	298	159	224	111	72	92	60	5	2	3	23	10	49
EVAPORATION REG INFLOW	15205	_	285	1 343	4 1059	9 1388	12 1627	18 6 1769	15 19 1796	7 24 1587	1 19	1 4	0 2	1 2	3 8	3	3
RELEASE STOR CHANGE		291	151 134	343	1059	1388	1627	1769	1796	1731 -144	1087 1712 -625	507 821 -314	236 383 -148	204 226 -22	1079 713 366	952 695	716 512
STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	3124 1350.0 9.5		3549 1355.2 10.9			3549 1355.2			3549 1355.2	3405	2780	2467 1340.4	2319 1337.9	2297	2663 1343.5	257 2920 1347.2 1	204 3124 1350.0
POWER AVE POWER M	W	78	92	19.2	17.8 151	22.6 190	27.3	28.8 242	29.2 245	29.1 243	27.8 223	27.6	27.6	14.2	11.6	11.3	8.9
PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	1507.2	350 28.0	355 15.4	355 35.1	355 108.5	355 141.7	355 165.6	355 179.9	355 182.6	349 174.8	319 165.9	209 297 75.1	202 285 33.9	104 284 19.9	87 311 64.7	89 328 65.8	72 338 50.0
GAVINS POI	NT 2252	107	50	64	246	319	281	211	1.50					-515		05.0	30.0
DEPLETION CHAN STOR	114	0	0 -3	0 -16	5	19 -9	24 -9	211 39 -3	170 10 -1	135 -5 0	157 2 2	60 5 0	28 2 0	32 3 25	95 10 5	106 1	191
EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE	26 17317 17317	387 387	198 198	391 391	1303 1303	1679 1679	1874	1937	5 1950	7 1865	6 1863	1 875	1 408	1 279	3 800	1 800	4 707
STOR CHANGE STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	1874 358	1937 358	1937 13 371	1839 26 397	1863 397	875 397	408	279	800	800	746 -39
ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	1206.0 13.0	1206.0 13.0	1206.0 14.3	1206.0 21.9	1206.0 3 21.9	1206.0 1 27.3	206.0	1206.0 1 31.5	1206.5 31.5	1207.5 30.9	1207.5 30.3	1207.5 1 29.4	397 1207.5 29.4	397 1207.5 1 17.6	397 1207.5 1 13.0	397 207.5 1 13.0	358 206.0 13.0
AVE POWER MY	W	46 114	50 114	75 114	75 114	93 114	104 114	104	105	105	104	102	102	62	46	46	46
ENERGY GWH	714.9	16.4	8.4	16.3	54.2	69.2	75.2	114 77.7	115 78.0	117 75.5	117 77.6	117 36.8	117 17.2	117 11.9	78 34.4	78 34.4	76 31.8
GAVINS POIN NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	NT - SIOU 3100 241	JX CITY- 195 6	91	117	1006	553	318	246	184	127	66	26	12	14	30	12	105
REGULATED FLO KAF	OW AT SIG 20176	OUX CITY 576	3 286	3 504	20 2289	34 2198	29 2163	36 2147	33 2088	22 1944	9	5	2	3	11	12	13
KCFS TOTAL		19.4	20.6	28.2	38.5	35.7	36.4	34.9	34.0	32.7	1920 31.2	895 30.1	418 30.1	290 18.3	819 13.3	800 13.0	838 14.6
NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	34502 2486	1885 30	879 14	1131 18	4197 152	4916 683	7725 1593	4731	1846	1470	1568	670	312	357	794	783	1238
CHAN STOR EVAPORATION	45 1174	104	8	-16	-10	-28	-47	940 1 78	105 3 248	-179 37 311	-49 24 270	-105 14	-49 0	-56 -25	-213 -8	-235 -21	-164 9
STORAGE SYSTEM POWER AVE POWER MW		47683 600	48269	48861			56536	58103	57511	56942		64 56223	30 56137	34 56200	140 56240	56437	57010
PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	8181.0	2168 216.1	630 2172 105.9	706 2181 152.5	733 2204 527.5	958 2223 712.5	1152 2259 829.4	1227 2270 912.8	1243 2261	1118 2258	907 2248	861 2227	853 2216	731 2216	807 2204	826 2225	735 2233
DAILY GWH	THE CON-	14.4	15.1	16.9	17.6	23.0	27.6	29.4	924.9 29.8	804.7 26.8	675.0 21.8	310.0	143.3 20.5	140.3 17.5	600.4 19.4		511.3 17.6
	INI-SUM	1 DMAR	∠∠MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	NUTO 8	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	310CT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN 2	29FEB

DATE OF STUDY 09/16/02

	DATE OF STO								OP UPPE	R QUART	ILE KUN	OFF SIM	ULATION	99001	9901	9901 P	AGE	1
	TIME OF STU		56			CP, STE			00 AF E	XCEPT A	SINDIC	ATED				STU	DY NO	5
	28	FEB03 INI-SUM	15MAR	200 22MAR		30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	310CT	15NOV	22NOV	20 30NOV		31JAN	29FEB
	FORT PEC NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	K 8901 215			178 -19	739 69	1487 291		1130 139		351 -105	492 -73	195	91	104	321	276	371
	EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW				196	670	1196		20 971		81 375	72	-27 33 189	-12 15 88	-14 17 101	-125 38 408	-150 426	-107 <b>4</b> 78
	RELEASE STOR CHANG	5218	179	69	89 107	327 343	430 766	536	553 417	553 -100	322 53		133 56	62 26	95	523 -114	553 -127	518 -40
	STORAGE ELEV FTMSL	11877 2217.7			12217 2219.6	12559		14609	15027	14927	14980 2233.9	15199	15254 2235.2	15281 2235.3	15286	15172	15044 2234.2	15005
	DISCH KCFS POWER	12.0			5.0	5.5	7.0		9.0		5.4	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.0	8.5	9.0	9.0
	AVE POWER I PEAK POW MI ENERGY GWH		77 194 27.7	195	65 195 13.9	71 198 51.4	92 202 68.4		122 208 90.8	122 208 91.0	74 208 53.0	61 209 45.4	61 209 22.0	61 209 10.3	82 209 15.7	116 209 86.3	123 208 91.2	122 208 85.2
	GARRISON NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	N 12901 1206		225 16	289 20	1250 9	1723 310	3207 907	2405 514	764 51	522 -121	593 -2	236 -94	110 -44	126 -50	260 -138	316 -120	394 -87
	CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW	32 N 366 16579		10		-5	-16	-21	22	71	36 88	9 77	35	16	-15 18	- 25 40	-5	
	RELEASE STOR CHANG	14619	476	289 215 74	358 277 81	1563 1101	1828 1291	2815 1428	2422 1445	1196 1414	912 1087	803 885	428 428	200 200	237 286	856 1230	984 1476	999 1381
	STORAGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL	14315		14601	14683	462 15145 1827.2	537 15681 1829.2		978 18046	-218 17827	-175 17653	-82 17570	17570	17570	-48 17522	-374 17148	-491 16656	-382 16275
	DISCH KCFS POWER	25.0		15.5	15.5	18.5	21.0	1834.0 24.0	1837.3 23.5	1836.6 23.0	1836.0 18.3	1835.7 14.4	1835.7 14.4	1835.7 14.4	1835.6 18.0	1834.3 20.0	1832.6 24.0	1831.3 24.0
	AVE POWER I		184 341	179 341	179 342	215 347	246 353	288 367	289 377	285 375	226 373	178 372	178 372	178 372	222 372	245 368	291 363	288 359
	ENERGY GWH	2139.2		30.0	38.7	154.7	183.4	207.0	215.1	212.2	162.9	132.6	64.1	29.9	42.6	182.5	216.5	200.6
	OAHE-	3200	460	214	276	394	285	749	246	103	135	85	91	42	48	18	5	49
	DEPLETION CHAN STOR	570 6	22 41	10 2	13	45 ~13	62 -11	120 -13	138 2	90 2	23 20	-7 17	2 0	1	1 -16	11 -9	15 -17	25
	EVAPORATION REG INFLOW	16908	955	422	539	1437	1503	2044	21 1534	67 1362	83 1136	72 922	32 485	15 226	17 300	38 1190	1449	1405
	RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE	14064 2844 14944	562 393 15337	108 313 15650	265 275	858 579	1265 238	1402 642	1655 -122	1719 -357	1510 -374	1019 -97	493	229 -2	204 97	1093 97	948 500	734 670
	ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS		1595.3		15925 1597.5 14.8		16742 1600.4		17262 1602.3		16531	16434 1599.3		16424				17788 1604.1
	POWER AVE POWER N		227	95	181	14.4 178	20.6 255	23.6 295	26.9 338	28.0 349	25.4	16.6 205	16.6	16.5	12.8	17.8	15.4	12.8
	PEAK POW MV ENERGY GWH		647 81.9	653 16.0	658 39.2	669	673 190.1	685 212.3	683 251.5	676 259.9	315 669 226.9	667 152.8	205 667 73.9	204 667 34.3	159 669 30.6	671	193 680	162 692
	BIG BENI		01.7	10.0	37.2	120.1	190.1	212.3	231.3	239.9	220.9	152.6	/3.9	34.3	30.6	164.2	143.4	112.4
	EVAPORATION REG INFLOW		562	108	265	858	1265	1402	5 1651	15 1704	19 1491	16 1002	7 485	3 225	4 200	9 1084	948	734
	RELEASE STORAGE	13986 1682	562 1682	108 1682	265 1682	858 1682	1265 1682	1402 1682	1651 1682	1704 1682	1491 1682	1002 1682	485 1682	225 1682	200 1682	1084 1682	948 1682	734 1682
	ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	1420.0 15.2	1420.0 18.9	1420.0 7.8			1420.0 20.6	1420.0 23.6	1420.0									1420.0
	POWER AVE POWER N		89	37	69	68	96	110	126	130	119	80	82	82	64	87	75	61
	PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	806.7	510 31.9	509 6.1	509 15.0	509 48.6	509 71.7	509 79.4	509 93.5	509 96.5	517 85.5	538 59.6	538 29.5	538 13.7	538 12.2	538 64.8	538 56.0	529 42.7
	FORT RANDA	LL 1200	142	66	85	239	150	195	89	65	<b>.</b>	2.0	•				_	
	DEPLETION EVAPORATION	80	1	1	1	4	9	12	18	15 19	64 7 24	38 1 19	3 1 7	1 0 3	1 1 3	18 3 8	5 3	39 3
	REG INFLOW RELEASE	15019 15019	702 295	174 157	349 349	1093 1093	1406 1406	1585 1585	1716 1716	1736 1736	1525 1669	1021 1651	480 790	223 369	198 219	1092 726	950 713	770 546
	STOR CHANGE STORAGE		408 3532	17 3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	0 3549	0 3549	-144 3405	-630 2775	-310 2465	-146 2319	-22 2297	366 2663	713 237 2900	546 224 3124
	ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	1350.0 9.5	1355.0 9.9	1355.2	1355.2 19.5											1343.5	1347.0 11.6	1350.0
	POWER AVE POWER M		82	96	165	155	193	224	235	237	234	215	201	195	101	88	91	77
	PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	1489.3	354 29.7	355 16.1	355 35.7	355 111.9	355 143.6	355 161.5	355 174.6	355 176.6	349 168.6	318 160.1	297 72.3	285 32.7	284 19.4	311 65.8	327 67.5	338 53.3
-	-GAVINS POI	NT 1899	0.3	4.4	5.0	207	0.55	02.5	4.70									
	DEPLETION CHAN STOR	114	93 0 -1	44 0 -3	56 0 -16	207 5 2	257 19 -9	237 24 -7	178 39	144 10	114 -5	132	51 5	24	27 3	86 10	89 1	161
	EVAPORATION REG INFLOW		388	198	389	1297	1636	1791	-2 2 1851	-1 5 1864	0 7 1781	2 6 1777	1 3 833	0 1	24 1	3	0	4
	RELEASE STOR CHANGE	16775	388	198	389	1297	1636	1791	1851	1851	1755	1777	833	389 389	266 266	802 802	802 802	711 750
	STORAGE ELEV FTMSL	358 1206.0	358 1206.0	358 1206.0	358 1206.0	358 1206.0	358 1206.0	358 1206.0	358 1206.0	371 1206.5	397	397 1207.5	397 1207.5	397 1207.5	397 1207.5	397 1207.5	397 1207.5	-39 358
	DISCH KCFS POWER	13.0	13.0	14.3	21.8	21.8	26.6	30.1	30.1	30.1	29.5	28.9	28.0	28.0	16.8	13.0	13.0	13.0
	AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW		46 114	50 114	75 114	75 114	91 114	101 114	101 114	102 115	102 117	101 117	98 117	98 117	59 117	46 78	46 78	46 76
	ENERGY GWH	698.3	16.4	8.4	16.2	54.0	67.5	72.8	75.2	75.6	73.1	75.1	35.3	16.5	11.4	34.5	34.4	32.0
	-GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	NT - SIOU 2500 241	181	85	109	811	406	252	199	148	97	53	21	10	11	24	10	84
	EGULATED FL KAF	OW AT SIC 19034	OUX CITY 563		3	20	34	29	36	33	22	9	5	2	3	11	12	13
	KCFS	19034	18.9	280 20.2	495 27.7	2088 35.1	2008 32.6	2014 33.8	2014 32.8	1966 32.0	1830 30.8	1821 29.6	849 28.5	396 28.5	274 17.3	815 13.3	800 13.0	821 14.3
	TOTAL NAT INFLOW	30601	1654	772	992	3640	4308	6949	4247	1647	1202	1202	505	250	34-	ne-		400-
	DEPLETION CHAN STOR	2426 37	31 103	14 10	19 -16	152 -16	725 -35	1581 -41	884 0	104	1283 -179 56	1393 -70 28	595 -108 1	278 -50 0	317 -57 -7	727 -228	701 -239	1098 -153
	EVAPORATION STORAGE	1247 46300	47463	47950	48413	49797	51337	54651	76 55924	241 55262	302 54648	261 54057	117 53795	54 53672	-7 62 53704	-30 135	-22	4
	SYSTEM POWE AVE POWER M	R	705	521	735	762	974	1138	1211	1226	1069	841	825	817	687	53679 804	53798 819	54231 756
	PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	8100.7	2161 253.8	2167 87.5	2174 158.7	2192 548.7	2206 724.6	2238 819.7	2247 900.7	2238 911.8	2234 770.0	2222 625.6	2200 297.1	2189 137.3	2189 131.9	2175 598.1	2195 609.0	756 2203 526.1
	DAILY GWH	****	16.9	12.5	17.6	18.3	23.4	27.3	29.1	29.4	25.7	20.2	19.8	19.6	16.5	19.3	19.6	18.1
		INI-SUM	15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	310CT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	29FEB

DATE OF STUDY 09/16/02		PREL	IMINARY	2002-20	03 AOP M	MEDIAN	RUNOFF		99001	9901	4 P	AGE	1
TIME OF STUDY 12:12:31		CWCP VALU	, STEADY ES IN 10	RELEAS	E, 5-DAY	SHORT	ENED SE	ASON				DY NO	6
28FEB03 INI-SUM 15MAR	2003 22MAR 31MAI	R 30APR 31MA				30SEP		15NOV	22 <b>N</b> OV	20 30 <b>N</b> OV	04 31DEC	31 <b>JAN</b>	29FEB
FORT PECK NAT INFLOW 7400 264 DEPLETION 122 -3 EVAPORATION 397 MOD_INFLOW 6881 267	123 158 -1 -2 125 160	2 70 30 0 558 90	4 316 6 1535	138 24 667		319 -99 95 323	398 -64 83 379	188 -33 38 182	88 -15 18 85	100 -17 20 97	310 -122 43 389	261 -149 410	349 -114 463
RELEASE 5799 179 STOR CHANGE 1082 89 STORAGE 11372 11461 ELEV FTMGL 2214.8 2215.3 DISCH KCFS 10.0 6.0 POWER	69 89 55 71 11516 11587 2215.6 2216.0 5.0 5.0	1 201 44 7 11788 1223 9 2217.2 2219.	5 970 3 13202 7 2225.0	83 13285 2225.4		396 -73 12963 2223.7 6.7	307 72 13034	149 34 13068 2224.3 5.0	97 -12 13056 2224.2 7.0	127 -30 13026	615 -226 12800	615 -205 12595 2221.7 10.0	604 -141 12454 2220.9 10.5
AVE POWER MW 76 PEAK POW MW 190 ENERGY GWH 914.6 27.3	63 63 190 191 10.6 13.7	l 192 19	6 201	125 202 93.3	125 200 93.1	88 200 63.1	66 200 49.0	66 200 23.7	92 200 15.5	105 200 20.2	131 199 97.4	130 198 96.9	136 197 94.8
GARRISON NAT INFLOW 11001 469 DEPLETION 1503 50 CHAN STOR -5 42 EVAPORATION 459	219 282 23 30 11		7 828	2066 556	581 81	497 -89 29	454 34 17	192 -92 0	89 -43 -20	102 -49 -10	253 -102 -20	237 -80	326 -51 -5
REG INFLOW 14834 640 RELEASE 13527 476 STOR CHANGE 1306 164 STORAGE 13697 13861 ELEV FTMSL 1821.7 1822.3 DISCH KCFS 24.0 16.0	276 341 208 268 67 73 13928 14001 1822.6 1822.9 15.0 15.0	3 1041 1199 3 29 393 1 14030 14423 9 1823.0 1824.9	9 1309 2 1365 3 15788 5 1829.5	28 2067 1322 745 16532 1832.2 21.5	88 996 1291 -295 16237 1831.1 21.0	110 901 917 -16 16221 1831.1 15.4	96 648 779 -132 16090 1830.6 12.7	43 389 377 12 16101 1830.7 12.7	20 189 236 -47 16054 1830.5 17.0	23 245 286 -41 16013 1830.3 18.0	900 1230 -330 15683 1829.2 20.0	932 1322 -390 15293 1827.7 21.5	976 1265 -290 15003 1826.7 22.0
POWER AVE POWER MW 181 PEAK POW MW 333 ENERGY GWH 1921.9 65.1	170 170 334 335 28.6 36.8	335 339	9 354	257 362 191.0	252 359 187.6	185 359 133.3	152 357 113.3	152 357 54.7	203 357 34.1	215 357 41.2	237 353 176.6	253 349 188.0	256 346 178.5
OAHE NAT INFLOW 2300 317 DEPLETION 570 22 CHAN STOR 10 37 EVAPORATION 420	148 190 10 13 5 0	45 62	2 120	162 138 2	33 90 2	118 23 25	14 -7 13	5 2	2 1 -20	3 1 -5	-20 11 -9	15 -7	40 25 -2
REG INFLOW 14847 808 RELEASE 13508 464 STOR CHANGE 1339 344 STORAGE 14309 14653 ELEV FTMSL 1591.2 1592.6 DISCH KCFS 15.9 15.6	350 445 230 256 121 189 14774 14963 1593.1 1593.8 16.5 14.3	978 1234 371 130 15334 15464 1595.3 1595.8	1309 558 16022 1597.8	26 1322 1589 -267 15755 1596.8		101 937 1413 -476 14832 1593.3						1300 972 328 15309 1595.2	1278 939 339 15648 1596.4
POWER MW 186 PEAK POW MW 634 ENERGY GWH 1974.0 66.8	198 172 636 640 33.2 37.1	198 243 647 649	3 268 9 660	25.8 315 655 234.7	26.0 316 646 234.8	23.7 285 637 205.3	14.5 174 634 129.2	14.1 168 633 60.6	7.0 83 635 14.0	10.1 121 636 23.3	15.5 186 640 138.7	15.8 191 646 141.9	16.3 198 653 138.0
BIG BEND EVAPORATION 103 REG INFLOW 13405 464 RELEASE 13405 464 STORAGE 1682 1682 ELEV FIMSL 1420.0 1420.0	230 256 230 256 1682 1682 1420.0 1420.0	978 1234 1682 1682	1309 1682	6 1583 1583 1682 1420.0	20 1582 1582 1682	25 1388 1388 1682	22 870 870 1682	10 410 410 1682	5 92 92 1682	5 155 155 1682	11 944 944 1682	972 972 1682	939 939 1682
DISCH KCFS 15.9 15.6 POWER AVE POWER MW 74 PEAK POW MW 517 ENERGY GWH 773.9 26.6	16.5 14.3 77 67 509 509 13.0 14.5	16.4 20.1 77 94 509 509	22.0 103 509	25.7 120 509	25.7 120 509	23.3 111 517	14.2 70 538	13.8 69 538	6.6 34 538	9.8 50 538	1420.0 15.3 77 538	1420.0 15.8 78 538	1420.0 16.3 78 529
FORT RANDALL NAT INFLOW 900 122		55.4 69.9		89.6	89.6	79.6	51.8	25.0	5.7	9.5	57.3	57.9	54.5
DEPLETION 80 1 EVAPORATION 117	57 73 1 1	115 140 4 9	12	74 18 8	57 15 25	42 7 31	2 1 25	2 1 10	1 0 4	1 1 4	10 3 10	3	19 3
REG INFLOW 14107 585 RELEASE 14107 295 STOR CHANGE 0 291 STORAGE 3124 3415	286 328 152 328 134	1089 1365 1089 1365	1482	1631 1631 0	1598 1598 0	1391 1536 -144	847 1484 -637	401 705 -304	88 233 -145	151 173 -22	941 738 203	969 719 250	955 581 374
STORAGE 3124 3415 ELEV FTMSL 1350.0 1353.6 DISCH KCFS 10.0 9.9 POWER	3549 3549 1355.2 1355.2 11.0 18.4	3549 3549 1355.2 1355.2 18.3 22.2	1355.2	3549 1355.2 26.5	3549 1355.2 1 26.0	3405 353.5 25.8	2768 1345.1 24.1	2464 1340.4 23.7	2319 1337.9 16.8	2297 1337.5 10.9	2500 1341.0 12.0	2750	3124 1350.0 10.1
AVE POWER MW 82 PEAK POW MW 350 ENERGY GWH 1398.7 29.5GAVINS POINT	93 156 355 355 15.6 33.6	155 187 355 355 111.5 139.4	355	223 355 166.1	219 355 162.8	216 349 155.4	194 318 144.1	180 296 64.6	124 285 20.8	80 283 15.3	89 300 66.1	90 317 66.7	81 338 56.1
NAT INFLOW 1450 92 DEPLETION 114 0 CHAN STOR -1 0 EVAPORATION 38	43 55 0 0 -2 -14	148 174 5 19 0 -7		86 39 -3 2	103 10 1	77 - 5 0 9	122 2 3 8	50 5 1 4	23 2 13 2	27 3 11 2	77 10 -2	79 1 1	127 3
REG INFLOW 15404 388 RELEASE 15404 388 STOR CHANGE	193 370 193 370	1232 1513 1232 1513	1619 1619	1672 1672	1685 1672 13	1609 1583 26	1599 1599	747 747	265 265	206 206	4 799 799	798 798	711 750
STORAGE 358 358 ELEV FTMSL 1206.0 1206.0 DISCH KCFS 13.0 13.0 POWER	13.9 20.7	20.7 24.6	358 1206.0 27.2	358 1206.0 27.2	371 1206.5 1 27.2	397	397 1207.5 1 26.0	397 1207.5 1 25.1	397 1207.5 19.1	397 1207.5 13.0	397 1207.5 1 13.0	397 1207.5 13.0	-39 358 1206.0 13.0
AVE POWER MW 46 PEAK POW MW 114 ENERGY GWH 646.0 16.4	49 71 114 114 8.2 15.4	71 84 114 114 51.4 62.7	93 114 66.8	93 114 69.0	93 115 69.3	92 117 66.6	91 117 67.8	88 117 31.7	67 117 11.3	46 117 8.8	46 78 34.3	46 78 34.3	46 76 32.0
GAVINS POINT - SIOUX CITY- NAT INFLOW 1550 169 DEPLETION 241 6 REGULATED FLOW AT SIOUX CITY	79 102 3 3	199 310 20 34	224 29	129 36	96 33	60 22	42 9	16 5	7 2	9	21 11	5 12	82 13
KAF 16713 551 KCFS 18.5	270 468 19.4 26.2	1411 1789 23.7 29.1	1814 30.5	1765 28.7	1735 28.2	1621 27.2	1632 26.5	758 25.5	270 19.5	212 13.3	809 13.1	791 12.9	819 14.2
TOTAL NAT INFLOW 24601 1435 DEPLETION 2630 76 CHAN STOR 3 80 EVAPORATION 1534 STORAGE 44542 45429 SYSTEM POWER	669 860 35 46 13 -14 45807 46139	2307 3493 273 705 -22 -32 46741 47708	6073 1329 -37 50601	3346 925 -1 94 51161	1194 142 3 297 50184	1113 -141 55 371 49500	1032 -25 33 321 48637	452 -112 1 143 48300	211 -52 -28 66 48199	241 -60 -4 76 48207	651 -189 -32 165 48043	582 -198 -6 48025	943 -124 -4 48269
AVE POWER MW 644 PEAK POW MW 2138 ENERGY GWH 7629.0 231.8 DAILY GWH 15.5	650 700 2139 2144 109.2 151.1 15.6 16.8	776 927 2153 2163 559.0 689.9 18.6 22.3	1054 2194 758.5 25.3	1134 2197 843.8 27.2	1125 2185 837.2 27.0	977 2179 703.3 23.4	746 2164	723 2142	604 2132	617 2132 118.4 14.8	767 2108	787 2126	796 2138 553.8 19.1

DATE OF STUDY 09/16/02 PRELIMINARY 2002-2003 AOP LOWER QUARTILE RUNOFF 99001 9901 PAGE 1
TIME OF STUDY 12:49:33 CWCP, STEADY RELEASE, 5-DAY SHORTENED SEASON STUDY NO 7

TIME OF STUI		33							KCEPT AS			ASON				ON YO	,
281	FEB03 INI-SUM	15MAR	2000 22 <b>MA</b> R		30APR	31MAY	30 <b>JUN</b>	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	310CT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV		31JAN	29FEB
FORT PECH NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	6000 114 460 5426 5827 -401 10922	2212.6	113 7 106 69 36 11037 2212.8 5.0	145 9 136 89 47 11083 2213.1 5.0	525 73 452 357 95 11178 2213.7 6.0	925 206 719 461 258 11436 2215.2		633 173 28 432 584 -153 12001 2218.4 9.5	263 -25 89 199 584 -385 11616 2216.2 9.5	252 -91 111 232 429 -197 11420 2215.1	324 -61 96 289 303 -14 11405 2215.0 4.9	167 -28 43 152 147 5 11410 2215.0 4.9	78 -13 20 71 97 -26 11384 2214.9 7.0	89 -15 23 81 127 -46 11338 2214.6 8.0	295 -102 50 347 615 -268 11070 2213.0 10.0	212 -117 329 646 -317 10754 2211.1 10.5	
POWER AVE POWER N PEAK POW MV ENERGY GWH		62 186 22.5	63 186 10.5	63 187 13.5	75 187 54.2	94 189 70.2	121 195 87.1	122 194 90.7	121 191 90.1	91 189 65.7	62 189 46.4	62 189 22.5	88 189 14.8	101 189 19.4	125 187 93.2	130 184 97.0	129 182 90.0
GARRISON NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FIMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	9400 1276 -16 536 13399 13896 -497 13150	443 24 43 611 476 135 13285 1820.0 16.0	207 11 265 208 57 13341 1820.3 15.0	266 15 341 268 73 13414 1820.6 15.0	712 58 -11 1000 1041 -41 13373 1820.4 17.5	1197 133 -16 1509 1291 218 13591 1821.3 21.0	2521 547 -21 2518 1398 1120 14711 1825.6 23.5	1765 446 33 1870 1414 456 15167 1827.3 23.0	496 93 104 883 1383 -500 14666 1825.4 22.5	417 -61 24 129 802 926 -125 14542 1824.9 15.6	400 73 24 112 542 775 -233 14309 1824.1 12.6	164 -49 0 50 308 375 -67 14242 1823.8 12.6	76 -23 -22 23 151 236 -85 14157 1823.5 17.0	87 -26 -11 27 203 286 -83 14074 1823.1 18.0	222 -6 -21 57 764 1230 -465 13609 1821.3 20.0	165 13 -5 792 1322 -530 13079 1819.2 21.5	262 27 839 1265 -426 12653 1817.5 22.0
AVE POWER N PEAK POW MV ENERGY GWH	1903.5	178 326 64.1	167 327 28.1	168 328 36.2	195 327 140.8	235 330 174.5	267 343 192.1	267 348 198.3	261 342 194.0	180 341 129.5	145 338 108.0	145 337 52.1	194 336 32.6	205 336 39.3	226 330 167.9	239 324 177.9	241 319 168.0
OAHE NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FIMSL DISCH KCFS	1449 570 6 474 14307 14819 5 -511 13749	154 22 36 644 500 144 13893 1589.5 16.8	72 10 5 275 275 -1 13893 1589.5 19.8	92 13 0 347 365 -18 13875 1589.5 20.4	229 45 -12 1213 1237 -24 13851 1589.4 20.8	130 62 -17 1343 1487 -144 13707 1588.8 24.2	577 120 -12 1843 1431 412 14119 1590.5 24.1	102 138 2 30 1351 1695 -344 13775 1589.1 27.6	24 90 2 93 1227 1695 -468 13307 1587.1 27.6	65 23 34 114 888 1349 -461 12846 1585.1 22.7	9 -7 15 98 708 993 -285 12560 1583.9 16.1	2 44 330 449 -119 12442 1583.3 15.1	1 -22 20 193 230 -37 12405 1583.2 16.5	1 -5 23 257 186 70 12475 1583.5 11.7	-35 11 -10 51 1123 1123 -12 12463 1583.4 18.5	-6 15 -8 1293 1012 282 12745 1584.7 16.5	36 25 -2 1274 781 493 13238 1586.8 13.6
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		197 619 70.8	232 619 39.0	239 618 51.7	243 618 175.2	282 615 209.8	282 623 202.7	322 616 239.8	319 606 237.6	260 596 187.2	184 589 136.9	171 586 61.5	187 586 31.4	133 587 25.6	209 587 155.4	187 594 139.1	156 605 108.6
BIG BEND EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STORAGE ELEV FIMSL DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER N PEAK POW MW	129 14690 14690 1682 1420.0 16.6	500 500 1682 1420.0 16.8 80 517	19.8 93 510	365 365 1682 1420.0 20.4	20.8 97 509	1487 1487 1682 1420.0 24.2	24.1 113 509	8 1687 1687 1682 1420.0 27.4 128 509	27.2 127 509	22.1 105 523	15.7 78 538	14.7 74 538	16.1 81 538	11.3 57 538	18.2 90 538	1012 1012 1682 1420.0 16.5	781 781 1682 1420.0 13.6
ENERGY GWHFORT RANDA MAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER AVE POWER M ENERGY GWH	500 80 144 14967 14967 -1 3124 1350.0 10.5	28.6 68 1 566 295 272 3396 1353.4 9.9 82 349 29.5	32 1 306 171 136 3532 1355.0 12.3 104 354 17.4	20.7 41 1 405 388 17 3549 1355.2 21.7 183 355 39.6	70.1 64 4 1297 1297 3549 1355.2 21.8 184 355 132.5	84.2 51 9 1529 1529 3549 1355.2 24.9 209 355 155.9	81.1 130 12 1549 1549 3549 1355.2 26.0 219 355 157.9	95.5 26 18 10 1685 1685 0 3559 1355.2 27.4 231 355 171.5	94.6 49 15 32 1673 1673 0 3549 1355.2 27.2 229 355 170.3	75.7 23 7 39 1295 1610 -315 3234 1351.4 27.1 224 342 161.4	58.1 1 29 937 1571 -634 2600 1342.6 25.5 201 306 149.4	26.6 1 11 424 709 -285 23.8 177 285 63.6	13.7 0 5 219 237 -18 2297 1337.5 17.0 124 284 20.8	11.0 1 5 174 175 0 2297 1337.5 11.0 80 284 15.4	53 13 1110 744 366 2663 1343.5 12.1 91 311 67.5	59.6 -5 3 1004 732 272 2935 1347.4 11.9 93 329 69.4	45.4 15 3 793 604 189 3124 1350.0 10.5 85 338 58.9
GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	1251 114 -1 16056 16056 358 1206.0 13.0	13.0	43 0 -5 209 209 358 1206.0 15.0	23.8	23.8	26.7	143 24 -2 1666 1666 358 1206.0 28.0	81 39 -3 1722 1722 358 1206.0 28.0	80 10 0 9 1735 1722 13 371 1206.5 28.0	58 -5 0 11 1662 1636 26 397 1207.5	105 2 3 10 1666 1666 1666 397 1207.5 27.1	47 5 3 750 750 750 397 1207.5 25.2	22 2 13 267 267 267 397 1207.5	25 3 11 206 206 397 1207.5 13.0	70 10 -2 5 797 797 397 1207.5 13.0	68 1 0 799 799 397 1207.5 13.0	101 3 708 747 -39 358 1206.0 13.0
AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	672.0	46 114 16.4	52 114 8.8	82 114 17.6	82 114 58.7	91 11 <b>4</b> 67.8	95 114 68.6	95 114 70.9	96 115 71.3	95 117 68.7	95 117 70.6	88 117 31.8	68 117 11.4	46 117 8.8	46 78 34.2	46 78 34.3	46 76 31.8
GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION REGULATED FL KAF KCFS	900 241	115 6	54 3	69 3 491 27.5	90 20 1486 25.0	174 34 1782 29.0	125 29 1762 29.6	75 36 1761 28.6	56 33 1745 28.4	35 22 1649 27.7	24 9 1681 27.3	13 5 757 25.5	270 19.5	7 3 210 13.2	13 11 799 13.0	-3 12 784 12.8	48 13 782 13.6
TOTAL NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION STORAGE SYSTEM POWER		1114 68 80 43614	520 32 0 43842	668 41 -18 43961	1744 205 -23 43991	2615 463 -39 44323	4950 903 -36 46572	2682 850 0 112 46532	968 216 3 351 45191	850 -105 58 435 44120	863 17 41 373 42953	390 -64 3 165 42487	182 -30 -31 77 42321	208 -34 -4 87 42262	570 -73 -33 190 41883	431 -73 -12 41591	745 -20 0 41574
AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH DAILY GWH		644 2112 231.9 15.5	711 2111 119.5 17.1 22MAR	831 2111 179.4 19.9	877 2111 631.5 21.0	1025 2113 762.4 24.6 31MAY	1096 2139 789.5 26.3	1165 2136 866.8 28.0	1153 2118 857.7 27.7	956 2108 688.3 22.9	765 2078 569.4 18.4	717 2053 258.1 17.2	742 2050 124.7 17.8	622 2050 119.5 14.9	787 2031 585.2 18.9	776 2047 577.3 18.6	722 2049 502.7 17.3
		<b></b>				o a.m.i	3000M	21001	JIAOG	JUDEF	31001	TOMOV	22NUV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	29FEB

DATE OF STUDY 09/16/02 PRELIMINARY 2002-2003 AOP LOWER DECILE RUNOFF 99001 9901 PAGE 1
TIME OF STUDY 12:39:33 CWCP, STEADY RELEASE, 5-DAY SHORTENED SEASON STUDY NO 8

DATE OF STUDY 09/16/0	2								OWER DE			99001	9901 9	901 PA	GE.	1
TIME OF STUDY 12:39:3	3				CWCP,	STEADY IN 100	RELEASE	, 5-DAY	SHORTE INDICA	NED SEA	SON			STUD	Y NO	8
28FEB03		2003		20200		30JUN	31JUL			310CT	15NOV	22NOV	200 30NOV		31JAN	29FEB
INI-SUMFORT PECK NAT INFLOW 5100	15MAR 234	22MAR 109	31MAR 140	30APR 515	31MAY 783	996	439	253	242	320	159	74	85	271	205	275 -58
DEPLETION 42 EVAPORATION 442 MOD INFLOW 4616	15 219	7 102	9 131	73 442	206 577	171 825	100 27 312	-52 85 220	-122 106 258	-87 93 314	-25 42 141	-11 20 66	-13 22 75	-88 48 311	288 707	333 661
RELEASE 6002 STOR CHANGE -1386 STORAGE 10922	149 70 10992	69 33 11025	89 42 11067	357 85 11152	523 54 11207	565 260 11466	584 -272 11194	584 -364 10830	426 -168 10662	301 13 10675	146 -5 10670	97 -31 10639	127 -52 10587	615 -304 10283	-419 9864	-328 9536
ELEV FTMSL 2212.1 DISCH KCFS 9.0 POWER 9.0	5.0	2212.8 5.0	5.0	6.0	8.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	7.2	2210.7 4.9	4.9	7.0	8.0	10.0	11.5	2203.6 11.5
AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 897.3	62 186 22.5	63 186 10.5	63 187 13.5	75 187 54.1	106 188 79.2	119 190 86.0	119 188 88.9	118 185 88.1	89 183 63.9	61 183 45.1	183 21.8	86 183 14.5	99 183 18.9	122 180 91.1	139 177 103.5	174 95.6
GARRISON NAT INFLOW 7299 DEPLETION 1115 CHAN STOR -27	270 24 43	126 11	162 15	700 58 -11	903 133 -27	2020 547 -11	1277 361	361 64	277 -64 25	390 66 24	161 -53	75 -25 -23	86 -28 -11	108 -12 -21	160 <b>4</b> -16	223 14
EVAPORATION 512 REG INFLOW 11646 RELEASE 13319	437 476	184 208	237 268	988 952	1266 1138	2028 1279	32 1469 1291	99 782 1261	124 668 926	107 542 775	48 312 375	152 236	25 205 286 -81	55 659 1230 -571	847 1353 -506	870 1265 -395
			-31 13056 1819.1		128 13221 1819.8	748 13969 1822.7 21.5	177 14146 1823.4 21.0	-479 13667 1821.6 20.5	-258 13409 1820.5 15.6	-233 13177 1819.6 12.6	-63 13113 1819.3 12.6	-84 13029 1819.0 17.0	12949	12378	11872	11477 1812.5 22.0
DISCH KCFS 23.5 POWER AVE POWER MW	16.0	15.0	15.0	16.0	205	241	238	232	175 328	141 325	140 324	188 323	199 322	218 316	236 309	233 304
PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 1782.6	324 63.9	324 28.0	324 35.9	324 127.7	326 152.6	334 173.4	336 177.2	331 172.4	125.9	104.8	50.5	31.6	38.2	162.5	175.7	162.1
NAT INFLOW 1049 DEPLETION 570 CHAN STOR 5	197 22 36	92 10 5	118 13 0	183 45 -5	100 62 -12	215 120 -15	82 138 2	21 90 2	64 23 25	5 -7 15	-5 2	-2 1 -23	-3 1 -5	-48 11 -11	-12 15 -10	41 25
EVAPORATION 440 REG INFLOW 13363	688	295	373	1085	1164	1360	29 1209	88 1106	107 886	91 712	40 328	19 191 232	21 256 189	47 1114 983	1315 997	1281 975
RELEASE 15077 STOR CHANGE -1714	501 186 13935	297 -2 13933	375 -2 13930	1262 -177 13754	1510 -346 13408	1446 -87 13321	1713 -504 12817	1712 -605 12212	1385 -499 11713	1047 -335 11378	453 -125 11253	-41 11212	66 11279	131 11409	318 11728	307 12035
DISCH KCFS 16.6	1589.7						1585.0 27.9	1582.3 27.8	1580.0	1578.4 17.0	1577.8	1577.6 16.7				1581.5 16.9
POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 2067.4	197 620 71.1	251 620 42.2	246 619 53.2	248 616 178.6	285 608 212.1	281 607 202.1	319 595 237.3	314 581 233.8	259 569 186.6	188 560 139.7	167 557 60.1	182 556 30.7	131 558 25.1	175 561 130.4	179 569 133.2	189 577 131.4
BIG BEND EVAPORATION 129 REG INFLOW 14948	501	297	375	1262	1510	1446	8 1705	24 1687	31 1354	27 1020	12 441	6 226	7 183	14 969	997	975
RELEASE 14948 STORAGE 1682	501 1682	297 1682	375 1682	1262 1682	1510 1682	1446 1682	1705 1682	1687 1682	1354 1682	1020 1682	441 1682	226 1682	183 1682	969 1682	997 1682	975 1682
ELEV FTMSL 1420.0 DISCH KCFS 16.6 POWER	1420.0 16.9	1420.0 21.4	1420.0 21.0	1420.0 21.2		1420.0 24.3		1420.0 27.4	1420.0 22.8	1420.0 16.6	1420.0 14.8	1420.0 16.3	1420.0 11.5	1420.0 15.8	1420.0 16.2	1420.0 16.9
AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 863.5	80 518 28.7	100 510 16.9	98 509 21.3	99 509 71.5	115 509 85.5	114 509 81.9	130 509 96.6	128 509 95.6	108 523 77.8	82 538 61.3	75 538 26.9	82 538 13.8	58 538 11.2	79 538 58.8	80 538 59.3	81 529 56.6
FORT RANDALL NAT INFLOW 300 DEPLETION 80	55 1	26 1	33 1	43 4	35 9	120 12	13 18	36 15	-10 7	-52 1	-3 1	-1 0	-1 1	3	-6 3	12 3
EVAPORATION 143 REG INFLOW 15025	555	322	408	1301	1536	1554	10 1690	32 1677 1677	39 1298	29 937 1572	11 426 711	220 237	5 176 176	12 953 750	988 738	98 <b>4</b> 610
RELEASE 15026 STOR CHANGE -1 STORAGE 3124	298 258 3382	172 150 3532	391 17 3549	1301 3549	1536 3549	1554 3549	1690 0 3549	0 3549	1613 -315 3234	-634 2600	-285 2315	-18 2297	2297	203 2500	250 2750	374 3124
ELEV FTMSL 1350.0	1353.2	1355.0	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2 25.0	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1351.4	1342.6	1337.8	1337.5		1341.0	1344.8	1350.0 10.6
AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 1483.5	83 348 29.8	105 354 17.6	355	185 355 132.9	355	220 355 158.4	355		225 342 161.7	201 306 149.4		124 284 20.9	284		92 317 68.4	85 338 58.8
GAVINS POINT NAT INFLOW 1200		41		120		138					45	21	24	67	65	98
DEPLETION 114 CHAN STOR -1 EVAPORATION 47	0 1	0	0	5 0	19	24 -2		0	0	3	3	13	11		1 0	3
REG INFLOW 16064 RELEASE 16064 STOR CHANGE	386	209 209	425 425	1416 1416		1666 1666	1722	1735	1662 1636	1666	750	267	206		802 802	710 749 -39
STORAGE 358	1206.0		1206.0		1206.0		1206.0	371 1206.5	397 1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5		358 1206.0 13.0
AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 672.3	45 114 16.3	52 114 8.8	114	82 114 58.7	114	95 114 68.6	114	115	117	117	117	117	117	78	46 78 34.5	46 76 32.0
GAVINS POINT - SIO NAT INFLOW 550 DEPLETION 241	36 6	17 3				106 29									-5 12	26 13
REGULATED FLOW AT SI KAF 16373 KCFS				1473 24.8		1743 29.3									785 12.8	762 13.3
TOTAL NAT INFLOW 15498 DEPLETION 2162						3595 903									407 -48	675 -3
CHAN STOR -23 EVAPORATION 1714	80	0	-18	-15	-45	-27	0 108	3 337	50 <b>4</b> 17	42 357	3 158	-33 73	<u>4</u> 83	-34 181	-26	3
STORAGE 42985 SYSTEM POWER					43424			42311	41097	39908	39430	39256		38649		
AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 7766.7		123.9	2108 181.5	2106 623.6	2100 7 <b>5</b> 3.8		2097 842.9	2076 831.7	2063 684.6	2030 571.1	2005 255.0	2001 122.9	2002 117.8	1973 544.4		
DAILY GWH	15.5	17.7	20.2	20.8	24.3	25.7	27.2	26.8	22.8	18.4	17.0	17.6	14.7	17.6	18.5	18.5

STUDY NO 9

TIME OF STUDY 13:42:14 CWCP, FLOW TO TARGET

TIME OF STU	OY 13:42:	14			CWCP, F			00 AF E	XCEPT A	s indic	ATED				STUDY	NO	9
28	FEB03 INI-SUM	15MAR	2000 22MAR		30APR				31AUG			15NOV	22 <b>N</b> OV	20 30 <b>N</b> OV		31JAN	29FEB
FORT PECI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGI STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	9600 268 N 320 9012 5015 3997		164 69 94	192 -19 210 89 121 12265 2219.9 5.0	728 298 430 12695 2222.3		2002 506 1496 15135 2234.7	164 21 1034 523 512 15647	- 96 66 486 523 - 37 15610 2236.9	-105 84 400 357 43 15653 2237.0	-51 74 508 280 228 15881	210 -20 18 212 119 93 15974 2238.5 4.0	98 -9 8 99 56 43 16018 2238.7 4.0	-11 10 113 127 -14 16004	346 -116 39 423 510 -87 15917 2238.2 8.3	-150 447 523 -76 15841	400 -122 522 489 33 15874 2238.1 8.5
AVE POWER I PEAK POW M ENERGY GWH		77 194 27.7	64 195 10.8	65 196 14.0	65 198 46.8	79 203 59.0	114 209 82.4	116 211 86.5	117 210 86.8	82 211 59.3	63 211 46.7	55 212 19.9	55 212 9.3	110 212 21.2	114 211 85.1	117 211 87.1	117 211 81.4
GARRISON NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE	14199 1213 37	515 33 63 724 476	240 16 10 305 222	309 20 378 286	1376 9 1665 1131	1934 268 -10 2025 1291	3530 919 -26 3091 1428	2647 545 0 23 2602 1414	74	574 -121 25 93 984 1131	652 -3 14 81 869 1043	260 -98 5 19 463 452	121 -46 0 9 213 211	139 -52 -39 10 268 286	278 -132 -3 42 876 1230	348 -116 -2 985 1445	434 -83 0 1006 1352
STOR CHANGI STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	14315	248 14562 1825.0 16.0		93 14738 1825.7 16.0	534 15272 1827.7 19.0	733 16005	1663 17668	1188 18856	-116 18740	-147 18593	-174 18419	11 18430	3 18433	-18 18415	-354 18061 1837.3 20.0	-460 17601	-346 17255 1834.7 23.5
AVE POWER N PEAK POW MV ENERGY GWH	2188.6	184 341 66.2	185 342 31.0	185 343 40.0	221 349 159.2	248 357 184.4	291 373 209.2	287 385 213.6	278 383 206.5	240 382 172.5	213 380 158.8	191 381 68.7	191 381 32.1	226 380 43.4	250 377 186.0	291 373 216.3	288 369 200.7
OAHE NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION	3850 570 9	559 22 41	261 10	335 13	474 45 -13	347 62 -8	881 120 -12	297 138 4 23	123 90 4 72	163 23 12 89	102 -7 8 77	109 2 7 18	51 1	58 1 -12 10	22 11 -8 41	10 15 -14	59 25
REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	14944	1054 381 672 15616 1596.3 12.8	473 197 276 15892 1597.4 14.2	608 229 378 16270 1598.7 12.9	1547 765 781 17051 1601.5 12.9	1568 978 590 17642 1603.6 15.9	2177 906 1270 18912 1607.7 15.2	1554 1634 -80 18832 1607.5 26.6	1318 1806 -488 18344 1605.9 29.4	1194 1574 -380 17963	1083 1094 -11 17952	548 526 22 17974 1604.7 17.7	252 243 9 17983	322 233 88 18072 1605.0 14.7	1192 1261 -69 18002	1426 1129 296 18299 1605.8 18.4	1386 843 543 18842 1607.5 14.6
AVE POWER N PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	2127.7	155 652 55.9	173 657 29.1	158 664 34.2	160 679 115.4	200 690 149.2	195 712 140.7	343 710 255.4	377 702 280.6	337 695 242.9	227 695 168.8	225 695 81.1	223 696 37.5	188 697 36.1	262 696 194.6	235 701 174.8	189 711 131.5
BIG BENI EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	71 13730 13730 1682	381 381 1682 1420.0 12.8	197 197 1682 1420.0 14.2	229 229 1682 1420.0 12.9	765 765 1682 1420.0 12.9	978 978 1682 1420.0 15.9	906 906 1682 1420.0 15.2	5 1629 1629 1682 1420.0 26.5	15 1791 1791 1682 1420.0 29.1	19 1555 1555 1682 1420.0 26.1	16 1078 1078 1682 1420.0 17.5	522 522 1682 1420.0 17.5	2 241 241 1682 1420.0 17.4	2 231 231 1682 1420.0 14.6	9 1253 1253 1682 1420.0 20.4	1129 1129 1682 1420.0 18.4	843 843 1682 1420.0 14.6
AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	793.7	61 517 21.9	66 509 11.1	60 509 13.0	509 43.4	74 509 55.4	71 509 51.4	124 509 92.3	136 509 101.4	124 517 89.2	86 538 64.0	88 538 31.7	87 538 14.7	73 538 14.1	101 538 74.8	89 538 66.5	70 529 48.9
FORT RANDA NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION	1501 80 82	190 1	89 1	114 1	298 4	159 9	224 12	111 18 6	72 15 19	92 7 24	60 1 19	5 1 4	2 0 2	3 1 2	23 3 8	10 3	49 3
REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	3124	570 280 291 3415 1353.6 9.4	285 151 134 3549 1355.2 10.9	343 343 3549 1355.2 19.2	1059 1059 3549 1355.2 17.8	1128 1128 3549 1355.2 18.3	1118 1118 3549 1355.2 18.8	1716 1716 0 3549 1355.2 27.9	1829 1829 0 3549	1617 1761 -144 3405	1118 1743 -624 2781	522 836 -313 2468 1340.4 28.1	242 390 -149 2319	232 254 -22 2297	1265 899 366 2663	1136 879 257 2920 1347.2 14.3	889 685 204 3124 1350.0 11.9
AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	1488.8	78 350 28.0	92 355 15.4	162 355 35.1	151 355 108.5	155 355 115.5	159 355 114.5	235 355 174.7	250 355 185.9	247 349 177.8	227 319 168.9	212 297 76.5	206 285 34.5	116 284 22.4	109 312 81.4	112 328 83.1	96 338 66.7
GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE	2252 114 -6 26 17176 17176	107 0 0 387 387	50 0 -3	64 0 -16	246 5 3	319 19 -1 1427	281 24 -1 1375	211 39 -17 2 1869	170 10 -4 5 1981	135 -5 0 7 1894	157 2 2 6 1894	60 5 0 1 890	28 2 0 1 415	32 3 22 1 305	95 10 3 3 983	106 1 1 985	191 4 880
STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	358	358	358 1206.0 14.3	391 358 1206.0 21.9	358 1206.0 21.9	358 1206.0 23.2	358 1206.0 23.1	358 1206.0 30.4	1968 13 371 1206.5 32.0	1868 26 397 1207.5 31.4	397 1207.5 30.8	397 1207.5 29.9	397 1207.5 29.9	305 397 1207.5 19.2	983 397 1207.5 16.0	985 397 1207.5 16.0	919 -39 358 1206.0 16.0
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	W 712.1	46 114 16.4	50 114 8.4	75 114 16.3	75 114 54.2	80 114 59.2	79 114 57.1	102 114 75.8	106 115 78.9	106 117 76.3	106 117 78.5	103 117 37.2	103 117 17.4	68 117 13.0	57 78 42.1	57 78 42.2	56 76 39.1
GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION REGULATED FLO	3100 241 OW AT SIO	195 6 UX CITY	91 3	117	1006 20	553 34	318 29	246 36	184 33	127 22	66 9	26 5	12 2	14 3	30 11	12 12	105 13
KAF KCFS TOTAL	20035	576 19.4	286 20.6	504 28.2	2289 38.5	1946 31.6	1664 28.0	2079 33.8	2119 34.5	1973 33.2	1951 31.7	910 30.6	425 30.6	316 19.9	1002 16.3	985 16.0	1011 17.6
NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION STORAGE SYSTEM POWEI	34502 2486 41 1186 46300	1885 30 104 47683	879 14 8 48269	1131 18 -16 48861	4197 152 -10 50607	4916 683 -20 52874	7725 1593 -39 57304	4731 940 -14 79 58923	1846 105 0 251 58295	1470 -179 37 315 57693	1568 -49 25 272 57112	670 -105 13 64 56925	312 -49 0 30 56832	357 -56 -28 34 56867	794 -213 -9 141 56722	783 -235 -16 56740	1238 -164 4 57135
AVE POWER MY PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH DAILY GWH		600 2168 216.1 14.4	630 2172 105.9 15.1	706 2181 152.5 16.9	733 2204 527.5 17.6	837 2228 622.6 20.1	910 2272 655.3 21.8	1207 2284 898.1 29.0	1264 2275 940.1 30.3	1136 2271 818.1 27.3	922 2261 685.7 22.1	875 2239 315.2 21.0	866 2228 145.5 20.8	782 2228 150.1 18.8	892 2212 664.0 21.4	900 2229 669.9 21.6	816 2234 568.3 19.6
	INI-SUM	15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APP	31MAV	3 O.TITN	21 7777	יייי אוזעי	20000	31000	1 537011	0.032022				-

DATE OF STUDY 09/16/02

TIME OF STUDY 13:50:24 CWCP. F

CWCP, FLOW TO TARGET

VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED 28FFB03 22MAR INI-SUM 15MAR 31MAR 30APR 31MAY 30JUN 31JUL 31AUG 30SEP 31OCT 15NOV 22NOV 30NOV 31DEC 31JAN 29FEB - FORT PECK-NAT INFLOW -15 -19 489 -27 -107 343 -31 -95 -95 453 523 -70 15109 -105 -73 72 -12 15 -14 18 -125 38 EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW 374 518 3297 149 RELEASE 83 827 -127 STOR CHANGE 5178. 15157 15425 -115 -40 STORAGE 11877 12026 2217.7 2218.5 2219.0 12217 12589 2219.6 2221.7 ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS 2234.5 2226.1 2232.7 2234 9 2234.8 2235.8 2236.0 2236.1 2235.6 2235.0 2234.8 12.0 6.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 6.0 8.5 8.5 5.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 6.0 8.5 9.0 9.0 POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW 209 27.7 13.9 46.7 15.8 ENERGY GWH 823.9 10.8 58.8 82.0 53.8 85.9 22.4 91.4 86.5 85.4 -GARRISON NAT INFLOW DEPLETION 51 -50 -15 -121 - 2 - 94 -138 -25 -87 367 CHAN STOR -10 -26 n EVAPORATION - 5 REG INFLOW 476 215 421 197 1323 RELEASE 511 15631 1411 1008 STOR CHANGE 15120 -188 17863 1836.7 -159 -65 4 8 -430 16800 STORAGE ELEV FTMSL 1824.1 1824.9 1825.2 1825 5 827.1 18.5 .829.0 20.5 833.9 1836.0 1836.0 1836.0 1835.8 1832.0 1833.1 DISCH KCFS 25.0 16.0 15.5 15.5 23.0 22.5 22.0 18 0 14.2 14.2 AVE POWER MW 341 30.0 342 38.7 367 373 373 42.7 369 PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 203.2 2086.8 66.2 198.4 130.7 208.1 193.1 NAT INFLOW 22 41 45 -13 13 2 0 138 2 -7 1 11 25 DEPLETION CHAN STOR 10 - 9 -16 - 9 -13 EVAPORATION 477 562 393 15337 REG INFLOW RELEASE 1600 734 613 18014 948 443 275 579 1020 STOR CHANGE 14944 -426 16954 -144 16810 -129 STORAGE -12 16767 602.7 ELEV ETMSI 1593.8 15.2 595.3 .596.5 7.8 601.1 1604.6 1604.2 1602.7 1601.2 1600.7 1600.6 17.1 DISCH KCFS POWER 604.8 14.8 14.4 16.9 16.3 26.0 28.5 25.9 16.9 13.3 17.7 15.4 12.8 AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW 677 156.3 158.7 76.7 144.3 ENERGY GWH 2040.3 81.9 16.0 39.2 128.1 147.8 245.8 267.6 233.3 35.5 -BIG BEND-EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE 1033 1033 1682 13385 208 562 858 1037 967 1738 1521 1682 948 734 1682 1682 1682 1682 STORAGE 1682 ELEV FTMSL 1420.0 1420.0 420.0 1420.0 420.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 120.0 420.0 20 0 20.0 16.7 20.0 DISCH KCES 15.2 14.8 14.4 16.9 16.3 25.9 28.3 25.6 16.8 16.8 13.1 15.4 12.8 AVE POWER MW 12.7 42.7 ENERGY GWH 772.8 31.9 15.0 48.6 90.4 61.4 30.4 64.5 56.0 --FORT RANDALL NAT INFLOW 1 7 3 DEPLETION 88 19 ō EVAPORATION 295 REG INFLOW 157 1699 227 RELEASE 366 237 224 STOR CHANGE ō 3532 -147 2319 -22 2297 -144 -630 -310 STORAGE 55.2 1345.2 ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS 1350.0 1355.0 1355.2 1355.2 19.5 355.2 18.4 337.5 353.5 340.4 343.5 9.5 9.9 19.2 19.3 27.0 28.8 28.5 27.3 27.0 27.1 POWER 11.6 9.5 AVE POWER MW 355 318 285 PEAK POW MW 29.7 117.7 53.3 ENERGY GWH 1428.3 33.3 -GAVINS POINT -5 2 5 1 DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION -2 -15 -1 - 3 -16 ō - 3 ō ō REG INFLOW 1363 750 RELEASE STOR CHANGE 397 - 3 9 STORAGE ELEV FTMSL 1206.0 1206.0 13.0 13.0 1206.0 206.0 1206.0 1206.0 206.0 1206.0 1206 5 DISCH KCFS 1206.0 14.3 21.8 21.8 23.0 22.9 29.0 30.6 30.0 29.4 POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH 28.5 28.5 13.0 115 76.5 117 58.7 56.6 73.3 74.0 16.7 34.2 675.1 16.4 8.4 16.2 76.0 35.9 34.4 32.0 -GAVINS POINT SIOUX CITY-NAT INFLOW 2500 181 DEPLETION 241 6 REGULATED FLOW AT SIOUX CITY 36 33 22 9 3 12 13 KAF 27.7 31.7 KCFS 14.3 18.9 20.2 35.1 29.0 32.5 31.3 30.1 29.0 29.0 17.8 13.2 - TOTAL NAT INFLOW DEPLETION 152 -70 28 -50 -57 -7 -228 10 -13 76 -179 47 -108 1258 -153 4 CHAN STOR -239 -16 -11 -21 -37 EVAPORATION -29 136 -18 STORAGE SYSTEM POWER AVE POWER MW PEAK POW MW 2167 87.5 2174 158.7 2210 2257 2230 253.8 544.0 911.8 780.4 ENERGY GWH 601.7 632.0 302.2 134.9 636.0 139.5 DAILY GWH 519.4 17.9 16.9 12.5 17.6 18.1 20.4 21.9 28.1 29.4 26.0 20.5 19.9 19.3 19.4 INI-SUM 15MAR 22MAR 31MAR 30APR 31MAY 30JUN 31JUL 31AUG 30SEP 31OCT 15NOV 22NOV 30NOV 31DEC 31JAN 29FEB

CWCP, FLOW TO TARGET, 5-DAY SHORTENED SEASON STUDY NO 11
VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICAPED TIME OF STUDY 14:26:43

TIME OF STUDY	14:26:4	13				CWCP, VALUES	IN 100	TARGET D AF EX	CEPT AS	INDICA	TED SEA	3014		200	4		-
28FE	B03 INI-SUM	15MAR	2003 22 <b>M</b> AR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	310CT	15NOV	22NOV	200 30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	29FEB
FORT PECK- NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	7400 122 399 6879 5678 1200 11372 2214.8	264 -3 267 179 89 11461 2215.3 6.0	123 -1 125 69 55 11516 2215.6 5.0	158 -2 160 89 71 11587 2216.0 5.0	628 70 558 357 201 11788 2217.2 6.0	1210 304 906 430 476 12263 2219.9	1851 316 1535 536 999 13263 2225.3 9.0	829 138 24 667 553 113 13376 2225.9	324 -87 76 335 553 -219 13157 2224.8 9.0		398 -64 84 378 308 71 13153 2224.7 5.0	188 -33 38 182 149 33 13186 2224.9 5.0	88 -15 18 85 97 -12 13174 2224.8 7.0	100 -17 20 97 127 -30 13144 2224.7 8.0	310 -122 44 388 615 -227 12918 2223.5 10.0	261 -149 410 615 -205 12713 2222.4 10.0	349 -114 463 604 -141 12572 2221.6 10.5
POWER MV PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		76 190 27.3	63 190 10.6	63 191 13.7	76 192 55.0	90 196 66.9	118 201 84.6	119 202 88.6	119 201 88.5	88 200 63.4	66 201 49.2	66 201 23.8	92 201 15.5	106 201 20.3	131 200 97.7	131 198 97.2	137 198 95.1
GARRISON NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL	11001 1503 -5 459 14713 13243 1470 13697	469 50 42 640 476 164 13861 1822.3	219 23 11 276 208 67 13928	282 30 341 268 73 14001 1822.9	853 129 -11 1070 1041 29 14030 1823.0	1423 277 -11 1566 1168 398 14428 1824.5	2958 828 -21 2645 1279 1365 15793 1829.6	2066 556 28 2036 1291 745 16538 1832.2	581 81 88 966 1261 -295 16243 1831.2	497 -89 24 110 896 898 -2 16241 1831.1	454 34 17 96 648 763 -115 16127 1830.7	192 -92 0 44 389 369 20 16146 1830.8	89 -43 -20 20 189 236 -47 16099 1830.6	102 -49 -10 23 245 286 -41 16058 1830.5		237 -80 932 1261 -329 15399 1828.1	
DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER MI PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	24.0	16.0 181 333 65.1	15.0 170 334 28.6	15.0 170 335 36.8	17.5 199 335 143.1	19.0 217 340 161.3	21.5 250 354 180.3	21.0 251 362 186.7	20.5 246 359 183.2	15.1 181 359 130.5	12.4 149 358 111.0	12.4 149 358 53.6	17.0 203 357 34.2	18.0 215 357 41.3	20.0 238 354 176.8	20.5 242 350 179.7	21.0 246 348 171.0
OAHE NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	2300 570 14 428 14559 13050 1509 14309 1591.2	317 22 37 808 464 344 14653 1592.6 15.6	148 10 5 350 230 121 14774 1593.1 16.5	190 13 0 445 256 189 14963 1593.8 14.3	364 45 -11 1349 978 371 15334 1595.3 16.4	236 62 -7 1336 1069 266 15600 1596.3 17.4	689 120 -11 1837 988 849 16449 1599.4 16.6	162 138 2 27 1290 1523 -233 16216 1598.5 24.8	33 90 2 84 1122 1629 -507 15710 1596.7 26.5	118 23 24 103 914 1436 -522 15187 1594.7 24.1	14 -7 12 88 708 917 -209 14978 1593.9	5 2 0 40 333 431 -98 14880 1593.5	2 1 -21 19 198 102 976 14976 1593.9 7.4	3 1 -5 21 262 160 101 15077 1594.3 10.1	-20 11 -9 46 1143 955 188 15265 1595.0	15 -2 1243 972 271 15536 1596.0 15.8	40 25 -2 1221 939 282 15818 1597.1 16.3
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		186 634	198 636 33.2	172 640 37.1	198 647 142.7	211 652 157.0	204 668 146.9	305 663 227.2	324 654 240.9	292 644 210.4	180 640 133.7	174 638 62.7	89 640 14.9	122 642 23.4	188 646 139.5	192 651 142.7	199 656 138.6
BIG BEND EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	103 12947 12947 1682	1420.0 15.6	16.5	14.3	978 978 1682 1420.0 16.4	17.4	16.6	6 1517 1517 1682 1420.0 24.7	26.2	25 1412 1412 1682 1420.0 23.7	14.6	14.2	7.0	5 155 155 1682 1420.0 9.8	15.3	15.8	939 939 1682 1420.0 16.3
AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	W 748.2	74 517 26.6	77 509 13.0	67 509 14.5	77 509 55.4	81 509 60.6	78 509 56.0	116 509 85.9	122 509 91.1	112 517 81.0	72 538 53.3	71 538 25.7	36 538 6.0	50 538 9.5	77 538 57.3	78 538 57.9	78 529 54.5
FORT RANDA NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	900 80 117 13649 13650 0 3124	585 295 291 3415 1353.6	57 1 286 152 134 3549 1355.2 11.0	73 1 328 328 3549 1355.2 18.4	115 4 1089 1089 0 3549 1355.2 18.3	140 9 1200 1200 0 3549 1355.2 19.5	185 12 1161 1161 3549 1355.2 19.5	74 18 8 1565 1565 0 3549 1355.2 25.5	57 15 25 1626 1626 0 3549 1355.2 26.4	42 7 31 1415 1559 -144 3405 1353.5 26.2	1508 -637 2768 1345.1	2 1 10 413 717 -304 2464 1340.4 24.1	1 0 4 94 239 -145 2319 1337.9 17.2	1 4 151 173 -22 2297 1337.5 10.9	10 3 10 941 738 203 2500 1341.0 12.0	3 969 719 250 2750 1344.8 11.7	19 3 955 581 374 3124 1350.0 10.1
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		82 350 29.5	93 355 15.6	156 355 33.6	155 355 111.5	165 355 122.8	165 355 118.8	214 355 159.5	223 355 165.6	219 349 157.7	318	182 296 65.7	127 285 21.3	80 283 15.3	89 300 66.1	90 317 66.7	81 338 56.1
GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FIMSL	1450 114 -1 38 14947 14947	0 0 388 388	-2 193 193 358	55 0 -14 370 370 358 1206.0	148 5 0 1232 1232 358 1206.0	174 19 -2 1353 1353 358 1206.0		86 39 -11 2 1599 1599 358 1206.0			3 8 1623 1623 397 1207.5						
DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		46 114	13.9 49 114 8.2	20.7 71 114 15.4	20.7 71 114 51.4	22.0 76 114 56.3	21.9 75 114 54.2	26.0 89 114 66.1	27.6 94 115 70.3	27.0 94 117 67.5	93 117	25.5 89 117 32.2	19.5 69 117 11.6	13.0 46 117 8.9	13.0 46 78 34.3	13.0 46 78 34.3	13.0 46 76 32.0
GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION REGULATED FL	1550 241 OW AT SI	169 6 OUX CIT	79 3 Y	102	199 20	310 34	224 29	129 36	33	60 22	9	16 5	7 2	9	21 11	5 12	82 13
KAF KCFS	16256	551 18.5		468 26.2	1411 23.7	1629 26.5	1498 25.2	1692 27.5		1645 27.6		770 25.9	276 19.9	213 13.4	809 13.1	791 12.9	819 14.2
TOTAL NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION STORAGE SYSTEM POWE	44542 R	76 80 45429	35 13 45807	860 46 -14 46139	2307 273 -22 46741	3493 705 -20 47880	6073 1329 -32 51094	3346 925 -9 95 51719	142 0 300 50712	1113 -141 48 374 49995	-25 32 323 49105	1 144 48756	67 48647	241 -60 -3 76 48656	-32 166 48490	582 -198 -2 48477	943 -124 -4 48721
AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH DAILY GWH		2138 231.8 15.5	109.2	700 2144 151.1 16.8	776 2153 559.0 18.6	840 2166 624.8 20.2	890 2202 640.8 21.4	1094 2206 814.0 26.3		987 2187 710.6 23.7	2172 562.4	263.7	616 2139 103.4 14.8	618 2138 118.6 14.8	768 2114 571.7 18.4	778 2132 578.5 18.7	786 2144 547.2 18.9

DATE OF STU	/ 09/16 צע	02				PRELI	MINARY	2002-20	03 AOP 1	LOWER Q	UARTILE	RUNOFF	99001	9901	9901 P	AGE	1
TIME OF STU	DY 13:11:	09							T, 5-DA			ASON			STUDY	NO :	12
28	FEB03 INI-SUM	1 1EMAT	200		30300				XCEPT A					20			
~-FORT PEC	K 6000	242	2 113	31MAR 145	525	925	1454	633	31AUG 263	30SEP 252	310CT 324	15NOV 167	22NOV 78	30NOV 89	31DEC 295	31JAN 212	29FEB 283
DEPLETION EVAPORATIO MOD INFLOW RELEASE		227	106	9 136 89	452	206 719	1283	173 28 432		-91 111 232	-61 96 289	-28 44 151	-13 20 71	-15 23 81	-102 50 347	-117 329	-88 371
STOR CHANG STORAGE ELEV FTMSL		78 11000	36 11037	47 11083 2213.1	95 11178	461 258 11436 2215.2	718	584 -153 12001 2218.4		399 -167 11450 2215.2	282 6 11456 2215.3	137 15 11471 2215.4	97 -27 11444 2215.2			-317 10814	604 -233 10581
DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER	9.0 MW	5.0	5.0	5.0 63	6.0 75	7.5 94		9.5	9.5	6.7	4.6	4.6	7.0	8.0	2213.4 10.0	2211.5 10.5	2210.1 10.5
PEAK POW M ENERGY GWH	879.1	186 22.5		187 13.5	187 54.2	189 70.2	195 87.1	194 90.7	191 90.1	190 61.2	190 43.3	190 20.9	190 14.9	189 19.4	187 93.3	185 97.1	183 90.1
NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR		24	11	266 15	712 58 -11	1197 133 -16	2521 547 -21	1765 446	496 93	417 -61 29	400 73 22	164 -49 0	76 -23 -25	87 -26 -11	222 -6 -21	165 13 -5	262 27
EVAPORATIO REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANG	13335 13750		208	341 268	1000 1041	1509 1261	2518 1369	33 1870 1383	104 883 1353	130 776 916	113 519 766	51 298 371	24 147 236	27 203 286	58 764 1230	792 1322	839 1265
STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	13150 1819.5 23.5	13285	13341 1820.3	73 13414 1820.6 15.0	-41 13373 1820.4 17.5	249 13622 1821.4 20.5		487 15258 1827.6 22.5	-470 14788 1825.9 22.0	-140 14648 1825.3 15.4	-247 14401 1824.4 12.5	-73 14328 1824.1 12.5	-89 14239 1823.8 17.0	-83 14157 1823.5 18.0	-465 13691 1821.6 20.0	-530 13161 1819.5 21.5	-426 12735 1817.8 22.0
POWER AVE POWER PEAK POW M ENERGY GWH		178 326 64.1	327	168 328 36.2	195 327 140.8	229 330 170.5	262 343 188.3	261 349 194.4	256 343 190.2	178 342 128.3	144 339 107.1	143 338 51.6	195 337 32.7	205 336 39.4	226 331 168.3	240 325 178.4	242 320
OAHE- NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	1449 570	154	72	92	229	130	577	102	24	65	9		32.7	33.4	-35	-6	168.4 36
CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW	6	22 36 644		13 0 347	45 -12 1213	62 -14 1314	120 -12 1814	138 2 30 1320	90 2 94 1195	23 32 115 875	-7 14 98 698	44 325	1 -23 20 192	1 -5 23 256	11 -10 51	15 -8	25 -2
RELEASE STOR CHANG STORAGE ELEV FTMSL	13749	500 144 13893		365 -18 13875	1237 -24 13851	1398 -84 13767	1262 552 14319	1719 -400 13919	1694 -499 13420	1349 -474 12946	993 -295 12651	449 -123 12528	230 -38 12490	186 70 12560	1123 1135 -12 12548	1293 1012 282 12830	1274 781 493 13323
DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER	1589.0 16.6 W	1589.5 16.8 197	1589.5 19.8 232	1589.5 20.4 239	1589.4 20.8	1589.0 22.7 266	1591.3 21.2 249	1589.7 28.0 328	1587.6 27.6	1585.6 22.7 261	1584.3 16.1	1583.7 15.1	1583.6 16.5	1583.9 11.7	18.5	1585.1 16.5	1587.2 13.6
PEAK POW MY ENERGY GWH BIG BENI	2043.8	619 70.8	619 39.0	618 51.7	618 175.2	616 197.5	627 179.4	619 244.3	609 238.2	598 187.8	591 137.2	588 61.7	588 31.5	133 589 25.6	209 589 155.7	187 595 139.4	156 607 108.8
EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE		500 500	275 275	365 365	1237 1237	1398 1398	1262 1262	8 1712 1712	24 1670 1670	31 1318 1318	27 966 966	12 436 436	6 224	7 180	14 1121	1012	781
STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	1682 1420.0 16.6	1682 1420.0 16.8	1682 1420.0 19.8	1682	1682	1682 1420.0 22.7	1682	1682 1420.0 27.8	1682	1682	1682 1420.0 15.7	1682	224 1682 1420.0 16.1	180 1682 1420.0 11.3	1121 1682 1420.0 18.2	1012 1682 1420.0 16.5	781 1682 1420.0 13.6
AVE POWER N PEAK POW MV ENERGY GWH		80 517 28.6	93 510 15.6	96 509 20.7	97 509 70.1	106 509 79.2	99 509 71.5	130 509 96.9	127 509 94.6	105 523 75.7	78 538 58.1	74 538 26.6	81 538 13.7	57 538 11.0	90 538 67.0	80 538 59.6	65 529 45.4
FORT RANDA NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	LL-~ 500 80	68 1	32 1	41 1	64 4	51 9	130 12	26 18	49 15	23	1 1	1	0		5	-5	15
EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE	14732 14733	566 295 272	306 171	405 388	1297 1297	1440 1440	1380 1380	10 1710 1710	32 1672 1672	39 1295 1610	29 937 1571	11 424 709	5 219 237	1 5 174 175	3 13 1110 744	3 1004 732	3 793 604
STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	3124 1350.0 10.5	3396 1353.4 9.9	136 3532 1355.0 12.3	17 3549 1355.2 21.7	3549 1355.2 21.8	3549 1355.2 23.4	3549 1355.2 23.2	3549 355.2 1355.2 27.8	3549 1355.2 27.2	-315 3234 1351.4 27.1	-634 2600 1342.6 25.5	-285 2315 1337.8 23.8	-18 2297 1337.5 17.0	2297 1337.5 11.0	366 2663 1343.5 12.1	272 2935 1347.5 11.9	189 3124 1350.0 10.5
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		82 349 29.5	104 354 17.4	183 355 39.6	184 355 132.5	197 355 146.9	196 355 140.9	234 355 174.0	229 355 170.2	224 342 161.4	201 306 149.4	177 285 63.6	124 284 20.8	80 284 15.4	91 311	93 329	85 338
GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION	NT 1251 114	91 0	43 0	55 0	124 5	138	143	81	80	58	105	47	22	25	67.5 70	69.4	58.9 101
CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW	-1 47 15822	1 388	-5 209	-18 425	0 1416	19 -3 1556	24 0 1500	39 -9 3 1740	10 1 9 1735	-5 0 11 1662	2 3 10 1666	5 3 5 750	2 13 2 267	3 11 2 206	10 -2 5 797	1 0 799	3 708
RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL	358	388 358 1206.0	358 1206 0	425 358	358	358	1500 358	1740	1722 13 371 1206.5	1636 26	1666	750	267	206 397	797 397	799 397	747 -39 358
DISCH KCFS POWER AVE POWER M	W 15.0	46	52	82	23.8	25.3	25.2 86	28.3	28.0 28.0	27.5 27.5	1207.5 : 27.1 95	1207.5 25.2 88	1207.5 19.2 68	1207.5 13.0 46	1207.5 13.0 46	1207.5 1 13.0	13.0
PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH GAVINS POI	662.7	114 16.4 X CITY-	114 8.8	114 17.6	114 58.7	114 64.4	114 62.1	114 71.6	115 71.3	117 68.7	117 70.6	117 31.8	117 11.4	117	78 34.2	46 78 34.3	46 76 31.8
NAT INFLOW DEPLETION REGULATED FL	900 241 OW AT SIO	115 6 UX CITY	54 3	69 3	90 20	174 34	125 29	75 36	56 33	35 22	24 9	13 5	6 2	7 3	13 11	-3 12	48 13
KAF KCFS TOTAL	16481	497 16.7	260 18.7	<b>491</b> 27.5	1486 25.0	1696 27.6	1596 26.8	1779 28.9	1745 28.4	1649 27.7	1681 27.3	757 25.5	270 19.5	210 13.2	799 13.0	784 12.8	782 13.6
NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION	19500 2395 -11	1114 68 80	520 32 0	668 41 -18	1744 205 -23	2615 463 -33	4950 903 -33	2682 850 -6	968 216 4	850 -105 61	863 17 39	390 -64 3	182 -30 -36	208 -34 -4	570 -73 -33	431 -73 -12	745 -20 0
STORAGE SYSTEM POWER AVE POWER M		43614 644	43842 711	43961 831	43991 877	44414 979	46833 1013	112 46767 1172	352 45426 1149	437 44357	374 43187	166 42720	77 <b>42</b> 550	88 42491	191 42111	41819	41802
PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH DAILY GWH	7764.1	2112 231.9 15.5	2111	2111 179.4 19.9	2111	2114 728.7 23.5	2144	2140 872.0 28.1	2122	949 2112 683.2 22.8	760 2081 565.6 18.2	712 2056 256.2 17.1	743 2053 124.9 17.8	623 2053 119.7 15.0	788 2035 586.1 18.9	777 2050 578.2 18.7	723 2052 503.5 17.4
	INI-SUM	15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	3.0.TIN	31.7777	312110	20000							

DATE OF STUDY 09/16/02 PRELIMINARY 2002-2003 AOP LOWER DECILE RUNOFF 99001 9901 9901 PAGE 1

THE OF STUDY 13.59.11 CWCP FLOW TO TARGET. 5-DAY SHORTENED SEASON STUDY NO 13

DATE OF STUDY	09/16/0	2							3 AOP L				99001	9901 9	901 PA		T
TIME OF STUDY	12:59:1	.1				CWCP, VALUES	FLOW TO IN 100	TARGET 0 AF EX	CEPT AS	SHORTE	NED SEA TED	SON		200	STUDY	NO I	3
28FI	BO3 INI-SUM	15MAR	2003 22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	310CT	15NOV	22NOV	200 30NOV		31JAN	29FEB
FORT PECK. NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION MOD INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	5100 42 444 4614 5924 -1310 10922 2212.1 9.0	234 15 219 149 70 10992 2212.6 5.0	109 7 102 69 33 11025 2212.8 5.0	140 9 131 89 42 11067 2213.0 5.0	515 73 442 357 85 11152 2213.5 6.0	783 206 577 492 85 11237 2214.0 8.0	996 171 825 536 289 11527 2215.7 9.0	439 100 27 312 553 -242 11285 2214.3 9.0	253 -52 85 220 553 -334 10951 2212.3 9.0	242 -122 106 258 448 -190 10761 2211.2 7.5	320 -87 93 314 317 -2 10759 2211.2 5.1	159 -25 42 141 153 -12 10747 2211.1 5.1	74 -11 20 66 97 -31 10715 2210.9 7.0	85 -13 22 75 127 -52 10663 2210.6 8.0	271 -88 48 311 615 -304 10359 2208.7	205 -83 288 707 -419 9940 2206.1 11.5	275 -58 333 661 -328 9612 2204.1 11.5
POWER AVE POWER MY PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		62 186 22.5	63 186 10.5	63 187 13.5	75 187 54.1	100 188 74.6	113 190 81.6	113 188 84.4	113 186 83.7	93 184 67.3	64 184 47.5	64 184 23.0	87 184 14.6	99 183 19.0	123 181 91.3	139 177 103.7	138 175 95.9
GARRISON NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FIMSL DISCH KCFS	7299 1115 -27 513 11567 13164 -1597 13150 1819.5	270 24 43 437 476 -39 13111 1819.3 16.0	126 11 184 208 -24 13087 1819.2 15.0	162 15 237 268 -31 13056 1819.1 15.0	700 58 -11 988 952 36 13092 1819.3 16.0	903 133 -21 1240 1107 134 13226 1819.8 18.0	2020 547 -11 1998 1250 748 13974 1822.8 21.0	1277 361 32 1438 1261 177 14152 1823.4 20.5	361 64 99 751 1230 -479 13673 1821.6 20.0	277 -64 16 124 681 912 -231 13441 1820.7 15.3	390 66 25 107 559 763 -204 13237 1819.8 12.4	161 -53 48 319 369 -50 13187 1819.6	75 -25 -20 22 155 236 -81 13106 1819.3 17.0	86 -28 -11 26 205 286 -81 13025 1819.0 18.0	108 -12 -21 55 659 1230 -571 12454 1816.6 20.0	160 4 -16 847 1353 -506 11948 1814.5 22.0	223 14 870 1265 -395 11553 1812.8 22.0
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		178 324 63.9	167 324 28.0	166 324 35.9	177 324 127.7	200 326 148.6	235 334 169.4	233 336 173.1	226 331 168.3	172 328 124.0	139 326 103.3	138 325 49.8	189 324 31.7	199 323 38.2	219 316 162.9	237 310 176.1	234 305 162.5
OAHE NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS	1049 570 5 444 13205 14843 -1638 13749 1589.0 16.6	197 22 36 688 501 186 13935 1589.7 16.9	92 10 5 295 297 -2 13933 1589.7 21.4	118 13 0 373 375 -2 13930 1589.7 21.0	183 45 -5 1085 1262 -177 13754 1589.0 21.2	100 62 -10 1135 1421 -286 13468 1587.8 23.1	215 120 -15 1330 1277 53 13521 1588.0 21.5	82 138 2 29 1178 1737 -559 12962 1585.6 28.3	21 90 2 88 1075 1711 -636 12326 1582.8 27.8	64 23 24 108 869 1385 -516 11810 1580.5 23.3	5 -7 15 91 699 1047 -348 11462 1578.8 17.0	-5 2 40 322 453 -131 11331 1578.2 15.2	-2 1 -24 19 190 232 -42 11289 1578.0 16.7	-3 1 -5 21 255 189 66 11355 1578.3 11.9	-48 11 -11 47 1113 983 131 11486 1578.9 16.0	-12 15 -10 1315 997 318 11804 1580.4 16.2	41 25 1281 975 307 12111 1581.8 16.9
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	W 2039.5	197 620 71.1	251 620 42.2	246 619 53.2	248 616 178.6	269 610 199.8	249 611 179.2	325 598 241.7	315 584 234.4	260 571 187.1	188 562 140.1	167 559 60.3	183 558 30.7	131 560 25.1	176 563 130.7	179 571 133.5	189 579 131.6
BIG BEND EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	129 14714 14714 1682 1420.0 16.6	16.9	297 297 1682 1420.0 21.4	375 375 1682 1420.0 21.0	1262 1262 1682 1420.0 21.2	1421 1421 1682 1420.0 23.1	1277 1277 1682 1420.0 21.5	8 1730 1730 1682 1420.0 28.1	24 1687 1687 1682 1420.0 27.4	31 1354 1354 1682 1420.0 22.8	27 1020 1020 1682 1420.0 16.6	12 441 441 1682 1420.0 14.8	6 226 226 1682 1420.0 16.3	7 183 183 1682 1420.0 11.5	15.8	997 997 1682 1420.0 16.2	975 975 1682 1420.0 16.9
AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	850.3	80 518 28.7	100 510 16.9	98 509 21.3	99 509 71.5	108 509 80.5	100 509 72.3	132 509 97.9	128 509 95.5	108 523 77.8	538 61.3	75 538 26.9	82 538 13.8	58 538 11.2	79 538 58.8	80 538 59.3	81 529 56.6
FORT RANDA NAT INFLOW DEPLETION EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FTMSL DISCH KCFS POWER	300 80 143 14791 14792 -1 3124 1350.0	55 1 555 298 258 3382 1353.2 10.0					120 12 1385 1385 3549 1355.2 23.3	13 18 10 1715 1715 0 3549 1355.2 27.9				-3 1 11 426 711 -285 2315 1337.8 23.9				988 738 250 2750 1344.8 12.0	
AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH	1460.0	83 348 29.8	105 354 17.6	185 355 39.9	185 355 132.9	198 355 147.7	196 355 141.4	235 355 174.5	229 355 170.6	225 342 161.7	201 306 149.4	177 285 63.7	124 284 20.9	81 284 15.5	90 300 67.2	92 317 68.4	85 338 58.8
GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION REG INFLOW RELEASE STOR CHANGE STORAGE ELEV FIMSL DISCH KCFS	1200 114 -1 47 15829 15829	386 386 358 1206.0	41 0 -5 209 209 358 1206.0 15.0	52 0 -18 425 425 358 1206.0 23.8	120 5 0 1416 1416 358 1206.0 23.8	131 19 -3 1556 1556 358 1206.0 25.3	138 24 0 1500 1500 358 1206.0 25.2	76 39 -9 3 1740 1740 358 1206.0 28.3	76 10 1 9 1735 1722 13 371 1206.5 28.0	55 -5 0 11 1662 1636 26 397 1207.5 27.5	104 2 3 10 1666 1666 397 1207.5 27.1	45 5 3 5 750 750 397 1207.5 25.2	21 2 13 2 267 267 267 1207.5 19.2	24 3 11 2 206 206 397 1207.5 13.0	67 10 -2 5 800 800 397 1207.5 13.0	65 1 0 802 802 397 1207.5 13.0	98 3 710 749 -39 358 1206.0
POWER AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH		45 114 16.3	52 114 8.8	82 114 17.6	82 114 58.7	87 114 64.4	86 114 62.1	96 114 71.6	96 115 71.3	95 117 68.7	95 117 70.6	88 117 31.8	68 117 11.4	46 117 8.9	46 78 34.4	46 78 34.5	46 76 32.0
GAVINS POI NAT INFLOW DEPLETION REGULATED FL KAF KCFS	550 241	36 6 OUX CIT	17 3	22 3 443 24.8	77 20 1473 24.8	144 34 1666 27.1	106 29 1577 26.5	47 36 1751 28.5	22 33 1711 27.8	15 22 1629 27.4	14 9 1671 27.2	10 5 754 25.4	4 2 269 19.4	5 3 209 13.1	10 11 799 13.0	-5 12 785 12.8	26 13 762 13.3
TOTAL NAT INFLOW DEPLETION CHAN STOR EVAPORATION STORAGE SYSTEM POWE	42985 R	68 80	411 32 0 43617	528 41 -18 43643	1638 205 -15 43587	2096 463 -34 43520	3595 903 -25 44611	1934 692 -6 108 43987	769 160 4 338 42552	643 -139 40 419 41325	781 -16 43 358 40136	367 -65 3 159 39658	171 -30 -32 73 39485	195 -35 -4 84 39419	408 -65 -34 182 38877	407 -48 -26 38521	675 -3 3 38439
AVE POWER M PEAK POW MW ENERGY GWH DAILY GWH	W	645 2111 232.3 15.5	737 2109 123.9 17.7	840 2108 181.5 20.2	866 2106 623.6 20.8	962 2102 715.5 23.1	981 2114 706.0 23.5	1133 2102 843.3 27.2	1107 2079 823.8 26.6	954 2066 686.7 22.9	769 2034 572.4 18.5	710 2008 255.6 17.0	732 2005 123.0 17.6	614 2005 118.0 14.7	733 1976 545.3 17.6	773 1992 575.5 18.6	772 2001 537.4 18.5
	INI-SUM	15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	3 OJUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	310CT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	29FEB